

2021

ALABAMA KIDS COUNT
DATA BOOK

state and county trends
in child well-being



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in child well-being



OUR MISSION

To speak for the well-being of **Alabama's children** through research, public awareness, and advocacy.

ABOUT VOICES FOR ALABAMA'S CHILDREN AND ALABAMA KIDS COUNT

VOICES for Alabama's Children, founded in 1992, is a 501(c)(3) statewide nonpartisan organization whose mission is to speak for the well-being of Alabama's children through research, public awareness, and advocacy. *Alabama Kids Count* is a project of VOICES for Alabama's Children and the Annie E. Casey Foundation. Our annual research publication, the *Alabama Kids Count Data Book*, is the most trusted source of research on child well-being for all 67 counties in Alabama. For more than 25 years, the *Data Book* has served as both a benchmark and roadmap for how children are faring and is used to raise visibility of children's issues, identify areas of need, set priorities in child well-being and inform decision-making at the state and local levels.

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Visit our website at:
www.alavoices.org

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Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoices.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>

Additional state and county data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://alavoices.org/kids-count-geo/>



FOREWORD

Collier Tynes became VOICES for Alabama's Children's new CEO on Nov. 1, 2021. Tynes comes to VOICES with experience in the public and nonprofit sectors as the previous chief of staff to Alabama First Lady Dianne Bentley as well as chief of staff at Birmingham's first and oldest child and family services agency. Upon her appointment, Judd Harwood, the 2021 VOICES Board Chair, said "I am pleased to share the enthusiasm of our entire team in her selection. We believe Collier will be a knowledgeable, crucial voice, and leader for Alabama's children and families."



Foreword

Since beginning my tenure at VOICES for Alabama's Children, I am often asked a big question:

What are the greatest challenges for Alabama children and families during this stage of COVID-19, and what do we need to do to address them?

As a concerned provider, educator, advocate, or lawmaker, I know you are asked this question, too.

If we are being honest, it is easy to feel overwhelmed or even angered when forming our answers. We cannot unsee the families who looked to us for food, shelter, child care, internet access, Coronavirus treatment, or other critical needs. We cannot get back our sleepless nights, wondering how we could keep services safely staffed, operational, and available to children. We cannot forget how Americans were fighting more than unifying in response to this crisis. Finally, we cannot unfeel the loss of loved ones or other personal stresses endured since March 2020.

Imagine what all of this must be like for our kids.

This is why I believe in the mission of VOICES for Alabama's Children. Not because we have all the answers, but because we are committed to finding them together. The courageous legacy of our founders reminds me of this.



Collier Tynes,
VOICES for Alabama's Children
Chief Executive Officer

Almost 30 years ago, community leaders at the Alabama Power Foundation, Children's of Alabama, Junior League of Birmingham, and Alabama Chapter of the Academy of Pediatrics founded VOICES for Alabama's Children. Ahead of their time, they understood why data should drive all of our decisions, direction, policies, and priorities. After establishing the state's first multi-issue children's advocacy organization, they launched the first publication of its kind: *The Alabama Kids Count Data Book*. Since 1994, we have helped people like you do, say, pass, and fund what it takes to improve the lives of every child in every county through this book. Together, with 5,000 VOICES in the public, private, and nonprofit sectors, we have forged the state's longest track record of policy wins for children. It's amazing what happens when we all sing from the same sheet of music, with a clear scoreboard and unifying vision. Even in this time of uncertainty, it's not too late to make that happen.

In today's world full of noise, chaos, grief, and divisiveness, I'm reminded to stay true to the original purpose and mission of VOICES for Alabama's Children. We must remain unapologetically focused on facts as the foundation of our efforts, rather than the latest comment on Facebook or what is politically expedient. Our state's future depends on it.

The numbers are in, and they command our attention:

- Less than 24% of Alabama 4th graders are proficient in math. About half are proficient in reading.
- Nearly 24% of Alabama children live in poverty (ex. A household of four making \$24,750 or less).
- 1 in 5 Alabama children are food insecure.
- In the middle of youth mental health crisis, there is only 1 mental healthcare provider for every 923 Alabamians.
- Alabama ranks 47 in child wellbeing. In 2019, we ranked 44.

Fellow Alabamians, you and I both know it does not have to be this way. We have sent a man to the moon, launched world-changing movements, and looked abuses of power in the face and said, "No more." All of these efforts began with an idea once deemed impossible.

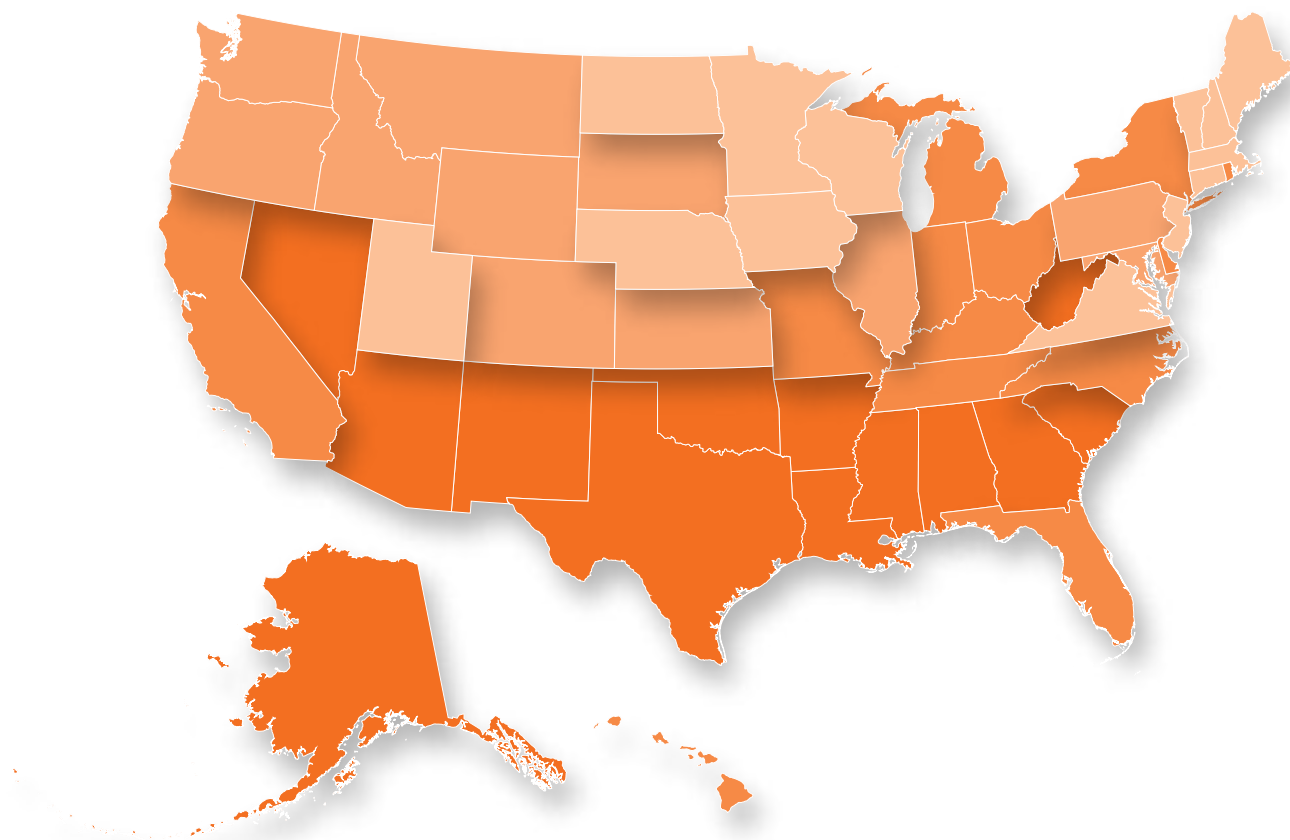
With a bold vision, unified team, and clear scoreboard, we can make these numbers change. Ask the Alabama School Readiness Alliance, who used this book to help expand the nation's leading First Class Pre-K Program. Ask the Alabama Child Care Coalition, who is using this book to help build a sustainable, high-quality child care system for Alabama's children, parents, and workforce. When we use the numbers in this book as our scoreboard, we can track our progress and do the next best thing to improve children's outcomes. It will take time. It will take hard work. It will take tough decisions. It will take commitment. It will be up to us.

Together, we can do what it takes to ensure every child is happy, healthy, and surrounded by opportunity. Let's get to work moving these numbers.

Sincerely,

Collier Tynes

A STATE-TO-STATE COMPARISON OF OVERALL CHILD WELL-BEING (2021)



RANKINGS AND KEY

1. Massachusetts	14. Washington	26. Hawaii	38. Georgia
2. New Hampshire	15. Colorado	27. New York	39. Arkansas
3. Minnesota	16. Idaho	28. Michigan	40. Arizona
4. Vermont	17. Wyoming	29. Indiana	41. South Carolina
5. Utah	18. Kansas	30. Missouri	42. Oklahoma
6. New Jersey	19. Pennsylvania	31. Ohio	43. Alaska
7. Nebraska	20. South Dakota	32. Delaware	44. West Virginia
8. Connecticut	21. Illinois	33. California	45. Nevada
9. Iowa	22. Montana	34. North Carolina	46. Texas
10. Wisconsin	23. Rhode Island	35. Florida	47. Alabama
11. Maine	24. Maryland	36. Tennessee	48. Louisiana
12. North Dakota	25. Oregon	37. Kentucky	49. New Mexico
13. Virginia			50. Mississippi

39 ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Rank

UNITED STATES

ALABAMA

CHILDREN IN POVERTY

US: 12,000,000 | AL: 228,000

22%
2010 17%
2019 BETTER

28%
2010

21%
2019

BETTER

CHILDREN WHOSE PARENTS LACK SECURE EMPLOYMENT

US: 18,833,000 | AL: 332,000

33%
2010 26%
2019 BETTER

37%
2010

31%
2019

BETTER

CHILDREN LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH A HIGH HOUSING COST BURDEN

US: 21,570,000 | AL: 256,000

41%
2010 30%
2019 BETTER

35%
2010

24%
2019

BETTER

TEENS NOT IN SCHOOL AND NOT WORKING

US: 1,115,000 | AL: 18,000

9%
2010 6%
2019 BETTER

11%
2010

7%
2019

BETTER

42 EDUCATION

Rank

UNITED STATES

ALABAMA

YOUNG CHILDREN (AGES 3 AND 4) NOT IN SCHOOL

US: 4,205,000 | AL: 68,000

52%
2009-11 52%
2017-19 SAME

56%
2009-11

56%
2017-19

SAME

FOURTH-GRADERS NOT PROFICIENT IN READING

US: N.A. | AL: N.A.

68%
2009 66%
2019 BETTER

72%
2009

72%
2019

SAME

EIGHTH-GRADERS NOT PROFICIENT IN MATH

US: N.A. | AL: N.A.

67%
2009 67%
2019 SAME

80%
2009

79%
2019

BETTER

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS NOT GRADUATING ON TIME

US: N.A. | AL: N.A.

21%
2010-11 14%
2018-19 BETTER

28%
2010-11

8%
2018-19

BETTER

47 HEALTH

Rank

UNITED STATES

ALABAMA

LOW BIRTH-WEIGHT BABIES

US: 311,245 | AL: 6,136

8.1%
2010

8.3%
2019
WORSE

10.3%
2010

10.5%
2019

WORSE

CHILDREN WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE

US: 4,375,000 | AL: 40,000

8%
2010

6%
2019
BETTER

6%
2010

3%
2019

BETTER

CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS PER 100,000

US: 19,431 | AL: 474

26
2010

25
2019
BETTER

37
2010

41
2019

WORSE

CHILDREN AND TEENS (AGES 10 TO 17) WHO ARE OVERWEIGHT OR OBESE

US: N.A. | AL: N.A.

31%
2016-17

31%
2018-19
SAME

34%
2016-17

34%
2018-19

SAME

45 FAMILY AND COMMUNITY

Rank

UNITED STATES

ALABAMA

CHILDREN IN SINGLE-PARENT FAMILIES

US: 23,756,000 | AL: 396,000

34%
2010

34%
2019
SAME

40%
2010

40%
2019

SAME

CHILDREN IN FAMILIES WHERE THE HOUSEHOLD HEAD LACKS A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA

US: 8,907,000 | AL: 123,000

15%
2010

12%
2019
BETTER

16%
2010

11%
2019

BETTER

CHILDREN LIVING IN HIGH-POVERTY AREAS

US: 6,712,000 | AL: 130,000

13%
2008-12

9%
2015-19
BETTER

15%
2008-12

12%
2015-19

BETTER

TEEN BIRTHS PER 1,000

US: 171,674 | AL: 3,955

34
2010

17
2019
BETTER

44
2010

26
2019

BETTER



METHODOLOGY

NATIONAL KIDS COUNT® METHODOLOGY

DOMAIN RANK for each state was determined in the following manner. First, the Foundation converted the state numerical values for the most recent year for each of the four key indicators within every domain into standard scores. It summed those standard scores in each domain to get a total standard score for each state. Finally, Casey ranked the states based on their total standard score by domain in sequential order from highest/best (1) to lowest/worst (50). Standard scores were derived by subtracting the mean score from the observed score and dividing the amount by the standard deviation for that distribution of scores. All measures were given the same weight in calculating the domain standard score.

OVERALL RANK for each state was calculated in the following manner. First, Casey converted the state numerical values for the most recent year for all 16 key indicators into standard scores. It summed those standard scores within their domains to create a domain standard score for each state. The Foundation then summed the four domain standard scores to get a total standard score for every state. Finally, it ranked the states based on their total standard score in sequential order from highest/best (1) to lowest/worst (50). Standard scores were derived by subtracting the mean score from the observed score and dividing the amount by the standard deviation for that distribution of scores. All measures were given the same weight in calculating the total standard score.

PERCENTAGE CHANGE OVER TIME ANALYSIS was computed by comparing the most recent year's data for the 16 key indicators with the data for the base year. To calculate percentage change, the Foundation subtracted the rate for the most recent year from the rate for the base year and then divided that quantity by the rate for the base year. The results are multiplied by 100 for readability. The percentage change was calculated on rounded data, and the percentage-change figure has been rounded to the nearest whole number.



National KIDS COUNT®

Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING INDICATORS

CHILDREN IN POVERTY is the percentage of children under age 18 who live in families with incomes below 100% of the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined each year by the U.S. Census Bureau. In 2019, a family of two adults and two children lived in poverty if their annual income fell below \$25,926. Poverty status is not determined for people living in group quarters (such as military barracks, prisons and other institutional quarters) or for unrelated individuals under age 15 (such as children in foster care). The data are based on income received in the 12 months prior to the survey.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

CHILDREN WHOSE PARENTS LACK SECURE EMPLOYMENT

is the share of all children under age 18 living in families where no parent has regular, full-time, year-round employment. For children living in single-parent families, this means the resident parent did not work at least 35 hours per week for at least 50 weeks in the 12 months prior to the survey. For children living in married-couple families, this means neither parent worked at least 35 hours per week for at least 50 weeks in the 12 months before the survey. Children living with neither parent are also listed as not having secure parental employment because they are likely to be economically vulnerable.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

CHILDREN LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH A HIGH HOUSING COST BURDEN is the percentage of children under age 18 who live in households where more than 30% of monthly household pretax income is spent on housing-related expenses, including rent, mortgage payments, taxes and insurance.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

TEENS NOT IN SCHOOL AND NOT WORKING is the percentage of teenagers between ages 16 and 19 who are not enrolled in school (full or part time) and not employed (full or part time).

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

EDUCATION INDICATORS

YOUNG CHILDREN NOT IN SCHOOL is the percentage of children ages 3 and 4 who were not enrolled in school (e.g., nursery school, preschool or kindergarten) during the previous three months. Due to small sample size, these data are based on a pooled three-year average of one-year American Community Survey responses to increase the accuracy of the estimates.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

FOURTH-GRADERS NOT PROFICIENT IN READING is the percentage of fourth-grade public school students who did not reach the proficient level in reading as measured by the National Assessment of Educational Progress. For this indicator, public

schools include charter schools and exclude Bureau of Indian Education and Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress.

EIGHTH-GRADERS NOT PROFICIENT IN MATH is the percentage of eighth-grade public school students who did not reach the proficient level in math as measured by the National Assessment of Educational Progress. For this indicator, public schools include charter schools and exclude Bureau of Indian Education and Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS NOT GRADUATING ON TIME is the percentage of an entering freshman class not graduating in four years. The measure is derived from the adjusted cohort graduation rate (ACGR). The four-year ACGR is the number of students who graduate in four years with a regular high school diploma divided by the number of students who form the adjusted cohort for the graduating class. Students entering ninth grade for the first time form a cohort that is adjusted by adding any students who subsequently transfer into the cohort and subtracting any students who subsequently transfer out.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data.

HEALTH INDICATORS

LOW BIRTH-WEIGHT BABIES

is the percentage of live births weighing less than 5.5 pounds (2,500 grams). The data reflect the mother's place of residence, not the place where the birth occurred.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics.

CHILDREN WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE

is the percentage of children under age 19 not covered by any health insurance. The data are based on health insurance coverage at the time of the survey; interviews are conducted throughout the calendar year.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS PER 100,000

is the number of deaths, from all causes, to children between ages 1 and 19 per 100,000 children in this age range. The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place where the death occurred.

SOURCES: Death Statistics: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics. Population Statistics: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates.

CHILDREN AND TEENS WHO ARE OVERWEIGHT OR OBESE

is the percentage of children and teens ages 10 to 17 with a Body Mass Index (BMI)-for-age at or above the 85th percentile. These data are based on a two-year average of survey responses.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Maternal and Child Health Bureau, National Survey of Children's Health.

FAMILY AND COMMUNITY INDICATORS

CHILDREN IN SINGLE-PARENT FAMILIES

is the percentage of children under age 18 who live with their own unmarried parents. Children not living with a parent are excluded. In this definition, single-parent families include cohabiting couples. Children living with married stepparents are not considered to be in a single-parent family.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

CHILDREN IN FAMILIES WHERE THE HOUSEHOLD HEAD LACKS A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA

is the percentage of children under age 18 living in households where the household head does not have a high school diploma or equivalent.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

CHILDREN LIVING IN HIGH-POVERTY AREAS

is the percentage of children under age 18 who live in census tracts where the poverty rates of the total population are 30% or more. In 2019, a family of two adults and two children lived in poverty if their annual income fell below \$25,926. The data are based on income received in the 12 months prior to the survey. The census tract data used in this analysis are only available in the five-year American Community Survey.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

TEEN BIRTHS PER 1,000

is the number of births to teenagers between ages 15 and 19 per 1,000 females in this age group. Data reflect the mother's place of residence, rather than the place of the birth.

SOURCES: Birth Statistics: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics. Population Statistics: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates.



SNAPSHOT OF ALABAMA'S CHILD WELL-BEING

This Snapshot of Alabama's child well-being gives a balanced overall picture of the state.

With 9 indicators from Low Birth Weight to Reading Proficiency to Children in Poverty, the Snapshot is a strong benchmark to examine child well-being.



HEALTH

EDUCATION

SAFETY

ECONOMIC SECURITY

The 9 indicators in the Child Snapshot were used to determine the overall county rankings due to their high correlation to each other and are considered to be among the strongest indicators available for measuring child well-being.



PLEASE NOTE: Data for 4th Grade Reading is not available for the 2019-2020 school year, therefore we are using more current data for the 2020-2021 school year. The assessment tool used in 2020-2021 is the ACAP Summative Assessment and not the Scantron which was used in earlier years. Due to this change, this year's overall rankings should not be compared to previous year's overall rankings.



LOW BIRTH WEIGHT
(2019)

10.5%

6,153

BABIES



BIRTHS TO TEENS
AGED 15-17 PER 1,000
(2019)

9.9

925

BIRTHS



CHILDREN PARTICIPATING
IN FIRST CLASS PRE-K
(2020-2021)

31.6%

18,906

CHILDREN



ACAP-FOURTH GRADE
READING (2020-2021)

51.9%

27,923

CHILDREN



TEENS NOT IN SCHOOL
AND NOT WORKING
(2015-2019)

7.8%

20,171

TEENS



CHILDREN IN POVERTY
(2015-2019)

23.9%

258,068

CHILDREN



MEDICAID PAID BIRTHS
(2019)

49.7%

29,134

CHILDREN



CHILD FOOD INSECURITY
(2019)

20.8%

226,310

CHILDREN



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
(2020)

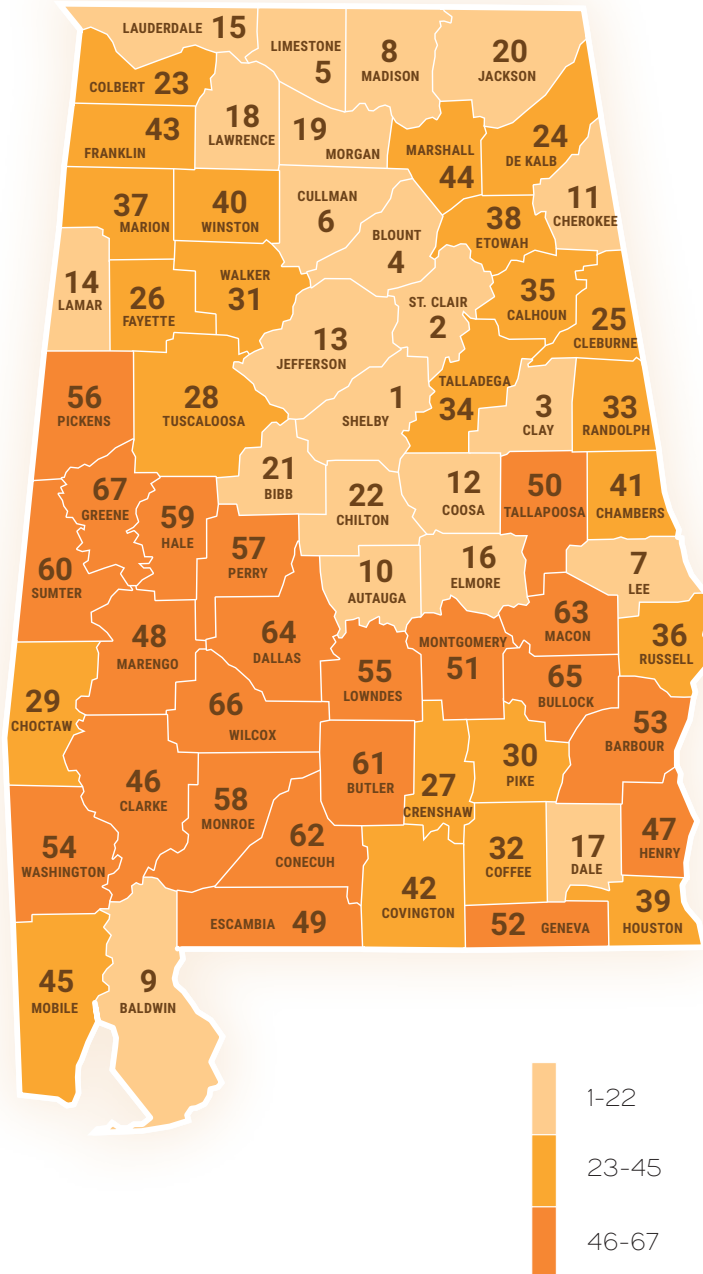
5.9%

131,065

UNEMPLOYED

2021 Overall County Rankings

Overall county rankings are based on a scale containing nine indicators (**see page 12**). Due to a change in the assessment tool used for 4th Grade Reading, this year's overall rankings should not be compared with previous year's overall rankings which used the Scantron assessment tool.



OVERALL COUNTY RANKINGS: 2021

1	Shelby	35	Calhoun
2	Saint Clair	36	Russell
3	Clay	37	Marion
4	Blount	38	Etowah
5	Limestone	39	Houston
6	Cullman	40	Winston
7	Lee	41	Chambers
8	Madison	42	Covington
9	Baldwin	43	Franklin
10	Autauga	44	Marshall
11	Cherokee	45	Mobile
12	Coosa	46	Clarke
13	Jefferson	47	Henry
14	Lamar	48	Marengo
15	Lauderdale	49	Escambia
16	Elmore	50	Tallapoosa
17	Dale	51	Montgomery
18	Lawrence	52	Geneva
19	Morgan	53	Barbour
20	Jackson	54	Washington
21	Bibb	55	Lowndes
22	Chilton	56	Pickens
23	Colbert	57	Perry
24	De Kalb	58	Monroe
25	Cleburne	59	Hale
26	Fayette	60	Sumter
27	Crenshaw	61	Butler
28	Tuscaloosa	62	Conecuh
29	Choctaw	63	Macon
30	Pike	64	Dallas
31	Walker	65	Bullock
32	Coffee	66	Wilcox
33	Randolph	67	Greene
34	Talladega		

*For more information on the Methodology, see page 79.



Exploring the Data... How to Use This Book

DEFINITIONS

Data reported in the *2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book* are organized into four areas of child well-being: Health, Education, Safety and Economic Security.

The *Data Book* presents basic indicators of child well-being, including percentages and rates for the base and current years. Complete county and state data profile reports are available online at http://www.alavoices.org/alabama_kids_count.

BASE AND CURRENT YEARS

To reflect how each indicator has changed over time, most indicators include a base year and the most recent available year. Due to delays in data collection and reporting, base and current year data may vary for different indicators.

The *Alabama Kids Count Data Book* uses the most current data available at the time of preparation for publication. Where possible, VOICES for Alabama's Children uses a minimum 10-year time span between base year and current year data.

TREND ANALYSIS

For a number of indicators, VOICES for Alabama's Children indicates whether the measure shows improvement over time (I) or is worsening over time (W). Trends are indicated only when they are statistically significant, typically over a 10-year period. Trend data are not reported for all indicators due to the lack of sufficient data or other considerations.

COUNTY RANKS AND RANKINGS

For many of the individual indicators, rankings are provided for all of Alabama's 67 counties. A rank of "1" indicates the best performance on a given indicator, and a rank of "67" indicates the worst.

Numbers, rates and percentages for most indicators are presented for a single year.

COMPOSITE COUNTY RANKINGS

Overall county rankings are shown **on page 13**. The county ranking for each year is based on a group of indicators that are highly correlated and meet other selected criteria. The overall county rankings are not based on a composite of all indicators that are reported for a particular county.

The indicators used to determine the overall county rank are: low-weight births, births to teens aged 15-17, children in poverty, fourth grade students scoring at Levels 3 and 4 in reading on the ACT ACAP test, children participating in first class Pre-K, teens not attending school and not working, child food insecurity, Medicaid paid births and the unemployment rate. Because the indicators that reflect overall child well-being may vary from year-to-year, comparisons between one year's overall ranking and that of a previous year should be made only with caution.

VOICES for Alabama's Children encourages users to focus on individual indicators to identify areas of child well-being in each county that need the greatest attention and to track positive changes made in areas where programs have been implemented to promote improvement.

See page 79 of this book for information on the methodology used to determine the county rankings.

NUMBERS, PERCENTAGES AND RATES

Although it is important to know the number of events occurring within a specific location, numbers alone are not enough to make meaningful comparisons due to major differences between counties. "Raw numbers" represent the number of cases reported that have not been "processed" or converted into percentages or rates. Raw numbers are converted into percentages and rates to make comparisons more meaningful (or to "standardize" them) from one county (or group) to another.

To compute percentages and rates, we divide the raw numbers for a selected indicator by a given "base". Depending on our indicator, the base could be the total female population aged 15-17 as in "percent of total births to teens aged 15-17," first-grade enrollment for the "first grade retention rate," the number of children aged 1-14 for the "child death rate" and so on. We then multiply the result by 100, 1,000, or 100,000 to avoid working with numbers that are often exceedingly

small. When we multiply by 100, we generally call the result a “percent,” although the term “rate” is sometimes used as well. When we multiply by 1,000 or 100,000, we label the result a “rate.”

A “percent” is really a “rate,” in that it represents the number of cases reported to us per 100 units of the base we have used.

LIST OF INDICATORS FOR THE 2021 DATA BOOK

DEMOGRAPHICS

- Child Population (Under 20)
- Child Population by Age Range
- Children as a Percentage of County Population
- Diversity of Alabama’s Child Population
- Pre-School Aged Children (Age 3)
- Pre-School Aged Children (Age 4)
- Total Population

HEALTH

- Adult Diabetes
- Adult Obesity
- Births to Females, Aged 10-19
- Births to Teens, Aged 15-17
- Births to Unmarried Females, Aged 10-19
- Children with SED Receiving MH Services
- Children Without Health Insurance
- Diet-Related Deaths
- Females Receiving Adequate/ Adequate-Plus Prenatal Care
- Infant Mortality, All Races
- Low Birth Weight, All Races
- Mothers Who Breastfed
- Mothers Who Smoked
- Poor Mental Health Days
- Pre-term Births to All Mothers
- Ratio of Mental Health Providers to Population

SAFETY

- Child Death Rate
- Children Adopted
- Children in Foster Care
- Children in Protective Services
- Children with an Indication of Abuse or Neglect
- Independent Living Program (ILP) Ages 14 and Older
- Juvenile Violent Crime Court Petition Rate
- Preventable Teen Death Rate
- Teens Not Attending School/Not Working
- Youth Incarcerations Before and After Juvenile Justice Act

ECONOMIC SECURITY

- Child Care Subsidies
- Children in Extreme Poverty
- Children in Poverty
- Children in Poverty, by Age Range
- Children under 18 in Single-Parent Families
- Employed Mothers with Young Children
- Food Insecurity, All Ages
- Food Insecurity, Children Under 18
- Median Household Income
- Medicaid Paid Births
- Persons in Poverty
- SNAP Eligible, Ages 0-20
- SNAP Eligible, All Ages
- SNAP Recipients
- Unemployment Rate
- Vulnerable Families
- WIC Average Monthly Case Load

EDUCATION

- Age 0-3 Receiving Early Intervention Services
- ACAP Eighth Grade Math
- ACAP Eighth Grade Reading
- ACAP Fourth Grade Math
- ACAP Fourth Grade Reading
- Average 11th Grade ACT Scores
- Births to Females with Less Than 12 Years of Education
- Child Care Centers Capacity

- Child Care Facilities
- Children Participating in First Class Pre-K
- Chronic Absenteeism (10-17 Days)
- Chronic Absenteeism (18+Days)
- College and Career Ready Index
- Direct Certification
- Early Head Start and Head Start Classrooms
- English Language Learners
- Expulsions by Gender
- First Class Pre-K Classrooms by Type of Delivery
- First Grade Retention
- Graduation Rate
- High School Dropout Rate
- Homeless Students
- Ninth Grade Retention
- Per Pupil Expenditures
- Suspension by Gender
- Suspension by Race/Ethnicity
- Teachers Teaching Out of Field

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoces.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoces.org/kids-count-geo/>.



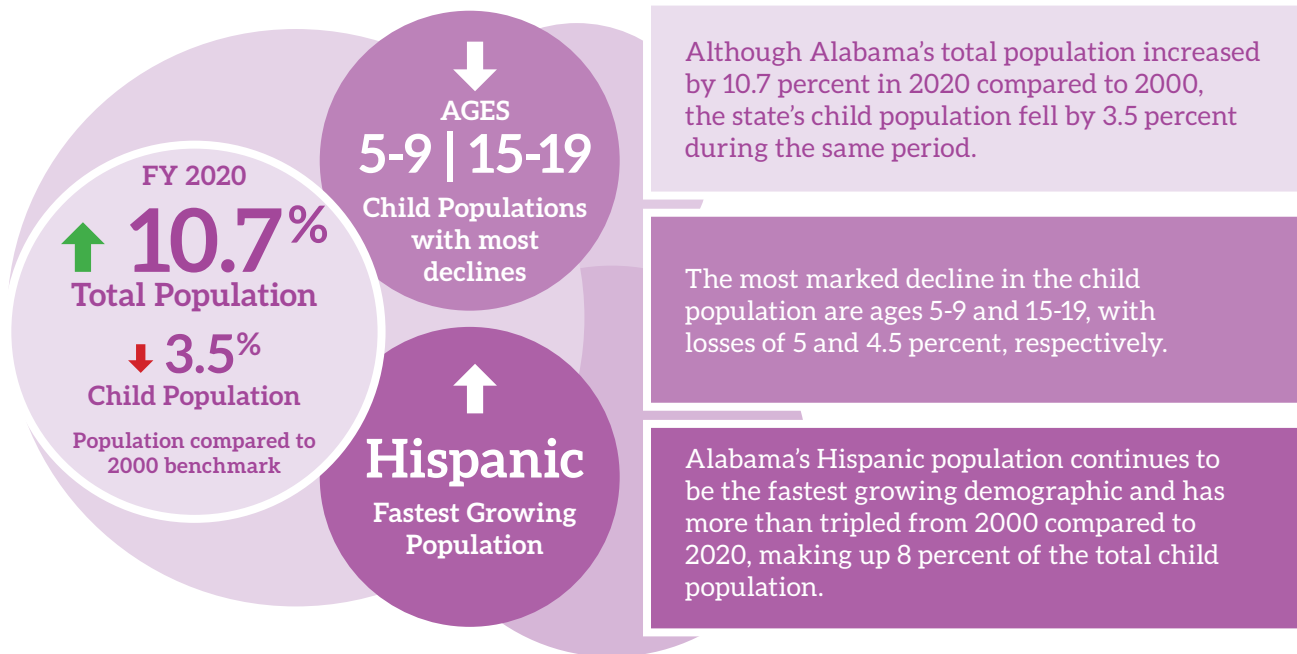
DEMOGRAPHICS

Understanding the population and unique demographics of a county, region, and state, is fundamental to preventing and resolving the issues in your area. Demographics at the local and statewide levels help determine what programs or funding levels are needed to support a community and the unique needs of children and families therein. Further, shifts in populations are key indicators for continued community success or future challenges.



Demographics

KEY POINTS



FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION

Alabama's overall population is growing; however, the state's child population is shrinking. Children under the age of 20 now make up less than a fourth of the state's overall population. The downward trend is consistent with the rest of the country. The total U.S. child population has shrunk by nearly one million children over the last decade. Despite our declining population totals, our state and nation's child population is becoming increasingly more diverse. Today, children of color make up more than 40 percent of Alabama's child population.

Are population shifts occurring because families are moving or because of new births and deaths within its existing population? Are couples who are child-rearing age having fewer babies, and if so, why? How will this impact "pay now, enjoy later" programs such as Social Security?

Are your community's infrastructure needs (e.g., roads, bridges, schools, hospitals, broadband, and housing) keeping up with population changes and preferences? Does your community have the financial resources needed to improve existing conditions and meet the needs of the current and projected population?

How does your community's shifting population affect your community's economic, ethnic, and racial makeup? Do you have the right programs and social services in place to meet community health, education, economic, and safety needs?

By looking at your region's demographics trends, who is your workforce of tomorrow? Do the changes in your community's population predict workforce development challenges? I.e., is your community able to fill existing workforce needs, and do you have a plan to replace retiring workers?



Demographics

ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

CHILDREN AS PERCENTAGE OF
STATE POPULATION, BY AGE RANGE: 2020



CHILDREN (UNDER AGE 5)

2000	23.6%
2020	24.1%



CHILDREN (AGES 5-9)

2000	25.1%
2020	24.7%



CHILDREN (AGES 10-14)

2000	25.5%
2020	25.6%



CHILDREN (AGES 15-19)

2000	25.8%
2020	25.6%

DIVERSITY OF ALABAMA'S
CHILD POPULATION: 2000-2020

White



American Indian/
Alaska Native



African American



More than
One Race



Asian/Pacific
Islander



Hispanic





	Total Population		Child Population (Under 20)		Children as a Percentage of County Population		Pre-School Aged Children (Age 3)		Pre-School Aged Children (Age 4)	
	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020	2000	2020
	NUMBER		NUMBER		PERCENT		NUMBER		NUMBER	
Autauga	43,671	56,145	13,641	14,276	31.2%	25.4%	621	685	609	683
Baldwin	140,415	229,287	37,714	53,207	26.9%	23.2%	1,753	2,438	1,806	2,546
Barbour	29,038	24,589	8,146	5,561	28.1%	22.6%	343	298	365	256
Bibb	20,826	22,136	5,840	4,844	28.0%	21.9%	265	246	296	260
Blount	51,024	57,879	14,205	14,439	27.8%	24.9%	745	719	711	709
Bullock	11,714	9,976	3,380	2,268	28.9%	22.7%	153	128	146	117
Butler	21,399	19,504	6,398	4,703	29.9%	24.1%	274	216	293	212
Calhoun	112,249	113,469	29,985	27,539	26.7%	24.3%	1,465	1,320	1,325	1,276
Chambers	36,583	32,865	9,989	7,397	27.3%	22.5%	481	356	525	360
Cherokee	23,988	26,294	5,867	5,354	24.5%	20.4%	268	251	293	252
Chilton	39,593	44,397	11,178	11,501	28.2%	25.9%	557	543	572	520
Choctaw	15,922	12,418	4,541	2,708	28.5%	21.8%	213	128	271	142
Clarke	27,867	23,291	8,626	5,490	31.0%	23.6%	425	256	427	261
Clay	14,254	13,112	3,754	2,924	26.3%	22.3%	170	134	169	150
Cleburne	14,123	14,967	3,812	3,717	27.0%	24.8%	175	188	157	199
Coffee	43,615	53,230	11,964	13,589	27.4%	25.5%	544	629	523	584
Colbert	54,984	55,411	14,466	12,665	26.3%	22.9%	673	606	659	673
Conecuh	14,089	11,851	4,014	2,656	28.5%	22.4%	183	131	191	126
Coosa	12,202	10,650	3,222	1,904	26.4%	17.9%	157	102	154	98
Covington	37,631	36,930	9,849	8,761	26.2%	23.7%	455	455	460	447
Crenshaw	13,665	13,681	3,712	3,379	27.2%	24.7%	158	150	175	154
Cullman	77,483	84,515	20,899	20,535	27.0%	24.3%	972	1,019	1,023	971
Dale	49,129	48,959	14,513	12,229	29.5%	25.0%	759	649	699	605
Dallas	46,365	36,098	14,794	9,300	31.9%	25.8%	683	423	664	406
De Kalb	64,452	71,658	17,663	18,787	27.4%	26.2%	842	900	896	844
Elmore	65,874	82,158	18,596	19,878	28.2%	24.2%	873	899	861	1,003
Escambia	38,440	36,281	10,416	8,832	27.1%	24.3%	481	471	499	470
Etowah	103,459	102,371	27,389	24,101	26.5%	23.5%	1,280	1,283	1,342	1,147
Fayette	18,495	16,241	4,924	3,759	26.6%	23.1%	240	176	234	178
Franklin	31,223	31,507	8,497	8,506	27.2%	27.0%	387	412	405	442
Geneva	25,764	26,411	6,806	6,271	26.4%	23.7%	275	316	275	291
Greene	9,974	7,990	3,250	1,894	32.6%	23.7%	166	81	154	85
Hale	17,185	14,670	5,620	3,701	32.7%	25.2%	276	178	283	200
Henry	16,310	17,223	4,370	3,851	26.8%	22.4%	214	188	204	173
Houston	88,787	106,580	25,151	26,590	28.3%	24.9%	1,227	1,371	1,199	1,391
Jackson	53,926	51,582	14,372	11,629	26.7%	22.5%	714	569	678	564
Jefferson	662,047	655,342	182,231	164,916	27.5%	25.2%	8,434	8,258	8,735	8,121
Lamar	15,904	13,764	4,192	3,225	26.4%	23.4%	196	163	185	177
Lauderdale	87,966	93,368	22,958	21,069	26.1%	22.6%	1,047	1,040	1,035	915
Lawrence	34,803	32,857	9,855	7,729	28.3%	23.5%	408	384	470	356
Lee	115,092	166,831	34,220	42,427	29.7%	25.4%	1,432	1,909	1,471	1,870
Limestone	65,676	102,228	17,926	24,675	27.3%	24.1%	871	1,175	879	1,102
Lowndes	13,473	9,641	4,504	2,323	33.4%	24.1%	218	124	189	121
Macon	24,105	17,895	7,518	4,111	31.2%	23.0%	330	179	331	172
Madison	276,700	379,453	79,138	91,647	28.6%	24.2%	3,793	4,515	3,815	4,366
Marengo	22,539	18,733	7,034	4,570	31.2%	24.4%	304	213	335	223
Marion	31,214	29,703	7,843	6,722	25.1%	22.6%	395	331	367	309
Marshall	82,231	96,990	22,536	26,535	27.4%	27.4%	1,087	1,442	1,156	1,443
Mobile	399,843	412,716	121,942	105,590	30.5%	25.6%	5,835	5,517	5,802	5,302
Monroe	24,324	20,459	7,595	4,680	31.2%	22.9%	373	205	346	205
Montgomery	223,510	224,639	65,342	58,630	29.2%	26.1%	3,062	3,026	3,116	2,982
Morgan	111,064	119,883	30,927	29,955	27.8%	25.0%	1,415	1,435	1,485	1,485
Perry	11,861	8,687	4,038	2,261	34.0%	26.0%	173	83	197	94
Pickens	20,949	19,793	6,312	4,256	30.1%	21.5%	288	200	285	207
Pike	29,605	32,966	8,630	7,987	29.2%	24.2%	361	351	405	322
Randolph	22,380	22,920	6,291	5,365	28.1%	23.4%	303	264	280	262
Russell	49,756	58,237	14,514	15,139	29.2%	26.0%	664	797	744	775
St. Clair	64,742	90,739	17,930	21,985	27.7%	24.2%	851	1,056	857	982
Shelby	143,293	221,428	41,064	55,930	28.7%	25.3%	2,108	2,457	2,144	2,490
Sumter	14,798	12,225	4,828	2,881	32.6%	23.6%	213	151	236	128
Talladega	80,321	79,985	22,320	18,469	27.8%	23.1%	1,036	861	1,012	877
Tallapoosa	41,475	40,133	11,021	8,896	26.6%	22.2%	504	428	558	399
Tuscaloosa	164,875	210,758	46,693	54,207	28.3%	25.7%	2,131	2,483	2,142	2,368
Walker	70,713	63,143	18,493	15,234	26.2%	24.1%	931	801	934	768
Washington	18,097	15,976	5,736	3,742	31.7%	23.4%	237	186	288	191
Wilcox	13,183	10,206	4,468	2,588	33.9%	25.4%	218	132	240	144
Winston	24,843	23,508	6,507	5,172	26.2%	22.0%	303	257	323	254
ALABAMA	4,447,100	4,921,532	1,256,169	1,211,661	28.2%	24.6%	58,988	59,339	59,905	58,205



Under Age 5

	2000		2020	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Autauga	3,023	22.2%	3,370	23.6%
Baldwin	8,621	22.9%	12,092	22.7%
Barbour	1,788	21.9%	1,316	23.7%
Bibb	1,449	24.8%	1,223	25.2%
Blount	3,528	24.8%	3,437	23.8%
Bullock	737	21.8%	566	25.0%
Butler	1,358	21.2%	1,097	23.3%
Calhoun	6,926	23.1%	6,468	23.5%
Chambers	2,430	24.3%	1,780	24.1%
Cherokee	1,433	24.4%	1,214	22.7%
Chilton	2,734	24.5%	2,724	23.7%
Choctaw	1,103	24.3%	648	23.9%
Clarke	2,080	24.1%	1,285	23.4%
Clay	877	23.4%	721	24.7%
Cleburne	867	22.7%	927	24.9%
Coffee	2,718	22.7%	3,207	23.6%
Colbert	3,358	23.2%	3,171	25.0%
Conecuh	875	21.8%	602	22.7%
Coosa	759	23.6%	456	23.9%
Covington	2,223	22.6%	2,114	24.1%
Crenshaw	803	21.6%	756	22.4%
Cullman	4,943	23.7%	5,028	24.5%
Dale	3,686	25.4%	3,235	26.5%
Dallas	3,415	23.1%	2,111	22.7%
De Kalb	4,379	24.8%	4,277	22.8%
Elmore	4,370	23.5%	4,625	23.3%
Escambia	2,390	22.9%	2,218	25.1%
Etowah	6,611	24.1%	5,944	24.7%
Fayette	1,113	22.6%	901	24.0%
Franklin	1,983	23.3%	2,207	25.9%
Geneva	1,437	21.1%	1,449	23.1%
Greene	770	23.7%	436	23.0%
Hale	1,408	25.1%	952	25.7%
Henry	1,019	23.3%	853	22.2%
Houston	6,037	24.0%	6,707	25.2%
Jackson	3,387	23.6%	2,811	24.2%
Jefferson	43,281	23.8%	41,467	25.1%
Lamar	926	22.1%	810	25.1%
Lauderdale	5,217	22.7%	4,798	22.8%
Lawrence	2,201	22.3%	1,779	23.0%
Lee	7,195	21.0%	9,352	22.0%
Limestone	4,349	24.3%	5,587	22.6%
Lowndes	1,004	22.3%	591	25.4%
Macon	1,565	20.8%	888	21.6%
Madison	18,800	23.8%	22,074	24.1%
Marengo	1,524	21.7%	1,101	24.1%
Marion	1,876	23.9%	1,579	23.5%
Marshall	5,503	24.4%	6,889	26.0%
Mobile	29,334	24.1%	26,945	25.5%
Monroe	1,827	24.1%	1,011	21.6%
Montgomery	15,472	23.7%	15,187	25.9%
Morgan	7,317	23.7%	7,281	24.3%
Perry	903	22.4%	460	20.3%
Pickens	1,421	22.5%	1,044	24.5%
Pike	1,923	22.3%	1,765	22.1%
Randolph	1,480	23.5%	1,249	23.3%
Russell	3,515	24.2%	3,963	26.2%
St. Clair	4,252	23.7%	5,133	23.3%
Shelby	10,718	26.1%	12,005	21.5%
Sumter	1,066	22.1%	701	24.3%
Talladega	5,091	22.8%	4,321	23.4%
Tallapoosa	2,562	23.2%	2,057	23.1%
Tuscaloosa	10,592	22.7%	12,305	22.7%
Walker	4,520	24.4%	3,843	25.2%
Washington	1,308	22.8%	914	24.4%
Wilcox	1,067	23.9%	644	24.9%
Winston	1,545	23.7%	1,249	24.1%
ALABAMA	295,992	23.6%	291,920	24.1%

Ages 5-9

2000		2020	
NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
3,618	26.5%	3,488	24.4%
9,486	25.2%	13,409	25.2%
2,053	25.2%	1,328	23.9%
1,530	26.2%	1,193	24.6%
3,633	25.6%	3,590	24.9%
877	25.9%	584	25.7%
1,539	24.1%	1,188	25.3%
7,410	24.7%	6,550	23.8%
2,604	26.1%	1,919	25.9%
1,516	25.8%	1,303	24.3%
2,838	25.4%	2,882	25.1%
1,074	23.7%	659	24.3%
2,193	25.4%	1,338	24.4%
921	24.5%	724	24.8%
997	26.2%	940	25.3%
2,947	24.6%	3,481	25.6%
3,728	25.8%	3,174	25.1%
1,073	26.7%	721	27.1%
797	24.7%	480	25.2%
2,462	25.0%	2,278	26.0%
971	26.2%	876	25.9%
5,166	24.7%	5,268	25.7%
3,694	25.5%	3,152	25.8%
3,579	24.2%	2,239	24.1%
4,588	26.0%	4,581	24.4%
4,801	25.8%	4,983	25.1%
2,662	25.6%	2,187	24.8%
6,705	24.5%	5,886	24.4%
1,201	24.4%	948	25.2%
2,180	25.7%	2,122	24.9%
1,668	24.5%	1,539	24.5%
830	25.5%	497	26.2%
1,376	24.5%	968	26.2%
1,065	24.4%	979	25.4%
6,313	25.1%	6,485	24.4%
3,644	25.4%	2,781	23.9%
45,809	25.1%	41,617	25.2%
1,017	24.3%	770	23.9%
5,617	24.5%	4,916	23.3%
2,556	25.9%	1,939	25.1%
7,655	22.4%	9,652	22.7%
4,638	25.9%	6,187	25.1%
1,047	23.2%	590	25.4%
1,714	22.8%	843	20.5%
20,194	25.5%	22,598	24.7%
1,852	26.3%	1,121	24.5%
1,903	24.3%	1,688	25.1%
5,868	26.0%	6,604	24.9%
31,175	25.6%	26,368	25.0%
1,921	25.3%	1,143	24.4%
16,315	25.0%	14,667	25.0%
7,992	25.8%	7,337	24.5%
982	24.3%	477	21.1%
1,563	24.8%	1,004	23.6%
1,936	22.4%	1,783	22.3%
1,627	25.9%	1,358	25.3%
3,777	26.0%	4,013	26.5%
4,558	25.4%	5,617	25.5%
10,616	25.9%	13,885	24.8%
1,233	25.5%	657	22.8%
5,524	24.7%	4,361	23.6%
2,859	25.9%	2,360	26.5%
10,853	23.2%	12,396	22.9%
4,556	24.6%	3,958	26.0%
1,499	26.1%	892	23.8%
1,100	24.6%	642	24.8%
1,650	25.4%	1,241	24.0%
315,345	25.1%	299,404	24.7%



Ages 10-14

	2000		2020	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Autauga	3,738	27.4%	3,816	26.7%
Baldwin	10,144	26.9%	14,271	26.8%
Barbour	2,156	26.5%	1,531	27.5%
Bibb	1,454	24.9%	1,223	25.2%
Blount	3,662	25.8%	3,810	26.4%
Bullock	875	25.9%	609	26.9%
Butler	1,699	26.6%	1,287	27.4%
Calhoun	7,469	24.9%	7,042	25.6%
Chambers	2,475	24.8%	1,924	26.0%
Cherokee	1,502	25.6%	1,447	27.0%
Chilton	2,896	25.9%	3,073	26.7%
Choctaw	1,203	26.5%	683	25.2%
Clarke	2,191	25.4%	1,403	25.6%
Clay	979	26.1%	784	26.8%
Cleburne	982	25.8%	964	25.9%
Coffee	3,184	26.6%	3,644	26.8%
Colbert	3,735	25.8%	3,354	26.5%
Conecuh	1,044	26.0%	692	26.1%
Coosa	845	26.2%	482	25.3%
Covington	2,593	26.3%	2,242	25.6%
Crenshaw	985	26.5%	904	26.8%
Cullman	5,343	25.6%	5,268	25.7%
Dale	3,513	24.2%	2,997	24.5%
Dallas	3,836	25.9%	2,559	27.5%
De Kalb	4,269	24.2%	5,183	27.6%
Elmore	4,882	26.3%	5,223	26.3%
Escambia	2,614	25.1%	2,327	26.3%
Etowah	6,930	25.3%	6,223	25.8%
Fayette	1,260	25.6%	974	25.9%
Franklin	2,156	25.4%	2,162	25.4%
Geneva	1,928	28.3%	1,676	26.7%
Greene	777	23.9%	504	26.6%
Hale	1,453	25.9%	940	25.4%
Henry	1,106	25.3%	1,006	26.1%
Houston	6,661	26.5%	6,944	26.1%
Jackson	3,655	25.4%	3,039	26.1%
Jefferson	47,066	25.8%	41,727	25.3%
Lamar	1,101	26.3%	858	26.6%
Lauderdale	5,910	25.7%	5,266	25.0%
Lawrence	2,628	26.7%	2,121	27.4%
Lee	7,603	22.2%	10,035	23.7%
Limestone	4,628	25.8%	6,675	27.1%
Lowndes	1,270	28.2%	617	26.6%
Macon	1,801	24.0%	865	21.0%
Madison	20,298	25.6%	23,196	25.3%
Marengo	1,902	27.0%	1,220	26.7%
Marion	2,060	26.3%	1,756	26.1%
Marshall	5,599	24.8%	6,745	25.4%
Mobile	30,929	25.4%	26,743	25.3%
Monroe	1,905	25.1%	1,258	26.9%
Montgomery	16,298	24.9%	14,414	24.6%
Morgan	8,119	26.3%	7,961	26.6%
Perry	988	24.5%	506	22.4%
Pickens	1,660	26.3%	1,067	25.1%
Pike	2,090	24.2%	1,708	21.4%
Randolph	1,568	24.9%	1,366	25.5%
Russell	3,691	25.4%	3,803	25.1%
St. Clair	4,855	27.1%	5,974	27.2%
Shelby	10,398	25.3%	15,305	27.4%
Sumter	1,248	25.8%	614	21.3%
Talladega	5,852	26.2%	4,899	26.5%
Tallapoosa	2,892	26.2%	2,366	26.6%
Tuscaloosa	10,690	22.9%	12,234	22.6%
Walker	4,711	25.5%	3,794	24.9%
Washington	1,478	25.8%	950	25.4%
Wilcox	1,136	25.4%	606	23.4%
Winston	1,684	25.9%	1,351	26.1%
ALABAMA	320,252	25.5%	310,210	25.6%

Ages 15-19

2000		2020	
NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
3,262	23.9%	3,602	25.2%
9,463	25.1%	13,435	25.3%
2,149	26.4%	1,386	24.9%
1,407	24.1%	1,205	24.9%
3,382	23.8%	3,602	24.9%
891	26.4%	509	22.4%
1,802	28.2%	1,131	24.0%
8,180	27.3%	7,479	27.2%
2,480	24.8%	1,774	24.0%
1,416	24.1%	1,390	26.0%
2,710	24.2%	2,822	24.5%
1,161	25.6%	718	26.5%
2,162	25.1%	1,464	26.7%
977	26.0%	695	23.8%
966	25.3%	886	23.8%
3,115	26.0%	3,257	24.0%
3,645	25.2%	2,966	23.4%
1,022	25.5%	641	24.1%
821	25.5%	486	25.5%
2,571	26.1%	2,127	24.3%
953	25.7%	843	24.9%
5,447	26.1%	4,971	24.2%
3,620	24.9%	2,845	23.3%
3,964	26.8%	2,391	25.7%
4,427	25.1%	4,746	25.3%
4,543	24.4%	5,047	25.4%
2,750	26.4%	2,100	23.8%
7,143	26.1%	6,048	25.1%
1,350	27.4%	936	24.9%
2,178	25.6%	2,015	23.7%
1,773	26.1%	1,607	25.6%
873	26.9%	457	24.1%
1,383	24.6%	841	22.7%
1,180	27.0%	1,013	26.3%
6,140	24.4%	6,454	24.3%
3,686	25.6%	2,998	25.8%
46,075	25.3%	40,105	24.3%
1,148	27.4%	787	24.4%
6,214	27.1%	6,089	28.9%
2,470	25.1%	1,890	24.5%
11,767	34.4%	13,388	31.6%
4,311	24.0%	6,226	25.2%
1,183	26.3%	525	22.6%
2,438	32.4%	1,515	36.9%
19,846	25.1%	23,779	25.9%
1,756	25.0%	1,128	24.7%
2,004	25.6%	1,699	25.3%
5,566	24.7%	6,297	23.7%
30,504	25.0%	25,534	24.2%
1,942	25.6%	1,268	27.1%
17,257	26.4%	14,362	24.5%
7,499	24.2%	7,376	24.6%
1,165	28.9%	818	36.2%
1,668	26.4%	1,141	26.8%
2,681	31.1%	2,731	34.2%
1,616	25.7%	1,392	25.9%
3,531	24.3%	3,360	22.2%
4,265	23.8%	5,261	23.9%
9,332	22.7%	14,735	26.3%
1,281	26.5%	909	31.6%
5,853	26.2%	4,888	26.5%
2,708	24.6%	2,113	23.8%
14,558	31.2%	17,272	31.9%
4,706	25.4%	3,639	23.9%
1,451	25.3%	986	26.3%
1,165	26.1%	696	26.9%
1,628	25.0%	1,331	25.7%
324,580	25.8%	310,127	25.6%



	Child Population White (Under 20)				Child Population African American (Under 20)				Child Population American Indian/ Alaska Native (Under 20)			
	2000		2020		2000		2020		2000		2020	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Autauga	10,460	76.7%	9,684	67.8%	2,673	19.6%	3,190	22.3%	55	0.4%	46	0.3%
Baldwin	30,652	81.3%	40,417	76.0%	5,299	14.1%	5,503	10.3%	204	0.5%	296	0.6%
Barbour	3,401	41.8%	1,922	34.6%	4,509	55.4%	2,901	52.2%	26	0.3%	12	0.2%
Bibb	4,221	72.3%	3,569	73.7%	1,496	25.6%	891	18.4%	7	0.1%	19	0.4%
Blount	12,666	89.2%	11,477	79.5%	188	1.3%	236	1.6%	75	0.5%	41	0.3%
Bullock	449	13.3%	220	9.7%	2,809	83.1%	1,605	70.8%	3	0.1%	2	0.1%
Butler	3,089	48.3%	1,996	42.4%	3,220	50.3%	2,392	50.9%	8	0.1%	16	0.3%
Calhoun	21,543	71.8%	17,202	62.5%	7,081	23.6%	6,808	24.7%	113	0.4%	50	0.2%
Chambers	5,128	51.3%	3,455	46.7%	4,664	46.7%	3,267	44.2%	8	0.1%	15	0.2%
Cherokee	5,291	90.2%	4,689	87.6%	395	6.7%	216	4.0%	21	0.4%	22	0.4%
Chilton	9,129	81.7%	8,385	72.9%	1,513	13.5%	1,194	10.4%	33	0.3%	28	0.2%
Choctaw	2,127	46.8%	1,443	53.3%	2,351	51.8%	1,129	41.7%	5	0.1%	2	0.1%
Clarke	4,125	47.8%	2,498	45.5%	4,330	50.2%	2,702	49.2%	26	0.3%	25	0.5%
Clay	2,872	76.5%	2,186	74.8%	760	20.2%	432	14.8%	11	0.3%	6	0.2%
Cleburne	3,520	92.3%	3,294	88.6%	166	4.4%	100	2.7%	12	0.3%	16	0.4%
Coffee	8,239	68.9%	8,326	61.3%	2,685	22.4%	2,340	17.2%	133	1.1%	108	0.8%
Colbert	10,919	75.5%	9,108	71.9%	2,990	20.7%	2,101	16.6%	69	0.5%	45	0.4%
Conecuh	1,778	44.3%	1,080	40.7%	2,153	53.6%	1,358	51.1%	6	0.1%	11	0.4%
Coosa	1,834	56.9%	1,124	59.0%	1,302	40.4%	623	32.7%	8	0.2%	5	0.3%
Covington	7,986	81.1%	6,834	78.0%	1,627	16.5%	1,260	14.4%	45	0.5%	53	0.6%
Crenshaw	2,542	68.5%	2,183	64.6%	1,059	28.5%	808	23.9%	26	0.7%	21	0.6%
Cullman	19,665	94.1%	17,817	86.8%	226	1.1%	314	1.5%	76	0.4%	72	0.4%
Dale	9,305	64.1%	7,329	59.9%	3,821	26.3%	2,809	23.0%	81	0.6%	57	0.5%
Dallas	3,771	25.5%	1,754	18.9%	10,751	72.7%	7,149	76.9%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%
De Kalb	15,352	86.9%	12,642	67.3%	346	2.0%	218	1.2%	160	0.9%	159	0.8%
Elmore	13,638	73.3%	13,422	67.5%	4,213	22.7%	4,557	22.9%	79	0.4%	46	0.2%
Escambia	6,019	57.8%	4,894	55.4%	3,649	35.0%	2,816	31.9%	415	4.0%	310	3.5%
Etowah	20,662	75.4%	16,729	69.4%	5,403	19.7%	4,203	17.4%	85	0.3%	60	0.2%
Fayette	4,106	83.4%	2,977	79.2%	715	14.5%	457	12.2%	6	0.1%	7	0.2%
Franklin	6,996	82.3%	5,532	65.0%	435	5.1%	274	3.2%	29	0.3%	37	0.4%
Geneva	5,545	81.5%	4,862	77.5%	954	14.0%	559	8.9%	59	0.9%	37	0.6%
Greene	360	11.1%	211	11.1%	2,844	87.5%	1,576	83.2%	2	0.1%	6	0.3%
Hale	1,726	30.7%	1,282	34.6%	3,775	67.2%	2,244	60.6%	15	0.3%	6	0.2%
Henry	2,457	56.2%	2,577	66.9%	1,751	40.1%	945	24.5%	12	0.3%	11	0.3%
Houston	16,294	64.8%	14,785	55.6%	7,863	31.3%	8,849	33.3%	75	0.3%	68	0.3%
Jackson	12,714	88.5%	9,853	84.7%	649	4.5%	370	3.2%	310	2.2%	92	0.8%
Jefferson	88,410	48.5%	68,331	41.4%	86,578	47.5%	77,082	46.7%	325	0.2%	182	0.1%
Lamar	3,440	82.1%	2,681	83.1%	643	15.3%	326	10.1%	1	0.0%	4	0.1%
Lauderdale	19,273	83.9%	16,308	77.4%	2,916	12.7%	2,550	12.1%	56	0.2%	34	0.2%
Lawrence	7,025	71.3%	5,665	73.3%	1,506	15.3%	703	9.1%	747	7.6%	386	5.0%
Lee	23,446	68.5%	26,792	63.1%	9,180	26.8%	10,086	23.8%	53	0.2%	67	0.2%
Limestone	14,339	80.0%	17,020	69.0%	2,422	13.5%	2,978	12.1%	77	0.4%	99	0.4%
Lowndes	764	17.0%	428	18.4%	3,682	81.7%	1,793	77.2%	1	0.0%	2	0.1%
Macon	671	8.9%	534	13.0%	6,689	89.0%	3,310	80.5%	5	0.1%	5	0.1%
Madison	50,733	64.1%	51,605	56.3%	21,963	27.8%	24,774	27.0%	697	0.9%	419	0.5%
Marengo	2,621	37.3%	1,751	38.3%	4,268	60.7%	2,521	55.2%	6	0.1%	8	0.2%
Marion	7,304	93.1%	5,953	88.6%	275	3.5%	218	3.2%	24	0.3%	17	0.3%
Marshall	19,614	87.0%	17,275	65.1%	458	2.0%	748	2.8%	123	0.5%	60	0.2%
Mobile	66,065	54.2%	51,431	48.7%	49,616	40.7%	43,280	41.0%	942	0.8%	796	0.8%
Monroe	3,770	49.6%	2,260	48.3%	3,566	47.0%	2,075	44.3%	76	1.0%	35	0.7%
Montgomery	24,506	37.5%	12,943	22.1%	38,304	58.6%	37,772	64.4%	141	0.2%	86	0.1%
Morgan	24,129	78.0%	19,188	64.1%	4,427	14.3%	4,314	14.4%	216	0.7%	157	0.5%
Perry	877	21.7%	567	25.1%	3,097	76.7%	1,556	68.8%	1	0.0%	6	0.3%
Pickens	2,810	44.5%	1,967	46.2%	3,374	53.5%	1,942	45.6%	4	0.1%	10	0.2%
Pike	4,395	50.9%	3,870	48.5%	3,868	44.8%	3,429	42.9%	62	0.7%	30	0.4%
Randolph	4,330	68.8%	3,669	68.4%	1,769	28.1%	1,154	21.5%	12	0.2%	9	0.2%
Russell	7,025	48.4%	5,760	38.0%	6,867	47.3%	6,953	45.9%	38	0.3%	67	0.4%
St. Clair	15,909	88.7%	18,037	82.0%	1,492	8.3%	2,090	9.5%	71	0.4%	43	0.2%
Shelby	35,526	86.5%	39,302	70.3%	3,560	8.7%	8,101	14.5%	134	0.3%	99	0.2%
Sumter	816	16.9%	632	21.9%	3,898	80.7%	2,088	72.5%	4	0.1%	2	0.1%
Talladega	13,311	59.6%	10,295	55.7%	8,463	37.9%	6,612	35.8%	36	0.2%	29	0.2%
Tallapoosa	7,150	64.9%	5,176	58.2%	3,629	32.9%	2,888	32.5%	33	0.3%	31	0.3%
Tuscaloosa	27,780	59.5%	28,656	52.9%	17,165	36.8%	19,640	36.2%	81	0.2%	83	0.2%
Walker	16,489	89.2%	12,607	82.8%	1,469	7.9%	1,027	6.7%	48	0.3%	43	0.3%
Washington	3,300	57.5%	2,303	61.5%	1,791	31.2%	854	22.8%	511	8.9%	313	8.4%
Wilcox	799	17.9%	471	18.2%	3,612	80.8%	2,011	77.7%	4	0.1%	2	0.1%
Winston	6,243	95.9%	4,594	88.8%	29	0.4%	67	1.3%	33	0.5%	16	0.3%
ALABAMA	793,451	63.2%	695,829	57.4%	401,241	31.9%	353,338	29.2%	6,869	0.5%	4,957	0.4%

**Child Population Asian/
Pacific Islander (Under 20)****2000 2020****NUMBER PERCENT NUMBER PERCENT**

Autauga	38	0.3%	182	1.3%
Baldwin	182	0.5%	771	1.4%
Barbour	20	0.2%	34	0.6%
Bibb	6	0.1%	10	0.2%
Blount	22	0.2%	75	0.5%
Bullock	9	0.3%	5	0.2%
Butler	9	0.1%	54	1.1%
Calhoun	153	0.5%	224	0.8%
Chambers	19	0.2%	37	0.5%
Cherokee	7	0.1%	58	1.1%
Chilton	20	0.2%	63	0.5%
Choctaw	0	0.0%	5	0.2%
Clarke	15	0.2%	25	0.5%
Clay	3	0.1%	7	0.2%
Cleburne	1	0.0%	5	0.1%
Coffee	93	0.8%	157	1.2%
Colbert	42	0.3%	104	0.8%
Conecuh	8	0.2%	5	0.2%
Coosa	0	0.0%	4	0.2%
Covington	15	0.2%	43	0.5%
Crenshaw	2	0.1%	49	1.5%
Cullman	46	0.2%	165	0.8%
Dale	138	1.0%	165	1.3%
Dallas	48	0.3%	32	0.3%
De Kalb	34	0.2%	58	0.3%
Elmore	56	0.3%	145	0.7%
Escambia	23	0.2%	27	0.3%
Etowah	116	0.4%	193	0.8%
Fayette	10	0.2%	48	1.3%
Franklin	11	0.1%	33	0.4%
Geneva	10	0.1%	28	0.4%
Greene	2	0.1%	4	0.2%
Hale	5	0.1%	15	0.4%
Henry	1	0.0%	25	0.6%
Houston	166	0.7%	287	1.1%
Jackson	36	0.3%	56	0.5%
Jefferson	1,587	0.9%	2,873	1.7%
Lamar	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Lauderdale	97	0.4%	211	1.0%
Lawrence	7	0.1%	17	0.2%
Lee	491	1.4%	1,817	4.3%
Limestone	62	0.3%	528	2.1%
Lowndes	5	0.1%	5	0.2%
Macon	13	0.2%	20	0.5%
Madison	1,378	1.7%	2,213	2.4%
Marengo	16	0.2%	14	0.3%
Marion	15	0.2%	25	0.4%
Marshall	52	0.2%	209	0.8%
Mobile	1,893	1.6%	2,282	2.2%
Monroe	24	0.3%	19	0.4%
Montgomery	600	0.9%	2,044	3.5%
Morgan	159	0.5%	211	0.7%
Perry	4	0.1%	23	1.0%
Pickens	5	0.1%	13	0.3%
Pike	11	0.1%	108	1.4%
Randolph	18	0.3%	36	0.7%
Russell	50	0.3%	178	1.2%
St. Clair	37	0.2%	229	1.0%
Shelby	438	1.1%	1,416	2.5%
Sumter	4	0.1%	40	1.4%
Talladega	46	0.2%	75	0.4%
Tallapoosa	23	0.2%	67	0.8%
Tuscaloosa	344	0.7%	845	1.6%
Walker	46	0.2%	98	0.6%
Washington	6	0.1%	46	1.2%
Wilcox	3	0.1%	4	0.2%
Winston	7	0.1%	16	0.3%

ALABAMA 8,808 0.7% 18,881 1.6%**Child Population More than One Race
(Under 20)****2000 2020****NUMBER PERCENT NUMBER PERCENT**

161	1.2%	538	3.8%
470	1.2%	2,199	4.1%
65	0.8%	163	2.9%
42	0.7%	153	3.2%
120	0.8%	339	2.3%
20	0.6%	49	2.2%
36	0.6%	104	2.2%
405	1.4%	1,263	4.6%
68	0.7%	178	2.4%
59	1.0%	171	3.2%
77	0.7%	276	2.4%
24	0.5%	57	2.1%
53	0.6%	127	2.3%
43	1.1%	149	5.1%
43	1.1%	118	3.2%
281	2.3%	791	5.8%
176	1.2%	578	4.6%
36	0.9%	75	2.8%
32	1.0%	54	2.8%
71	0.7%	313	3.6%
41	1.1%	151	4.5%
215	1.0%	453	2.2%
420	2.9%	605	4.9%
83	0.6%	181	1.9%
267	1.5%	581	3.1%
258	1.4%	713	3.6%
161	1.5%	414	4.7%
350	1.3%	847	3.5%
35	0.7%	135	3.6%
86	1.0%	209	2.5%
56	0.8%	294	4.7%
7	0.2%	33	1.7%
41	0.7%	54	1.5%
54	1.2%	134	3.5%
278	1.1%	1,122	4.2%
406	2.8%	531	4.6%
1,795	1.0%	4,289	2.6%
35	0.8%	112	3.5%
247	1.1%	784	3.7%
426	4.3%	591	7.6%
405	1.2%	1,295	3.1%
225	1.3%	1,172	4.7%
17	0.4%	23	1.0%
71	0.9%	79	1.9%
2,183	2.8%	4,806	5.2%
33	0.5%	74	1.6%
72	0.9%	164	2.4%
253	1.1%	708	2.7%
1,548	1.3%	3,457	3.3%
83	1.1%	151	3.2%
793	1.2%	1,487	2.5%
488	1.6%	1,270	4.2%
20	0.5%	40	1.8%
53	0.8%	117	2.7%
146	1.7%	282	3.5%
46	0.7%	192	3.6%
215	1.5%	767	5.1%
174	1.0%	723	3.3%
364	0.9%	1,566	2.8%
27	0.6%	64	2.2%
218	1.0%	736	4.0%
86	0.8%	276	3.1%
508	1.1%	1,284	2.4%
203	1.1%	577	3.8%
72	1.3%	130	3.5%
8	0.2%	35	1.4%
51	0.8%	151	2.9%

15,905 1.3% 41,554 3.4%**Child Population Hispanic
(Under 20)****2000 2020****NUMBER PERCENT NUMBER PERCENT**

229	1.7%	636	4.5%
861	2.3%	4,021	7.6%
122	1.5%	529	9.5%
68	1.2%	202	4.2%
1,125	7.9%	2,271	15.7%
86	2.5%	387	17.1%
34	0.5%	141	3.0%
627	2.1%	1,992	7.2%
93	0.9%	445	6.0%
92	1.6%	198	3.7%
393	3.5%	1,555	13.5%
27	0.6%	72	2.7%
69	0.8%	113	2.1%
63	1.7%	144	4.9%
69	1.8%	184	5.0%
488	4.1%	1,867	13.7%
250	1.7%	729	5.8%
28	0.7%	127	4.8%
39	1.2%	94	4.9%
97	1.0%	258	2.9%
35	0.9%	167	4.9%
660	3.2%	1,714	8.3%
707	4.9%	1,264	10.3%
112	0.8%	174	1.9%
1,494	8.5%	5,129	27.3%
312	1.7%	995	5.0%
134	1.3%	371	4.2%
742	2.7%	2,069	8.6%
51	1.0%	135	3.6%
936	11.0%	2,421	28.5%
176	2.6%	491	7.8%
28	0.9%	64	3.4%
49	0.9%	100	2.7%
92	2.1%	159	4.1%
438	1.7%	1,479	5.6%
245	1.7%	727	6.3%
3,338	1.8%	12,159	7.4%
71	1.7%	101	3.1%
334	1.5%	1,182	5.6%
142	1.4%	367	4.7%
583	1.7%	2,370	5.6%
776	4.3%	2,878	11.7%
34	0.8%	72	3.1%
63	0.8%	163	4.0%
2,006	2.5%	7,830	8.5%
83	1.2%	202	4.4%
148	1.9%	345	5.1%
2,009	8.9%	7,535	28.4%
1,700	1.4%	4,344	4.1%
67	0.9%	140	3.0%
890	1.4%	4,298	7.3%
1,464	4.7%	4,815	16.1%
39	1.0%	69	3.1%
54	0.9%	207	4.9%
136	1.6%	268	3.4%
110	1.7%	305	5.7%
284	2.0%	1,414	9.3%
234	1.3%	863	3.9%
1,008	2.5%	5,446	9.7%
78	1.6%	55	1.9%
223	1.0%	722	3.9%
96	0.9%	458	5.1%
743	1.6%	3,699	6.8%
226	1.2%	882	5.8%
56	1.0%	96	2.6%
42	0.9%	65	2.5%
137	2.1%	328	6.3%

28,245 2.2% 97,102 8.0%



Demographics Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

POPULATION

Population is defined as all people, male and female, child and adult, living in a given geographic area.

Unless otherwise noted, this Data Book defines a child as a person under 20 years of age.

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, CC-EST2010-ALLDATA-[ST-FIPS]: Annual County Resident Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010.

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, CC-EST2020-ALLDATA-[ST-FIPS]: Annual County Resident Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2020.

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Annual County and Resident Population Estimates by Selected Age Groups and Sex: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2020 (CC-EST2020-AGESEX).

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table B01001: SEX BY AGE. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, CC-EST2009-ALLDATA-[ST-FIPS]: Annual County Resident Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2009.

U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Table P14: SEX BY AGE FOR THE POPULATION UNDER 20 YEARS. Universe: Population under 20 years. 2010 Census Summary File 1.

* Complete state and county data profiles are available online at http://www.alavoces.org/alabama_kids_count

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoces.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoces.org/kids-count-geo/>.

Visit the national KIDS COUNT data center for access to hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and good policies for children and families at datacenter.kidscount.org.

LIST OF INDICATORS

- Child Population (Under 20)
- Child Population by Age Range
- Children as a Percentage of County Population
- Diversity of Alabama's Child Population
- Pre-School Aged Children (Age 3)
- Pre-School Aged Children (Age 4)
- Total Population

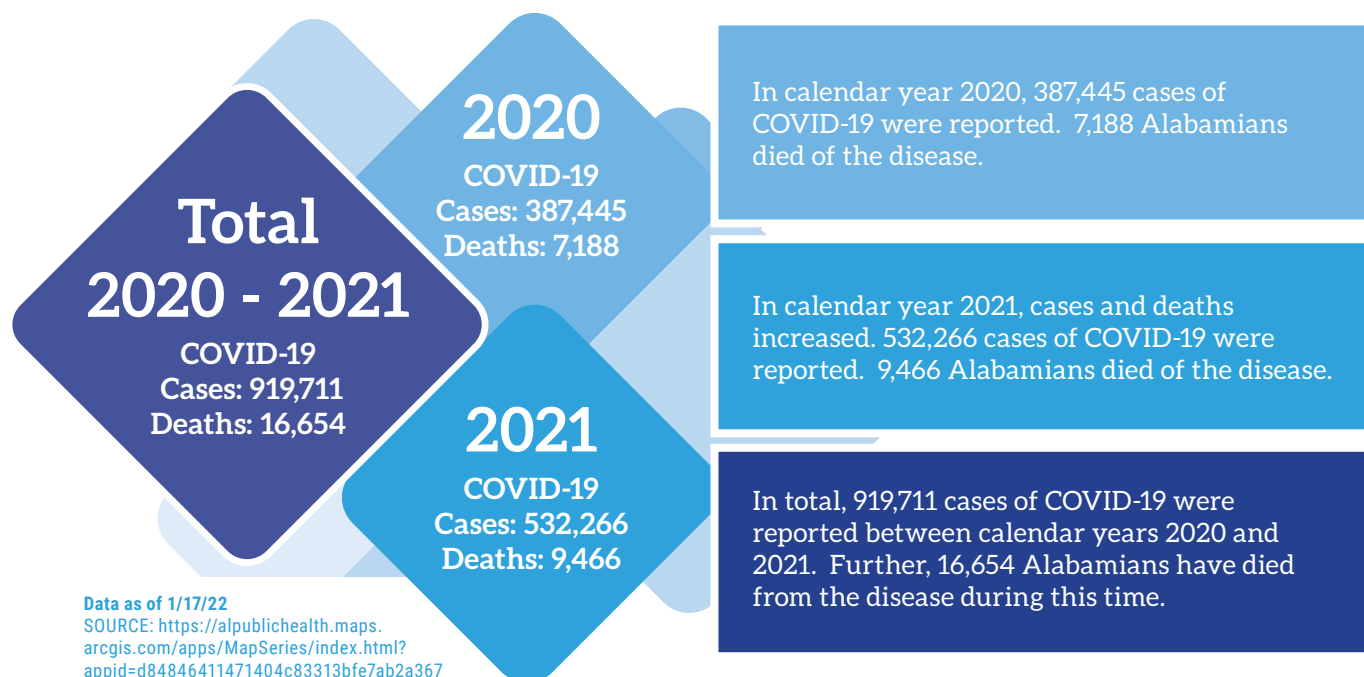


HEALTH

According to the latest national *KIDS COUNT*® *Data Book*, Alabama ranks 47th in the country in children's health. Health is the state's lowest and worst ranking of the four areas measured in the *Data Book*. However, the state ranks among the highest nationally in the number of children covered by health insurance. This disconnect demonstrates that access to health insurance coverage is not the same as access to high-quality healthcare for Alabama's children, an issue further exacerbated by COVID-19.



KEY POINTS



FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION

In 2020, 7,188 Alabamians died of COVID-19. In 2021, this number increased to 9,466, according to the Alabama Public Health Dashboard. Every death was a member of a family and community: a mother, father, child, grandparent, or friend. This has forever impacted the lives of families. The experience of losing a family member or caretaker can result in an adverse childhood experience. As research shows, the higher the ACEs score, the more children are susceptible to chronic health issues as both children and adults.

Did COVID stop families in your community from participating in regular check-ups and well-visits? As a result, do you anticipate health outcomes worsening? How did this impact reports of child abuse or neglect?

The chronic illness of a child, parent, and caregiver is also considered an adverse childhood experience (ACEs). How many children in your area were impacted by individual or family chronic illnesses such as COVID-19,

heart disease, or cancer, and did these families have access to timely, quality medical care?

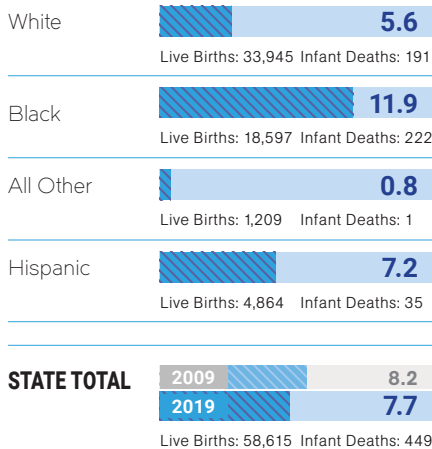
Are families in your community required to travel to neighboring communities to receive emergency medical services or see a pediatrician, OB/GYN, or general physicians? If no physicians are available, does your community offer transportation or other ways to receive medical care? What about your community's access to telehealth?



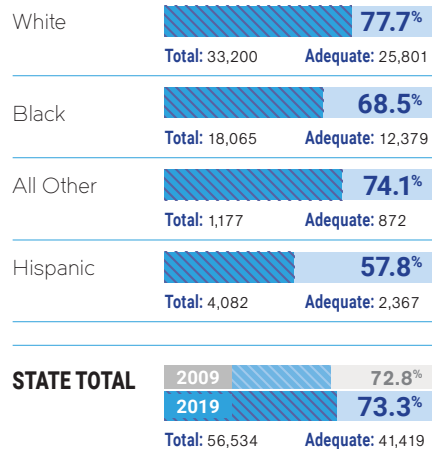
Health

ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

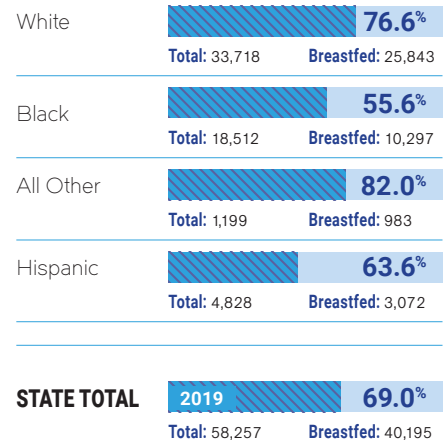
INFANT MORTALITY RATE (PER 1,000 BIRTHS): 2019



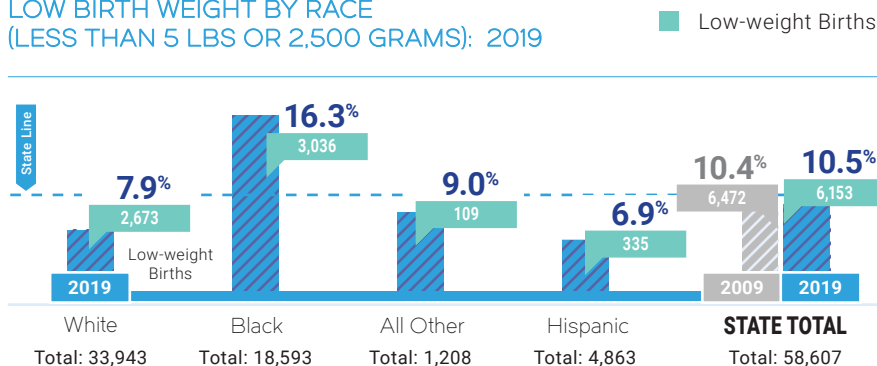
FEMALES RECEIVING ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE-PLUS PRENATAL CARE: 2019



MOTHERS WHO BREASTFED: 2019

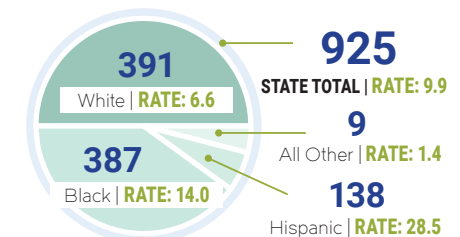


LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BY RACE (LESS THAN 5 LBS OR 2,500 GRAMS): 2019

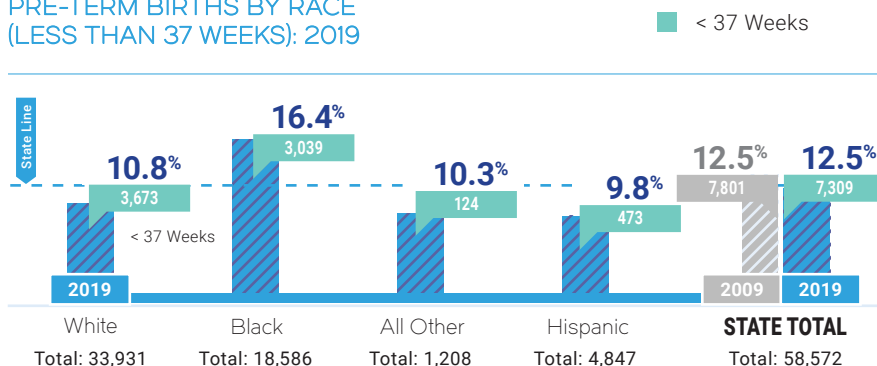


*Unknown birth weight is excluded from total counts.

NUMBER OF BIRTHS TO TEENS, AGED 15-17 BY RACE: 2019

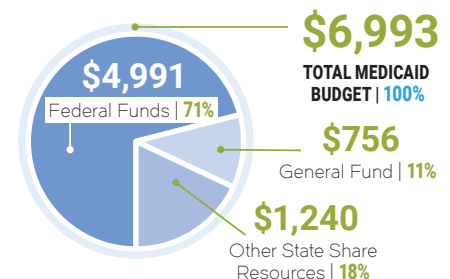


PRE-TERM BIRTHS BY RACE (LESS THAN 37 WEEKS): 2019



*Unknown gestation is excluded from total counts.

MEDICAID FUNDING FY 2019 (IN MILLIONS) / PERCENT OF MEDICAID BUDGET



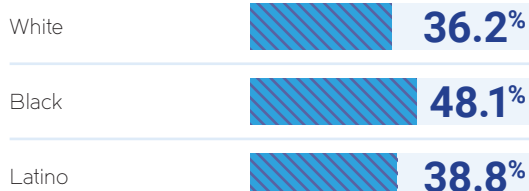
53% of Alabama's children <21 years are eligible for Medicaid.

STATE OF OBESITY IN ALABAMA

○ SOURCE: www.americashealthrankings.org/explore/annual/measure/Obesity/population/Obesity_Hispanic/state/AL

● SOURCE: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. The State of Obesity in Alabama. <http://stateofobesity.org/states/al/>

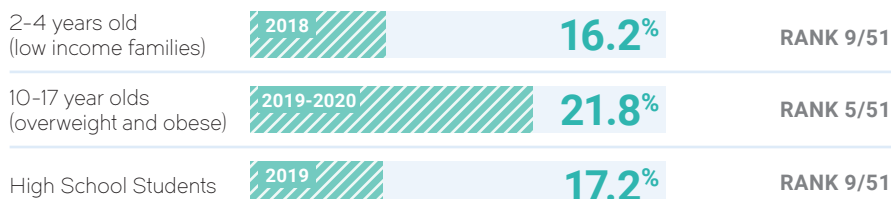
OBESITY BY RACE: 2020 ○



OBESITY BY GENDER: 2020 ○



CHILDHOOD OBESITY ●



ADULT OBESITY ●

2020

39%

RANK 3/51

In 2019, Alabama's adult obesity rate was up from 31.6 percent in 2009 and from 22.6 percent in 2000.

ADULT DIABETES ●

2019

14.0%

RANK 3/51

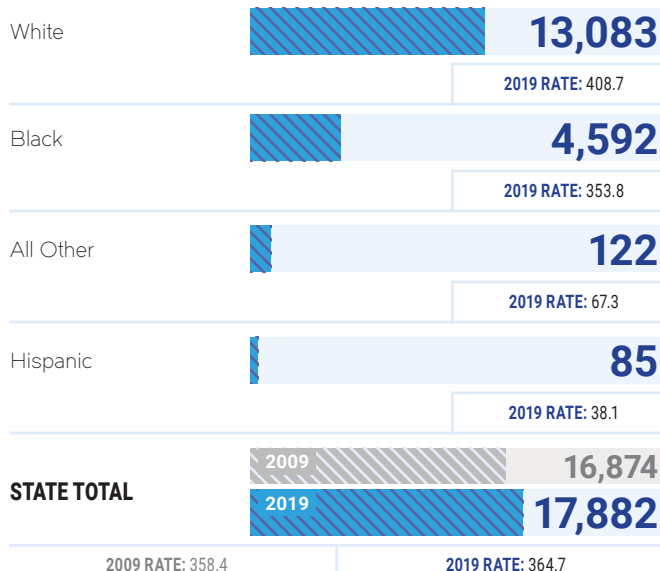
ADULT HYPERTENSION ●

2019

42.5%

RANK 3/51

NUMBER OF DIET-RELATED DEATHS BY RACE: 2019



NUMBER OF POOR MENTAL HEALTH DAYS PER MONTH: 2018

4.9
STATE TOTAL

Poor mental health can make it hard to cope with the normal stress of life and can make it hard to live life to the fullest.

RATIO OF MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDERS TO POPULATION: 2020

923:1
STATE RATIO

Access to mental health care is important for maintaining health and preventing further illness. Yet, there are not enough providers to meet the need of Alabamians.



Children Without Health Insurance

Infant Mortality, All Races (Rate per 1,000 Live Births)

Pre-term Births to All Mothers

Low Birth Weight, All Races

	2015-19		2009	2019	2009-19	2009	2019	2009	2019	2009-19
	NUMBER	PERCENT	RATE		TREND	PERCENT		PERCENT		TREND
Autauga	242	1.7%	2.9	4.5	-	11.7%	13.6%	9.5%	11.8%	-
Baldwin	1,836	3.8%	8.9	5.2	-	12.9%	10.0%	8.6%	7.6%	-
Barbour	184	3.3%	18.1	10.8	-	12.8%	10.1%	13.0%	8.7%	-
Bibb	94	2.0%	13.0	20.3	-	15.2%	11.0%	13.0%	11.0%	I
Blount	822	5.9%	4.2	1.6	-	9.7%	10.3%	5.1%	6.5%	-
Bullock	25	1.0%	0.0	0.0	-	14.5%	15.4%	11.9%	14.7%	-
Butler	109	2.3%	4.0	4.5	-	12.8%	16.4%	10.4%	12.3%	-
Calhoun	648	2.4%	11.1	6.5	-	10.0%	10.1%	10.6%	9.6%	-
Chambers	392	5.4%	7.5	5.3	-	12.5%	13.0%	11.5%	15.6%	-
Cherokee	43	0.8%	0.0	8.2	-	10.3%	11.8%	9.0%	9.8%	-
Chilton	536	4.8%	13.5	5.1	-	12.7%	11.6%	9.6%	10.1%	-
Choctaw	41	1.5%	0.0	0.0	-	16.3%	13.8%	8.1%	13.8%	-
Clarke	79	1.4%	3.3	0.0	-	12.9%	15.8%	11.7%	11.8%	-
Clay	20	0.6%	0.0	6.7	-	12.7%	6.0%	14.7%	4.7%	I
Cleburne	192	5.3%	27.5	12.9	-	10.4%	11.6%	9.9%	7.7%	-
Coffee	477	3.7%	9.5	4.5	-	9.8%	10.9%	9.6%	10.7%	-
Colbert	284	2.3%	11.1	4.8	-	10.5%	12.8%	8.1%	11.3%	-
Conecuh	153	5.4%	14.4	21.1	-	11.5%	17.6%	10.8%	16.2%	-
Coosa	96	5.0%	0.0	26.3	-	16.7%	15.8%	16.7%	13.2%	-
Covington	510	6.0%	4.0	4.8	-	13.5%	11.2%	10.3%	8.6%	-
Crenshaw	99	3.1%	5.8	0.0	I	11.7%	11.6%	8.8%	8.3%	-
Cullman	495	2.5%	1.0	5.2	-	9.8%	10.3%	9.9%	7.6%	-
Dale	454	3.8%	12.6	9.0	-	11.7%	8.2%	9.3%	8.1%	-
Dallas	211	2.1%	7.1	6.5	-	11.5%	13.2%	11.9%	13.8%	W
De Kalb	498	2.7%	7.5	10.0	-	12.1%	12.0%	9.5%	9.5%	-
Elmore	591	3.1%	5.6	11.6	-	11.4%	13.7%	9.3%	11.7%	-
Escambia	633	7.2%	8.3	6.7	-	17.0%	12.5%	11.9%	9.1%	-
Etowah	942	4.0%	7.8	5.7	-	10.2%	12.4%	8.8%	9.5%	W
Fayette	89	2.4%	10.6	10.2	-	11.2%	15.7%	8.0%	11.7%	-
Franklin	773	9.5%	10.8	4.7	-	8.9%	13.8%	7.8%	7.7%	-
Geneva	103	1.7%	7.4	14.8	-	11.9%	12.5%	9.3%	9.2%	-
Greene	43	2.2%	0.0	23.3	-	25.0%	23.3%	25.8%	22.1%	-
Hale	106	2.8%	0.0	20.7	-	15.8%	9.3%	15.3%	7.3%	-
Henry	42	1.1%	0.0	16.8	-	9.1%	11.7%	8.6%	12.3%	-
Houston	550	2.2%	9.8	7.5	-	10.0%	12.1%	9.4%	11.7%	W
Jackson	160	1.4%	4.9	9.2	-	11.5%	11.0%	10.0%	8.5%	-
Jefferson	5,804	3.6%	8.7	10.0	-	13.0%	11.7%	11.2%	10.9%	-
Lamar	432	13.3%	6.9	8.2	-	13.2%	12.3%	11.8%	5.7%	-
Lauderdale	619	3.2%	3.1	5.2	-	9.8%	11.6%	8.7%	10.0%	-
Lawrence	260	3.4%	7.3	0.0	-	12.9%	9.3%	12.0%	7.6%	-
Lee	787	2.1%	5.9	4.2	-	7.1%	11.4%	6.9%	9.8%	W
Limestone	739	3.2%	6.8	7.1	-	13.6%	10.9%	9.9%	8.5%	-
Lowndes	29	1.2%	11.4	13.9	-	11.9%	16.0%	10.8%	14.6%	-
Macon	36	1.0%	12.7	12.9	-	9.7%	12.9%	14.0%	14.8%	-
Madison	2,822	3.3%	8.7	7.0	-	13.4%	13.4%	10.4%	10.5%	-
Marengo	14	0.3%	7.8	21.8	-	15.2%	14.1%	10.5%	12.7%	-
Marion	81	1.2%	9.7	5.8	-	15.3%	11.0%	11.7%	9.0%	-
Marshall	638	2.6%	7.3	5.6	-	10.7%	11.1%	8.3%	7.9%	-
Mobile	3,385	3.3%	7.3	6.9	-	15.3%	16.1%	12.1%	12.0%	-
Monroe	171	3.4%	3.7	8.5	-	20.5%	14.2%	18.7%	12.4%	I
Montgomery	1,551	2.8%	8.9	10.1	-	13.5%	14.9%	11.9%	14.1%	W
Morgan	961	3.4%	8.0	6.3	-	11.9%	11.4%	8.3%	8.4%	-
Perry	30	1.2%	6.4	9.4	-	12.8%	21.7%	12.2%	17.0%	-
Pickens	225	5.4%	14.8	10.7	-	13.0%	16.0%	13.3%	11.2%	-
Pike	207	2.9%	7.0	10.4	-	9.2%	14.6%	9.4%	12.0%	-
Randolph	126	2.4%	7.9	16.4	-	10.3%	10.2%	6.8%	9.8%	-
Russell	317	2.1%	11.7	9.7	-	12.4%	13.5%	11.0%	11.4%	-
St. Clair	311	1.5%	11.7	4.9	-	10.6%	10.3%	8.1%	7.9%	-
Shelby	1,369	2.6%	4.4	4.1	-	10.8%	9.0%	8.0%	8.1%	-
Sumter	73	2.5%	12.2	7.5	-	9.8%	14.9%	14.6%	15.7%	-
Talladega	352	1.9%	11.2	8.1	-	12.8%	13.1%	11.2%	10.8%	-
Tallapoosa	252	2.8%	22.3	5.0	-	22.3%	15.3%	15.4%	12.0%	-
Tuscaloosa	1,123	2.3%	11.3	11.0	-	13.7%	12.7%	11.3%	11.0%	-
Walker	1,119	7.6%	8.5	8.8	-	13.2%	15.2%	10.6%	13.0%	-
Washington	151	3.8%	5.9	0.0	-	17.2%	16.7%	13.5%	9.2%	-
Wilcox	15	0.5%	19.6	0.0	-	13.1%	14.3%	13.1%	15.6%	-
Winston	401	7.8%	4.6	13.6	-	11.4%	11.3%	8.2%	9.0%	-
ALABAMA	36,972	3.2%	8.2	7.7	-	12.5%	12.5%	10.4%	10.5%	-



Births to Teens, Aged 15-17 (per 1,000)

2009 2019 2009-19

RATE

TREND

Births to Females, Aged 10-19 (per 1,000)

2009 2019 2009-19

RATE

TREND

Births to Unmarried Females, Aged 10-19 (per 1,000)

2009 2019

PERCENT

Autauga	18.5	3.7	I	25.7	8.2	I	9.4%	4.0%
Baldwin	18.8	8.4	I	26.8	10.0	I	9.5%	5.5%
Barbour	19.6	13.5	I	30.0	15.4	I	13.3%	7.6%
Bibb	25.6	5.5	I	29.6	13.4	I	11.7%	4.9%
Blount	23.3	7.4	I	21.4	11.9	I	8.2%	5.0%
Bullock	28.8	30.9	-	63.0	25.5	I	15.6%	9.6%
Butler	21.1	12.7	-	36.5	21.6	I	15.6%	9.5%
Calhoun	26.3	10.4	I	30.9	17.0	I	10.7%	7.8%
Chambers	31.9	12.2	I	36.4	16.0	I	15.2%	7.4%
Cherokee	41.0	3.4	I	25.6	14.1	I	12.9%	6.9%
Chilton	31.8	12.2	I	34.7	18.5	I	9.3%	8.2%
Choctaw	21.2	9.9	-	26.2	18.9	-	9.6%	6.6%
Clarke	24.9	7.7	-	15.9	19.4	-	15.7%	8.6%
Clay	26.8	19.6	-	27.2	16.2	I	14.0%	6.7%
Cleburne	22.9	0.0	I	32.8	13.6	I	11.0%	6.5%
Coffee	24.4	13.8	-	26.1	13.3	I	9.6%	6.1%
Colbert	41.3	7.0	I	26.9	15.1	I	15.2%	6.4%
Conecuh	11.7	7.1	I	28.6	19.7	I	13.7%	8.5%
Coosa	0.0	0.0	-	35.2	15.1	I	10.0%	9.2%
Covington	47.8	12.2	I	32.8	16.1	I	16.0%	6.9%
Crenshaw	22.7	16.5	I	28.8	16.6	I	10.5%	9.0%
Cullman	31.9	6.3	I	32.8	14.1	I	10.7%	6.3%
Dale	16.0	13.2	-	28.9	21.5	-	6.1%	7.2%
Dallas	41.4	8.3	I	47.2	19.0	I	18.3%	9.3%
De Kalb	33.2	11.8	I	38.4	13.8	I	8.5%	6.9%
Elmore	25.1	7.3	I	25.6	10.7	I	9.5%	5.4%
Escambia	40.6	12.3	I	40.9	18.2	I	17.0%	8.9%
Etowah	30.4	10.7	I	31.0	19.2	I	10.2%	8.0%
Fayette	20.2	13.8	-	22.9	20.8	-	8.0%	5.6%
Franklin	32.6	11.7	I	41.6	20.1	I	7.6%	8.2%
Geneva	15.7	15.9	-	38.3	17.0	I	12.2%	8.1%
Greene	32.1	17.2	-	25.8	26.0	-	18.5%	11.6%
Hale	24.0	14.2	I	25.5	12.6	I	10.4%	5.2%
Henry	37.6	13.4	I	23.6	12.3	I	12.1%	6.7%
Houston	26.8	10.3	I	29.6	15.4	I	11.3%	6.7%
Jackson	25.9	13.6	I	27.4	13.9	I	13.0%	6.1%
Jefferson	29.6	9.1	I	27.5	11.0	I	10.6%	5.1%
Lamar	38.6	0.0	I	25.1	13.0	I	13.9%	6.6%
Lauderdale	15.0	10.3	I	22.9	12.1	I	8.9%	6.1%
Lawrence	35.8	5.0	I	34.5	17.0	I	11.7%	7.9%
Lee	10.9	7.8	-	13.0	8.5	I	6.7%	4.7%
Limestone	29.4	6.8	I	24.8	10.3	I	9.4%	5.7%
Lowndes	26.8	0.0	-	34.4	10.3	I	13.6%	3.5%
Macon	19.6	26.2	-	26.3	12.3	I	14.8%	9.7%
Madison	19.7	5.6	I	19.8	8.9	I	8.1%	4.4%
Marengo	14.5	13.2	-	32.6	10.2	I	12.2%	5.2%
Marion	34.1	12.8	I	32.0	18.3	I	10.4%	6.1%
Marshall	40.4	19.5	I	41.2	19.2	I	9.3%	6.9%
Mobile	32.3	12.9	I	31.6	14.5	I	13.1%	6.5%
Monroe	45.7	13.5	I	28.8	23.9	I	20.9%	11.5%
Montgomery	29.3	16.5	I	34.4	18.3	I	12.4%	7.8%
Morgan	26.0	10.3	I	25.8	16.2	I	10.0%	7.6%
Perry	18.0	14.1	-	30.5	19.3	-	17.3%	11.3%
Pickens	29.0	16.5	-	18.9	15.0	I	10.4%	7.0%
Pike	22.2	7.8	-	25.7	13.2	I	11.3%	7.6%
Randolph	25.2	5.6	-	27.3	13.6	I	11.9%	7.0%
Russell	32.8	14.6	I	7.3	16.2	-	11.8%	5.9%
St. Clair	23.3	11.5	I	29.5	10.5	I	6.9%	5.1%
Shelby	11.6	2.6	I	11.3	4.8	I	3.7%	2.8%
Sumter	25.6	6.8	-	26.4	12.6	-	16.5%	6.7%
Talladega	23.7	7.0	I	33.5	12.2	I	14.5%	6.2%
Tallapoosa	27.5	2.8	I	34.4	7.4	I	13.8%	4.0%
Tuscaloosa	18.2	10.9	-	23.1	12.3	I	11.0%	6.1%
Walker	24.7	14.8	I	33.8	19.6	I	6.2%	6.1%
Washington	16.9	3.8	-	21.9	13.9	I	7.6%	7.5%
Wilcox	15.5	23.5	-	32.1	35.1	-	15.0%	15.6%
Winston	34.7	13.0	I	27.8	15.9	I	10.0%	6.8%
ALABAMA	25.7	9.9	I	27.4	13.1	I	10.6%	6.1%



	Females Receiving Adequate/ Adequate-Plus Prenatal Care			Mothers Who Breastfed		Mothers Who Smoked During Pregnancy		Adult Diabetes	Adult Obesity
	2009	2019	2009-19	2019		2019		2017	2017
	PERCENT		TREND	NUMBER	PERCENT	PERCENT		PERCENT	PERCENT
Autauga	76.1%	77.8%	-	486	72.9%	4.5%		11.4%	33.0%
Baldwin	83.2%	75.2%	-	1,739	74.9%	4.9%		8.2%	30.0%
Barbour	61.5%	72.5%	I	127	46.4%	4.3%		15.1%	41.2%
Bibb	71.4%	65.8%	-	164	66.9%	7.9%		12.2%	37.4%
Blount	76.9%	77.6%	-	512	79.6%	5.8%		12.2%	33.0%
Bullock	51.9%	69.6%	I	45	33.1%	0.0%		27.9%	46.6%
Butler	68.8%	81.6%	I	108	49.1%	3.4%		17.0%	46.8%
Calhoun	63.9%	75.8%	I	912	66.0%	7.8%		15.2%	39.7%
Chambers	77.6%	73.9%	-	224	59.1%	3.6%		15.6%	42.3%
Cherokee	49.8%	75.3%	I	161	66.0%	14.4%		12.0%	38.4%
Chilton	63.7%	78.7%	I	452	77.3%	7.2%		16.8%	41.9%
Choctaw	75.4%	79.6%	-	91	59.9%	7.8%		13.9%	47.2%
Clarke	80.4%	84.5%	-	148	49.0%	5.1%		22.5%	36.1%
Clay	80.4%	75.7%	W	91	61.1%	6.3%		14.2%	37.3%
Cleburne	74.5%	71.1%	-	112	72.3%	9.2%		12.1%	34.0%
Coffee	71.7%	75.6%	I	459	69.4%	5.7%		13.9%	36.7%
Colbert	77.1%	76.9%	-	395	63.4%	8.1%		14.0%	37.0%
Conecuh	62.3%	73.2%	I	68	47.9%	7.1%		20.9%	42.1%
Coosa	70.8%	78.7%	-	49	64.5%	7.1%		23.1%	44.8%
Covington	78.1%	82.8%	-	242	57.5%	8.1%		13.5%	35.8%
Crenshaw	70.2%	80.3%	I	85	54.5%	8.0%		18.2%	35.3%
Cullman	87.3%	74.2%	W	685	71.4%	10.0%		13.3%	35.7%
Dale	78.7%	76.8%	-	473	71.0%	6.1%		14.2%	41.8%
Dallas	59.9%	68.7%	-	201	43.4%	3.2%		14.8%	42.2%
De Kalb	47.5%	74.3%	I	537	68.1%	7.4%		14.3%	30.3%
Elmore	75.0%	79.8%	I	642	67.9%	5.4%		13.9%	34.8%
Escambia	72.5%	80.6%	I	275	61.4%	7.4%		17.0%	36.5%
Etowah	61.7%	68.3%	I	875	71.0%	8.6%		14.8%	36.2%
Fayette	79.6%	64.4%	-	123	62.4%	10.2%		17.9%	37.6%
Franklin	62.8%	59.5%	-	254	60.0%	8.1%		12.8%	36.6%
Geneva	76.2%	81.2%	-	154	56.8%	8.4%		17.1%	41.3%
Greene	56.6%	35.4%	-	29	33.7%	2.4%		18.0%	38.0%
Hale	77.4%	56.8%	W	99	51.3%	1.5%		15.2%	45.3%
Henry	76.8%	83.5%	I	107	59.8%	7.2%		13.1%	35.0%
Houston	79.3%	80.5%	-	881	65.9%	6.4%		14.4%	38.5%
Jackson	76.2%	81.2%	-	360	67.3%	10.7%		13.3%	35.6%
Jefferson	77.5%	68.7%	W	6,941	81.9%	1.9%		11.5%	34.6%
Lamar	84.7%	69.0%	W	77	63.1%	11.6%		19.3%	33.9%
Lauderdale	76.2%	71.2%	-	667	69.5%	7.9%		12.7%	32.3%
Lawrence	67.6%	79.5%	I	207	60.0%	12.9%		20.5%	32.7%
Lee	88.8%	83.1%	-	1,461	77.3%	1.7%		10.6%	30.8%
Limestone	69.1%	76.6%	I	695	72.9%	5.1%		11.2%	33.0%
Lowndes	68.8%	70.2%	-	61	42.4%	2.9%		14.2%	43.6%
Macon	78.3%	73.7%	-	79	51.0%	1.6%		14.5%	50.9%
Madison	64.5%	70.6%	-	3,165	77.4%	4.2%		11.9%	33.8%
Marengo	74.8%	72.3%	-	126	55.5%	4.0%		15.5%	45.0%
Marion	75.3%	77.6%	-	222	64.3%	14.2%		16.8%	38.2%
Marshall	52.2%	70.7%	I	772	55.1%	6.4%		10.0%	37.0%
Mobile	74.4%	77.6%	I	3,372	62.8%	5.1%		13.3%	37.8%
Monroe	67.5%	87.1%	I	148	63.2%	6.7%		19.9%	43.2%
Montgomery	70.1%	71.2%	-	1,747	55.2%	2.2%		15.2%	37.1%
Morgan	62.7%	67.0%	-	905	64.7%	7.6%		10.4%	35.6%
Perry	69.7%	62.0%	-	44	41.5%	3.3%		18.0%	46.8%
Pickens	76.0%	66.3%	-	104	55.6%	3.7%		16.8%	38.8%
Pike	68.9%	82.7%	I	213	55.5%	5.1%		14.2%	38.3%
Randolph	76.7%	70.2%	-	145	59.4%	9.7%		15.0%	34.0%
Russell	77.9%	78.7%	-	555	67.8%	2.2%		15.5%	38.9%
St. Clair	78.5%	75.1%	-	860	84.3%	6.7%		12.8%	36.7%
Shelby	79.2%	78.1%	-	1,959	88.8%	1.7%		9.4%	37.7%
Sumter	74.2%	73.4%	-	65	48.5%	2.1%		16.2%	43.1%
Talladega	75.2%	63.7%	W	535	61.8%	8.1%		14.6%	39.0%
Tallapoosa	82.9%	82.6%	W	202	50.5%	5.4%		11.3%	34.5%
Tuscaloosa	69.7%	56.6%	W	1,691	64.5%	2.2%		12.1%	36.1%
Walker	86.0%	77.3%	W	509	63.8%	12.6%		13.0%	39.4%
Washington	67.5%	87.9%	I	107	61.5%	7.9%		9.9%	31.9%
Wilcox	63.4%	70.3%	-	52	35.4%	4.7%		15.9%	49.8%
Winston	80.3%	80.2%	-	144	65.5%	11.1%		20.0%	35.6%
ALABAMA	72.8%	73.3%	-	40,195	69.0%	4.9%		12.5%	36.1%



Poor Mental Health Days

Ratio of Mental Health Providers to Population

Children With Serious Emotional Disturbance Receiving MH Services

Diet-Related Deaths (per 100,000)

2018		2020		2020		2009	2019
NUMBER		RATIO		NUMBER		RATE	
Autauga	4.9		3492:1		141	258.1	379.5
Baldwin	4.8		1015:1		1,900	344.1	358.4
Barbour	5.6		8229:1		206	292.6	384.8
Bibb	5.3		3732:1		97	421.6	267.9
Blount	5.4		5783:1		243	322.2	330.3
Bullock	5.4		3367:1		101	427.9	405.9
Butler	5.7		1768:1		84	450.8	545.0
Calhoun	5.7		817:1		605	425.1	367.1
Chambers	5.5		33254:1		392	509.9	532.3
Cherokee	5.6		4366:1		170	388.6	469.5
Chilton	5.5		1851:1		144	358.4	351.1
Choctaw	5.6		12589:1		64	500.4	587.8
Clarke	5.6		1390:1		181	449.3	592.7
Clay	5.7		6618:1		146	703.8	460.9
Cleburne	5.5		1864:1		109	467.5	355.5
Coffee	4.8		1309:1		174	472.9	408.8
Colbert	5.3		2762:1		654	369.7	394.6
Conecuh	5.8		1724:1		92	510.4	663.0
Coosa	5.4		10663:1		110	416.8	431.4
Covington	5.4		1425:1		245	455.3	510.1
Crenshaw	5.5		1530:1		112	406.4	435.7
Cullman	5.2		676:1		820	429.2	416.6
Dale	5.1		1046:1		76	411.2	347.8
Dallas	5.4		1617:1		230	479.4	427.5
De Kalb	5.9		3764:1		194	325.7	362.2
Elmore	4.9		4512:1		183	237.3	328.8
Escambia	5.6		1593:1		293	459.5	529.6
Etowah	5.4		825:1		477	528.7	410.7
Fayette	5.5		8151:1		168	518.1	411.0
Franklin	5.3		15681:1		344	511.4	382.6
Geneva	5.7		4379:1		46	496.9	491.0
Greene	5.8		8111:1		56	260.5	345.2
Hale	5.6		7326:1		101	356.1	457.3
Henry	5.4		5735:1		28	456.5	418.5
Houston	5.3		658:1		498	390.7	377.8
Jackson	5.7		2065:1		237	454.2	503.6
Jefferson	4.7		524:1		2,098	347.1	338.5
Lamar	5.8		6903:1		228	493.0	507.1
Lauderdale	5.1		635:1		961	398.4	364.5
Lawrence	5.5		784:1		305	439.8	461.7
Lee	5.1		1068:1		1,089	221.5	273.5
Limestone	4.8		1902:1		487	285.1	282.1
Lowndes	5.7	Unavailable			32	423.0	627.2
Macon	5.3		241:1		166	353.4	470.4
Madison	4.4		673:1		2,744	237.4	281.8
Marengo	5.4		2695:1		191	501.4	360.5
Marion	5.6		5942:1		336	556.4	568.9
Marshall	5.4		386:1		524	441.4	306.9
Mobile	4.9		998:1		4,769	373.6	413.8
Monroe	5.6		1091:1		158	397.5	448.6
Montgomery	4.9		622:1		729	342.7	375.3
Morgan	5.1		680:1		699	391.3	389.4
Perry	5.9		2231:1		68	489.5	381.0
Pickens	5.3		4983:1		63	525.5	461.6
Pike	5.3		1656:1		433	361.1	338.2
Randolph	5.4		4544:1		162	434.1	497.3
Russell	5.4		2147:1		409	369.7	405.4
St. Clair	5.3		4069:1		558	312.6	317.3
Shelby	4.4		1196:1		873	201.6	254.5
Sumter	5.4		6214:1		70	466.8	482.8
Talladega	5.6		4999:1		665	363.9	385.1
Tallapoosa	5.3		3364:1		371	443.8	535.1
Tuscaloosa	5.0		684:1		1,212	288.5	259.8
Walker	6.0		2049:1		446	359.3	392.0
Washington	5.6		3265:1		155	433.5	477.8
Wilcox	5.8		10373:1		84	290.7	462.7
Winston	5.6		7876:1		166	362.5	474.0
ALABAMA	4.9		923:1		31,057	358.4	364.7



Health Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

ADULT DIABETES

The estimated age-adjusted percentage of persons age 20 and older with diabetes, excluding gestational diabetes.

Source: US Diabetes Surveillance System; <https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/data>; Division of Diabetes Translation-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

ADULT OBESITY

The estimated age-adjusted percentage of persons age 20 and older who are obese, wherein obesity is a Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kilograms per meters squared.

Adult Body Mass Index (BMI) < 18.5 is underweight; BMI 18.5 to <25 is normal; BMI 25.0 to <30 is overweight; BMI 30 or greater is obese¹.

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. The State of Obesity in Alabama. <http://stateofobesity.org/states/al/>

BIRTHS TO FEMALES AGED 10-19

The number of live births to females aged 10 through 19 per 1,000 females in that age group.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

BIRTHS TO TEENS AGED 15-17

The number of live births to females aged 15-17 per 1,000 females in that age group. This number includes only births where the age of the mother is known.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

BIRTHS TO UNMARRIED FEMALES, AGED 10-19

The number of live births to unmarried females aged 10 through 19 expressed as a percentage of live births to women of all ages (includes only births where the age of the mother is known).

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

CHILDREN WITH SERIOUS EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE (SED) RECEIVING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

A child or adolescent, age 18 years or less with a mental health diagnosis who is either separated from family due to signs and symptoms resulting from the mental health diagnosis

or is experiencing functional impairment in the community, family, school, or work. Also the child/adolescent is experiencing substantial impairment with autonomous functioning, is experiencing symptoms associated with psychotic disorder or suicidal/homicidal ideation or gesture or is at risk of separation and in need of more restrictive treatment setting due to mental health diagnosis.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Mental Health.

CHILDREN WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE:

The number and percentage of children in the civilian non-institutionalized population without health insurance.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B27001, Health Insurance Coverage by Sex by Age.

DIET-RELATED DEATHS

The number of deaths related wholly or in part to diet-related causes per 100,000 population.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

NOTE: ¹ https://www.cdc.gov/healthyweight/assessing/bmi/adult_bmi/index.html#Why

FEMALES RECEIVING ADEQUATE PRENATAL CARE

Percentage of births wherein prenatal care was begun by the fourth month of pregnancy and 80.0 percent or more of the recommended prenatal visits were made. The data reported herein represent the sum of the “adequate” and “adequate plus” categories of the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Index, which is comprised of the following categories:

1. Adequate-Plus Care: prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 110 percent or more of the recommended visits were made.
2. Adequate Care: prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 80-109 percent of the recommended visits were made.
3. Intermediate Care: prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 50-79 percent of the recommended visits were made.
4. Inadequate Care: prenatal care that did not occur, began after the fourth month, or in which less than 50 percent of the recommended visits were made.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

For more information see, M. Kotelchuck, “An Evaluation of the Kessner Adequacy of Prenatal Care Index and a Proposed Adequacy of

Prenatal Care Utilization Index,” American Journal of Public Health, 1994, 84[9]:1, 414-1,420.

INFANT MORTALITY

The number of deaths of infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births.

Source: Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

LOW BIRTH WEIGHT

A weight at birth of less than 5.5 pounds or less than 2,500 grams. This number is expressed as a percentage of births with low birth weight out of all births where the birth weight is known.

Source: Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

MOTHERS WHO BREASTFED

The number of mothers who breastfed at birth, expressed as a percentage of all births (excluding those births for which the breastfeeding status was unknown).

Source: Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

LIST OF INDICATORS

- Adult Diabetes
- Adult Obesity
- Births to Females, Aged 10-19
- Births to Teens, Aged 15-17
- Births to Unmarried Females, Aged 10-19
- Children with SED Receiving MH Services
- Children Without Health Insurance
- Diet-Related Deaths
- Females Receiving Adequate/Adequate-Plus Prenatal Care
- Infant Mortality, All Races
- Low Birth Weight, All Races
- Mothers Who Breastfed
- Mothers Who Smoked
- Poor Mental Health Days
- Pre-term Births to All Mothers
- Ratio of Mental Health Providers to Population



Health Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

MOTHERS WHO SMOKED DURING PREGNANCY

The number of mothers who smoked at any trimester during pregnancy, expressed as a percentage of all births (excluding those births for which the smoking status was unknown).

Source: Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

PERCENT OF CHILDREN ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICAID

Eligible children, under age 21, as a percent of the Alabama child population.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Medicaid Agency.

POOR MENTAL HEALTH DAYS

Poor Mental Health Days measures the average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days. This measure is based on responses to the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) question: "Thinking about your mental health, which includes stress, depression and problems with emotions, for how many days during the past 30 days was your

mental health not good?" The value reported in the County Health Rankings is the average number of days a county's adult respondents report that their mental health was not good.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, <https://www.cdc.gov/500cities/>

PRE-TERM BIRTH

The percent of all live births that occurred at a gestational age of less than 37 weeks. This percent includes only births where the gestational age is known.

Source: Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

RATIO OF MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDERS TO POPULATION

Mental Health Providers is the ratio of the population to mental health providers. Mental health providers are defined as psychiatrists, psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, counselors, marriage and family therapists, and mental health providers that treat alcohol and other drug abuse, as well as advanced practice nurses specializing in mental health care.

The ratio represents the number of individuals served by one mental health provider in a county, if the population were equally distributed across providers.


Source: <http://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/alabama/2018/measure/factors/62/data>

* Complete state and county data profiles are available online at http://www.alavoces.org/alabama_kids_count

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoces.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoces.org/kids-count-geo/>.



Visit the national KIDS COUNT data center for access to hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and good policies for children and families at datacenter.kidscount.org.



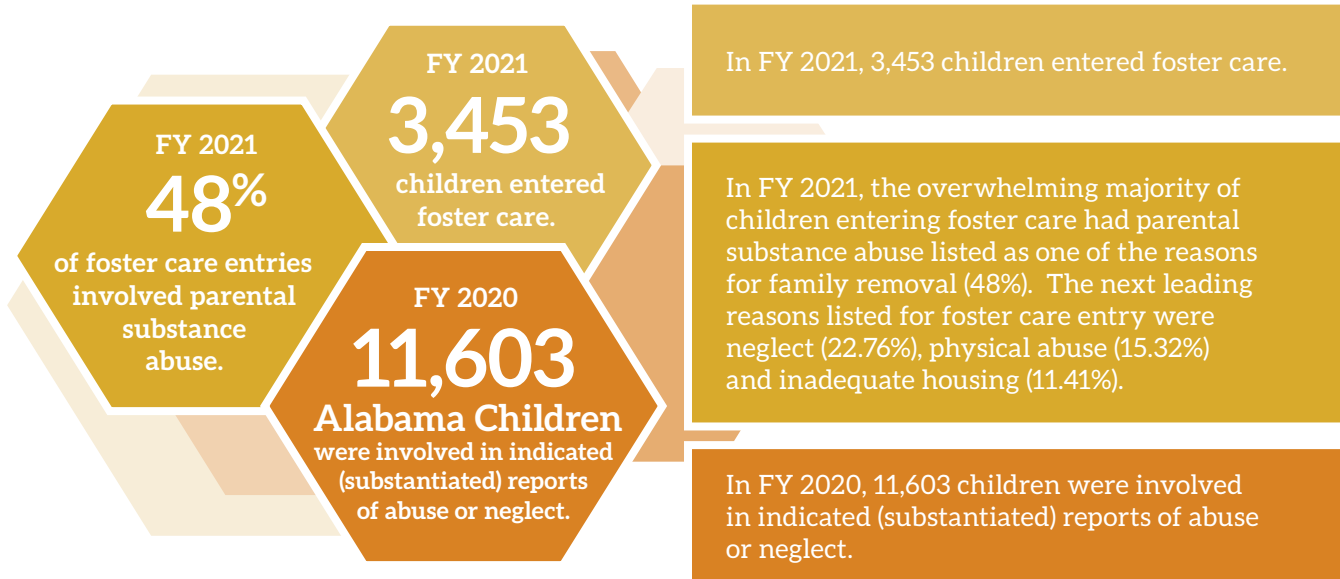
SAFETY & PERMANENCY

For the first time in this book's history, we are looking at child safety and permanency as a hand-in-hand relationship. The latest brain science and research on Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) reveal the fundamental importance of a child having at least one supportive, available, and stable parent or caregiver, also known as permanency. When a parent or caregiver is not able to adequately support their child; when a child experiences abuse or neglect; or when a child experiences multiple ACEs: all bets are off on healthy brain development, mental & physical health, academic achievement, and successful launches into adulthood. As COVID-19 has put more children at risk of isolation, neglect, and abuse, we must understand how permanency is the bedrock of children's safety, mental health, and development.



Safety & Permanency

KEY POINTS



FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION

The number of children subjected to abuse and/or neglect, and the number in need of preventative child welfare and foster care services are key indicators for child safety and family stress. Most often, these data points are the result of multiple reasons hindering a parent's ability to care for their child (i.e., poverty, a disability, lack of child care, etc). Research shows that when family stresses increase, the likelihood of child abuse and neglect also increases. While the state has seen increases in found cases of neglect or abuse, the inconsistent interfaces between children and mandatory reporters along with the exacerbated stresses/trauma COVID-19 caused to families in crisis, likely makes the need for child abuse and neglect interventions even greater.

What Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) are children more susceptible to in your community or region, and our state? These are the leading predictors of future health, education, safety, and financial challenges if left unaddressed.

Do you believe instances of child abuse and neglect in your community are accurately reported in this year's *Data Book*? Do you have the right programs and social services in place, such as school counselors and social workers, to help children and families deal with the trauma they are experiencing?

In addition to programs helping children mitigate the effects of trauma, are there programs and services for parents and caregivers your community can invest in to help reduce the stressors leading to Adverse Childhood Experiences and continued trauma?

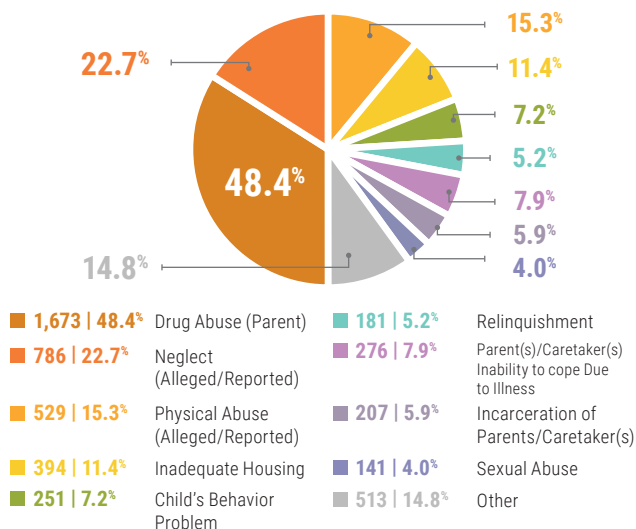
How do the changes in behaviors measured in this domain correlate to your community's educational outcomes? Are they following a similar trajectory?



Safety & Permanency

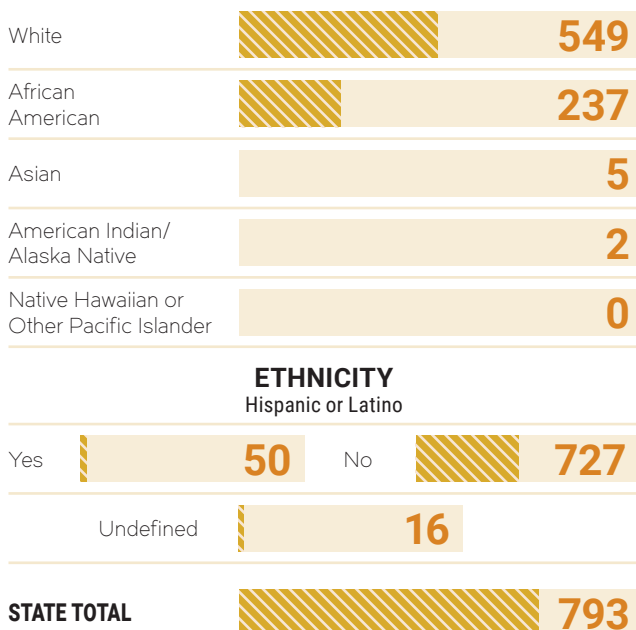
ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

REASONS LISTED FOR ENTRY INTO FOSTER CARE: FY 2021

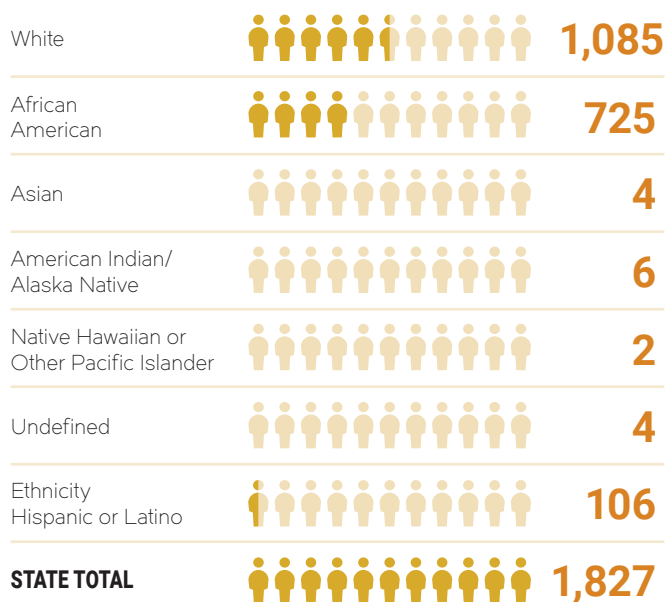


Please note some children have multiple reasons listed for foster care entry.
Total Foster Care Entries: 3,453, Total Reasons Listed: 4,951.

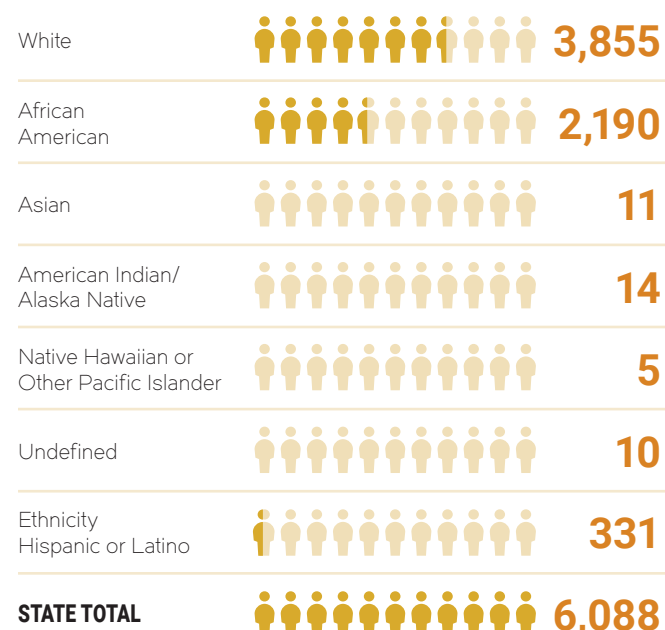
CHILDREN ADOPTED (CHILDREN IN DHR CUSTODY): 4/1/2020 - 3/31/2021



INDEPENDENT LIVING PROGRAM FOR YOUTH IN DHR CUSTODY, (AGES 14-20): MARCH 31, 2021











CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE (AGES 0-20): MARCH 31, 2021



CHILDREN WITH INDICATION OF ABUSE OR NEGLECT: FY 2020

Medical Neglect	462
Neglect Or Deprivation Of Necessities	19,324
Physical Abuse	20,462
Psychological Or Emotional Maltreatment	197
Sexual Abuse	5,632
Total Allegations	46,077
Total Reports Unduplicated	26,667
Total Child Victims Unduplicated	11,603



JUVENILE VIOLENT CRIME PETITIONS BY RACE: 2020

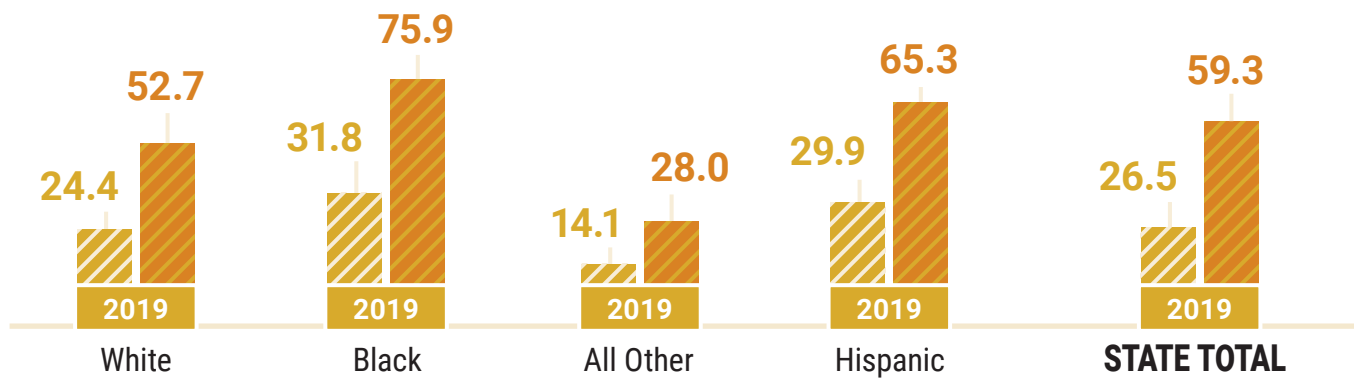
White	 1,421
Black	 753
Asian	 13
American Indian	 3
All Other	 19
Hispanic	 12
Unknown/Not Available	 6
STATE TOTAL	 2,227

“Fulfilling the fundamental need for safety and permanency empowers children to reach their full potential. Evaluating these key components of a successful upbringing in tandem can aid our efforts as child welfare professionals to better serve children now and in the future.”

- Alabama DHR Commissioner, Nancy Buckner

CHILD DEATH RATE AND PREVENTABLE TEEN DEATH RATE: 2009 | 2019

 **Children** (Ages 1-14)  **Teens** (Ages 15-19)
All Races (per 100,000) All Races (per 100,000)



STATE TOTAL 2009 Child Death Rate (Ages 1-14): 23.2 | Preventable Teen Death Rate (Ages 15-19): 51.4



	Children with Indication of Abuse or Neglect*		Child Death Rate (per 100,000)			Preventable Teen Death Rate (per 100,000)			Children in Foster Care		Children Adopted	
	2009	FY2020	2009	2019	2009-19	2009	2019	2009-19	2013	2021	2013	2021
	RATE		RATE		TREND	RATE		TREND	NUMBER		NUMBER	
Autauga	5.1	7.2	17.3	9.4	-	51.0	109.3	-	19	48	2	9
Baldwin	9.6	7.6	32.0	20.4	-	34.9	68.8	-	86	208	9	10
Barbour	5.4	21.9	18.4	0.0	-	0.0	142.7	-	15	38	3	1
Bibb	17.3	37.3	48.9	0.0	-	68.7	156.4	-	13	47	1	17
Blount	6.6	25.7	8.6	9.1	-	53.5	83.6	-	72	63	10	16
Bullock	11.1	27.4	0.0	0.0	-	138.7	0.0	-	16	10	1	0
Butler	9.7	25.1	0.0	56.4	-	75.4	87.0	-	24	10	0	0
Calhoun	10.7	20.5	49.5	49.7	-	53.0	26.9	-	201	426	18	38
Chambers	3.4	5.0	31.5	0.0	-	185.9	55.0	-	26	63	16	11
Cherokee	17.8	20.6	47.8	0.0	-	213.1	271.6	-	28	25	1	9
Chilton	5.9	12.1	11.5	45.8	-	103.7	35.2	-	118	111	19	19
Choctaw	10.4	6.9	74.9	49.8	-	216.9	137.4	-	0	30	0	1
Clarke	3.9	7.7	18.4	0.0	-	0.0	134.4	-	9	13	0	0
Clay	7.9	8.6	42.7	90.1	-	224.2	0.0	-	14	8	0	0
Cleburne	27.2	20.8	0.0	35.9	-	95.9	112.7	-	60	42	7	5
Coffee	6.8	13.9	20.7	29.2	-	64.0	90.9	-	53	44	5	6
Colbert	7.5	15.6	30.7	31.1	-	83.1	131.9	-	81	74	17	8
Conecuh	6.7	16.2	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	146.8	-	21	40	0	11
Coosa	8.1	15.6	59.0	69.3	-	0.0	0.0	-	2	20	2	0
Covington	10.9	23.5	43.9	29.6	-	0.0	47.5	-	31	55	0	11
Crenshaw	6.6	9.7	36.6	0.0	-	0.0	232.8	-	12	11	1	1
Cullman	19.8	24.3	12.7	32.0	-	96.4	60.0	-	148	177	16	23
Dale	9.8	13.6	39.5	0.0	-	65.1	34.4	-	17	53	0	2
Dallas	3.8	3.5	42.5	14.0	I	31.9	79.0	-	62	37	7	1
De Kalb	14.8	15.0	27.1	35.6	-	43.6	62.5	-	70	101	10	19
Elmore	6.5	5.6	31.5	26.7	-	111.5	20.0	-	23	80	3	3
Escambia	8.7	18.3	0.0	14.6	-	161.4	232.8	-	42	38	6	9
Etowah	15.1	19.7	30.1	50.1	-	29.9	65.3	-	122	220	16	39
Fayette	8.8	17.2	0.0	0.0	-	256.0	219.3	-	7	9	1	4
Franklin	6.0	10.7	15.2	0.0	-	101.3	149.3	-	59	48	3	22
Geneva	10.0	12.1	21.7	42.4	-	124.1	247.2	-	21	36	2	7
Greene	9.4	9.9	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	211.9	-	10	11	0	0
Hale	6.5	9.4	27.6	70.3	W	75.1	0.0	-	3	19	0	0
Henry	7.8	11.4	0.0	0.0	-	97.3	200.6	-	24	15	1	3
Houston	8.6	19.7	14.7	25.0	-	61.9	15.1	-	128	175	4	15
Jackson	13.5	17.4	61.7	0.0	-	58.5	32.5	-	118	102	6	29
Jefferson	9.2	6.7	16.7	35.8	-	41.2	76.1	-	1,020	782	89	93
Lamar	7.6	18.6	39.5	41.5	-	0.0	123.3	-	26	4	3	10
Lauderdale	14.5	27.4	12.9	13.5	I	51.7	32.9	-	139	131	11	29
Lawrence	6.4	29.2	0.0	34.1	-	43.0	52.4	-	38	78	1	9
Lee	12.2	5.4	24.6	34.4	-	50.1	45.2	-	75	91	10	22
Limestone	7.7	7.0	0.0	33.2	-	41.2	32.2	-	67	96	8	8
Lowndes	10.5	3.8	0.0	55.1	-	112.7	0.0	-	10	9	1	0
Macon	10.7	7.4	28.5	0.0	-	0.0	129.2	-	22	13	1	5
Madison	3.9	3.9	14.0	17.9	-	53.7	41.4	-	342	468	63	52
Marengo	8.0	19.5	46.9	85.3	-	0.0	86.2	-	9	29	1	7
Marion	15.4	15.0	38.3	19.8	-	0.0	56.8	-	22	17	14	3
Marshall	18.8	13.5	19.9	19.7	-	0.0	64.8	-	126	147	34	22
Mobile	9.9	8.7	22.7	26.2	-	40.1	34.3	-	495	442	18	39
Monroe	0.7	5.7	21.6	28.2	-	183.0	0.0	-	1	0	0	0
Montgomery	8.6	9.7	42.8	13.5	-	29.5	53.6	-	201	218	13	10
Morgan	7.0	11.1	37.8	48.7	-	77.0	40.9	-	149	133	13	22
Perry	10.2	15.3	87.3	0.0	-	0.0	117.8	-	1	11	2	0
Pickens	14.0	5.8	54.9	31.8	-	74.7	0.0	-	3	16	0	4
Pike	4.6	22.1	0.0	19.0	-	75.0	68.8	-	40	32	8	3
Randolph	11.2	10.0	0.0	25.1	-	126.5	139.2	-	8	30	3	3
Russell	17.1	10.3	29.3	25.4	-	57.6	87.0	-	107	86	9	3
St. Clair	8.4	14.4	12.6	41.7	-	20.0	0.0	-	78	67	13	10
Shelby	5.9	5.8	11.8	7.3	-	24.3	13.7	-	143	155	9	15
Sumter	1.7	6.8	41.6	0.0	-	0.0	99.3	-	3	6	0	0
Talladega	9.9	13.5	19.4	21.9	-	94.0	139.4	-	81	73	7	11
Tallapoosa	4.8	12.1	13.4	14.6	-	38.0	91.6	-	17	56	1	13
Tuscaloosa	8.7	6.2	20.2	29.9	-	18.1	29.4	-	166	146	17	20
Walker	10.6	21.4	23.1	42.8	-	96.5	0.0	-	44	126	4	25
Washington	13.4	10.0	90.6	69.3	-	160.9	0.0	-	4	42	2	0
Wilcox	7.6	6.9	34.5	51.0	-	0.0	259.7	-	0	0	0	0
Winston	13.0	33.2	23.1	25.5	-	0.0	73.6	-	33	77	0	6
ALABAMA	9.3	11.1	23.2	26.5	-	51.4	59.3	-	5,225	6,088	542	793

NOTE: * The "Rate" for this indicator is (per 1,000).



ILP Ages 14 and Older		Children in Protective Services	Teens Not Attending School/Not Working		Juvenile Violent Crime Court Petition Rate (per 1,000)			Youth Incarcerations Before and After Juvenile Justice Act	
MARCH 31, 2021		MARCH, 2021	2000	2015-19	2010	2020	2010-20	BEFORE	AFTER
NUMBER		NUMBER	PERCENT		RATE		TREND	2004-2009 CY	2010-2020 CY
Autauga	16	59	12.6%	4.3%	4.2	1.0	-	20	13
Baldwin	71	229	9.3%	6.5%	6.4	4.5	-	114	289
Barbour	12	51	18.9%	9.9%	8.6	2.5	I	18	8
Bibb	8	125	15.1%	2.7%	9.9	9.0	-	13	4
Blount	23	266	14.0%	17.6%	2.9	1.3	-	30	19
Bullock	6	21	17.4%	16.7%	9.3	2.2	-	1	0
Butler	5	34	13.1%	8.2%	12.2	3.0	-	1	12
Calhoun	103	184	10.0%	6.4%	7.9	5.1	I	5	126
Chambers	10	54	9.2%	13.6%	11.3	2.0	-	100	8
Cherokee	5	15	16.9%	7.5%	2.5	9.8	-	20	30
Chilton	33	57	11.3%	7.3%	5.6	3.0	-	27	13
Choctaw	8	15	9.8%	2.3%	3.1	0.9	-	6	7
Clarke	3	9	15.6%	12.2%	13.6	9.9	-	7	26
Clay	2	29	10.4%	3.1%	5.0	3.3	-	20	5
Cleburne	7	37	11.8%	7.1%	7.7	1.3	-	10	7
Coffee	17	74	14.9%	7.3%	5.2	3.5	-	17	56
Colbert	20	167	9.4%	6.9%	5.7	5.5	-	81	42
Conecuh	8	18	12.9%	19.9%	10.4	1.8	-	22	6
Coosa	5	14	15.7%	7.3%	0.8	2.5	-	1	10
Covington	26	108	13.8%	8.4%	8.4	2.7	-	19	7
Crenshaw	4	17	11.1%	8.7%	0.6	0.0	-	13	4
Cullman	45	229	11.0%	10.5%	9.2	2.7	I	104	82
Dale	3	49	9.4%	10.4%	11.7	4.4	I	82	64
Dallas	13	185	14.2%	12.2%	4.6	4.7	-	46	29
De Kalb	21	85	12.0%	7.2%	6.4	3.2	-	23	14
Elmore	22	79	13.6%	15.2%	9.5	4.9	-	16	32
Escambia	11	54	18.4%	11.4%	5.4	5.7	-	17	25
Etowah	53	242	14.7%	7.8%	6.6	3.6	I	7	62
Fayette	4	28	14.1%	3.8%	6.8	3.2	-	6	10
Franklin	13	17	10.6%	9.5%	9.9	2.3	I	66	43
Geneva	7	22	9.5%	14.6%	5.5	4.8	-	43	30
Greene	6	1	21.3%	0.0%	3.4	0.0	-	1	4
Hale	8	56	17.5%	21.9%	5.1	0.7	-	28	16
Henry	9	13	10.1%	19.2%	6.5	8.3	-	29	30
Houston	50	432	8.9%	10.4%	9.7	4.9	-	80	163
Jackson	15	33	12.3%	7.7%	6.5	1.2	I	27	20
Jefferson	257	1,419	10.5%	7.8%	7.2	1.8	I	***	305
Lamar	1	15	9.4%	5.4%	0.0	0.0	-	5	1
Lauderdale	53	210	8.4%	3.3%	9.6	75.1	-	129	80
Lawrence	20	89	14.3%	12.3%	6.0	2.1	-	9	11
Lee	42	255	4.2%	3.6%	7.5	2.8	-	193	79
Limestone	33	73	11.6%	5.4%	5.6	2.3	-	43	21
Lowndes	3	0	17.6%	7.2%	10.6	4.3	-	10	11
Macon	6	32	7.8%	13.5%	38.3	0.0	I	10	9
Madison	123	603	8.2%	5.2%	7.3	2.4	I	516	223
Marengo	10	72	15.2%	5.3%	16.8	3.6	I	96	45
Marion	6	30	11.0%	15.7%	8.6	4.2	-	22	19
Marshall	50	282	11.7%	6.1%	11.1	2.2	I	147	51
Mobile	143	980	10.7%	8.7%	12.8	4.7	I	1,362	1,351
Monroe	0	35	13.4%	24.4%	0.9	3.8	W	6	16
Montgomery	94	293	12.2%	10.6%	12.2	2.6	-	454	206
Morgan	51	149	11.0%	5.4%	5.1	4.0	-	73	81
Perry	0	24	17.6%	4.3%	15.3	4.8	-	10	21
Pickens	4	14	9.6%	14.4%	12.5	5.2	-	29	34
Pike	11	59	9.8%	5.1%	16.0	8.1	-	94	32
Randolph	4	24	10.0%	6.5%	3.7	2.7	-	7	8
Russell	20	104	10.1%	13.3%	13.6	3.2	I	61	52
St. Clair	20	300	10.3%	6.7%	12.6	5.2	I	10	6
Shelby	56	405	6.8%	4.2%	4.4	1.9	I	537	446
Sumter	1	4	12.0%	18.4%	4.4	2.0	-	19	4
Talladega	24	314	12.4%	10.2%	3.2	2.0	-	61	42
Tallapoosa	13	44	12.3%	21.5%	9.2	8.6	-	17	21
Tuscaloosa	46	156	7.1%	3.4%	17.5	4.3	I	477	267
Walker	31	160	12.1%	6.4%	2.5	0.8	-	94	83
Washington	17	15	13.8%	18.4%	3.4	1.3	I	7	8
Wilcox	0	22	17.9%	8.7%	15.5	5.8	-	16	8
Winston	16	65	8.6%	13.6%	2.0	2.7	-	4	11
ALABAMA	1,827	9,355	10.7%	7.8%	8.4	4.5	I	5,602	4,801



Safety & Permanency Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

CHILD DEATH RATE

The number of deaths from all causes to children aged 1-14 per 100,000 children in that age group.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

CHILDREN ADOPTED

The number of children aged 0-17 whose adoptions were finalized during the years specified. Note: Data may include a minimal number of cases where the person was 18 years of age or older.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Family Services Division, Office of Data Analysis.

CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE

The number of children under 20 years of age receiving foster care on March 31, for the years specified.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Family Services Division, Office of Data Analysis.

CHILDREN IN PROTECTIVE SERVICES

Number of children who are not in foster care and remain in the custody of their family or primary caretaker and for whom the Department offers services to maintain safety, stability and child well-being. Services are provided to the family unit. A family may

request services, but most on-going cases follow an investigation of child abuse/neglect and services are needed to safely maintain the child with the family.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Family Services Division, Office of Data Analysis.

CHILDREN WITH INDICATION OF ABUSE OR NEGLECT

The number of children with indication of abuse or neglect per 1,000 children under 18. This measure involves instances of child abuse or neglect where both credible evidence and the professional judgment of the social worker substantiate that an alleged perpetrator is responsible for harming the child. Data reported are for the fiscal year.

SOURCE: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Family Services Division, Office of Data Analysis.

ILP AGES 14 AND OLDER

The number of children (ages 14 to 20) that are approaching the age of emancipation from care and participate in specialized services to learn critical skills to live successfully as an adult. Examples of ILP services are: Independent living needs assessment, academic support, post-secondary educational support, career preparation, employment programs or vocational training, housing education and home management training, budget and financial management, health education and risk prevention, family support

and healthy marriage education, mentoring, supervised independent living, room and board financial assistance, and education financial assistance.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Family Services Division, Office of Data Analysis.

JUVENILE COURT VIOLENT CRIME PETITION RATE

The number of juvenile court petitions filed for the commission of violent crimes, divided by the total population of youth aged 10 through 17, multiplied by 1,000.

Violent crimes include homicide, rape, robbery, assault (first, second and third degree), domestic violence and other selected crimes. For the purposes of this report, a juvenile petition is a sworn, written document signed by a person 18 years of age or older who has knowledge of specific facts or is informed of facts alleging that a child is delinquent and believes that those facts are true. A petition gives the juvenile court jurisdiction once it is filed with the clerk of the court. A petition is only filed with the clerk of the court after an intake officer has determined that the court has subject matter jurisdiction, venue, probable cause and the filing of the petition is in the best interest of the public and/or the child. Allegations of a juvenile delinquency petition are treated by the same standards of sufficiency as a criminal complaint or indictment (i.e., it is a charging instrument).

placing the accused on due process notice of the nature of the pending charge against him or her).

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Administrative Office of Courts, Family Court Division; The Sentencing Commission's statute §12-25-32 for the purpose of defining a violent offense (section 15).

PREVENTABLE TEEN DEATH RATE

The number of deaths from homicide, suicide, and accidents to persons aged 15 through 19 per 100,000 persons in that age group.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

TEENS NOT ATTENDING SCHOOL/NOT WORKING

The percent of youth aged 16-19 who are not enrolled in school and who are unemployed or not in the labor force.

Note: Different methodologies were used in producing base year versus current-year data for this indicator; hence, caution should be used in making comparisons over these two time periods.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census of Population, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Summary Tape File 3, Table P38, Released 2002; and U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Table B14005.

YOUTH INCARCERATIONS BEFORE AND AFTER THE ALABAMA JUVENILE JUSTICE ACT OF 2008

Status offenders as defined in Section 12-15-201(4), Ala. Code 1975, below, generally can no longer be detained in a secure detention effective 10/1/2009 as a result of The Alabama Juvenile Justice Act of 2008.

STATUS OFFENDER: A status offender is an individual who has been charged with or adjudicated for conduct that would not, pursuant to the law of the jurisdiction in which the offense was committed, be a crime if committed by an adult.

Status offenses include, but are not limited to, the following:
a. Truancy. b. Violations of municipal ordinances applicable only to children. c. Runaway. d. Beyond control. e. Consumption or possession of tobacco products. f. Possession and consumption of alcohol, which is a status offense by federal law, even though considered a delinquent act by state law. g. Driving under the influence pursuant to Section 32-5A-191(b), which is a status offense by federal law, even though considered a delinquent act by state law."

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Administrative Office of Courts, Family Court Division

* Complete state and county data profiles are available online at http://www.alavoces.org/alabama_kids_count

LIST OF INDICATORS

- Child Death Rate
- Children Adopted
- Children in Foster Care
- Children in Protective Services
- Children with an Indication of Abuse or Neglect
- Independent Living Program (ILP) Ages 14 and Older
- Juvenile Violent Crime Court Petition Rate
- Preventable Teen Death Rate
- Teens Not Attending School/Not Working
- Youth Incarcerations Before and After Juvenile Justice Act

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoces.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoces.org/kids-count-geo/>.

Visit the national KIDS COUNT data center for access to hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and good policies for children and families at datacenter.kidscount.org.



ECONOMIC SECURITY

Financial stability is the cornerstone of family health, wellbeing, and success. A family of four (two adults/two children) making a household income of \$24,750 or less, is considered living in poverty, and children are significantly more likely to experience toxic stress and multiple Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs). With nearly 800,000 individuals living in poverty, Alabama is one of the poorest states in the country, and it is becoming poorer. The effects of the state's increased poverty rate are observed in every indicator measured by this report.



Economic Security

KEY POINTS



FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION

Over the last twenty years, the percentage of families living in poverty has increased. This increase includes more children living in extreme poverty or households with a total household income of \$12,875 or less in 2019. However, over the last few years, the percentage of children living in food deserts, participating in the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), enrolling in the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) program, or receiving child care subsidies has decreased.

Why are so many children living in households experiencing extreme poverty?

Why are children of color more likely to live in poverty than white children?

How does the number of children living in poverty affect your community's health, safety, and education outcomes?

Why is the number of individuals living in poverty increasing but the number of families seeking support declining? Are reductions in social services due to a decreased need or changes to the programs' eligibility requirements?

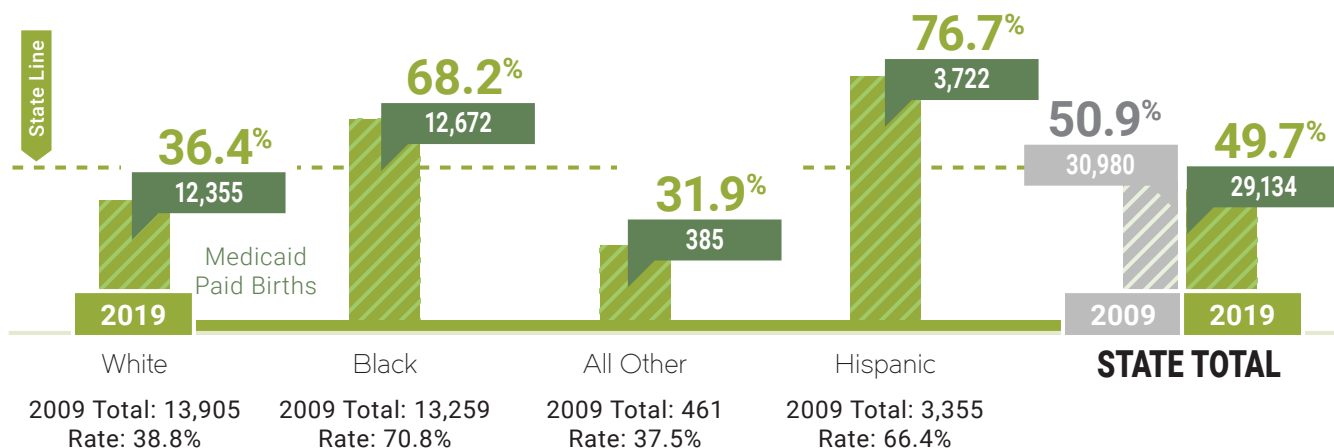


Economic Security

ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

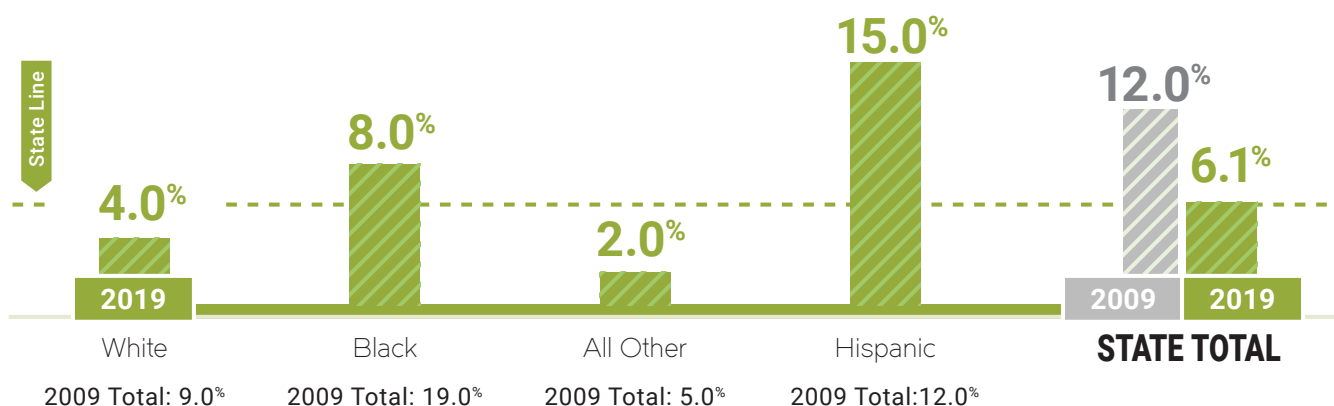
MEDICAID PAID BIRTHS
(ALL WOMEN): 2019

Medicaid Paid Births



*Total excludes unknown payment status.

VULNERABLE FAMILIES: 2019*



*** Vulnerable Families represent first births to unmarried teenage mothers not finishing high school, expressed as a percentage of first births to women of all ages. This includes only births where the birth order is known.**

EMPLOYED MOTHERS WITH YOUNG CHILDREN: 2000 | 2015-2019



Security and employment are not the same thing for some families.

YEAR	NUMBER	RATE
2000	139,364	56.6%
2015-19	135,284	63.5%

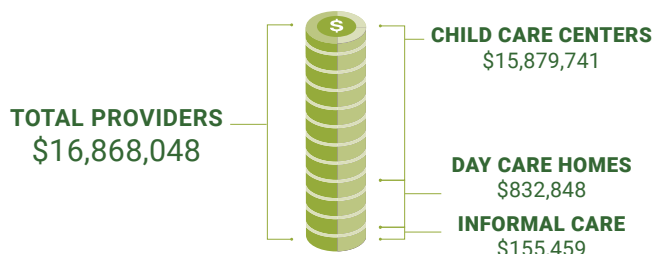
CHILDREN IN EXTREME POVERTY: 2000 | 2015-2019



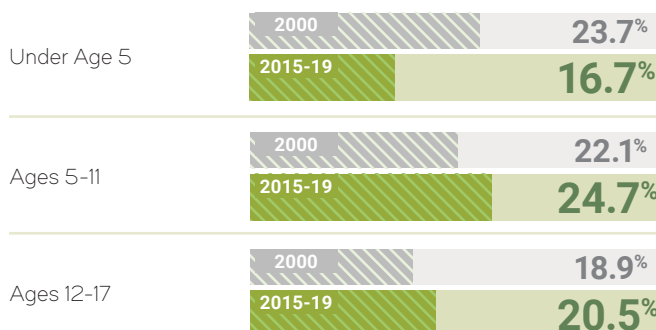
11.2% or 120,423 of all children in Alabama live in extreme poverty.

YEAR	NUMBER	RATE
2000	112,551	10.2%
2015-19	120,423	11.2%

CHILD CARE SUBSIDIES: JUNE 2021



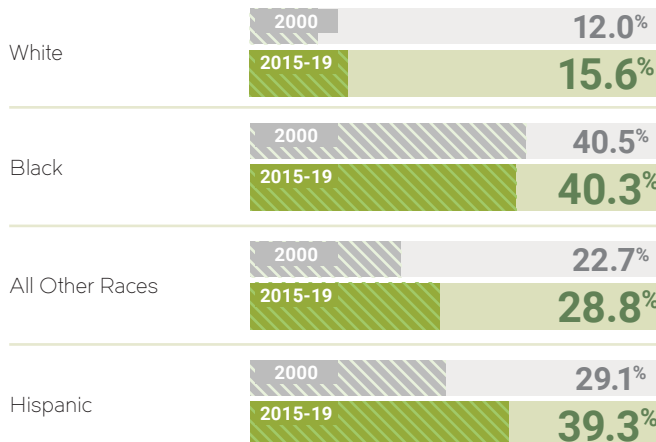
CHILDREN IN POVERTY BY AGE: 2000 | 2015-2019



WIC CASE LOAD AND SNAP ELIGIBLE (ALL AGES): 2020 | 2021

WIC CASE LOAD (Monthly)	SNAP ELIGIBLE (All Ages)
FY 2020	2021
116,056	690,654
2019 115,448	2016*** 818,250
SNAP ELIGIBLE (Under 20)	SNAP RECIPIENTS (All Ages)
2021	2021
358,434	684,772
2016 411,139	2016** 803,904

CHILDREN IN POVERTY BY RACE: 2000 | 2015-2019





	Persons in Poverty		Children in Poverty		Children Under Age 5 in Poverty		Children Aged 5-11 in Poverty		Children Aged 12-17 in Poverty	
	2000	2015-19	2000	2015-19	2000	2015-19	2000	2015-19	2000	2015-19
	PERCENT		PERCENT		PERCENT		PERCENT		PERCENT	
Autauga	10.9%	15.2%	13.7%	23.2%	13.6%	15.2%	12.2%	24.8%	15.7%	22.8%
Baldwin	10.1%	10.4%	13.4%	13.4%	16.1%	10.4%	12.5%	14.1%	12.5%	11.0%
Barbour	26.8%	30.7%	37.3%	50.1%	47.9%	30.7%	34.2%	51.5%	33.4%	41.9%
Bibb	20.6%	18.1%	28.1%	29.5%	29.8%	18.1%	31.2%	33.2%	23.2%	35.7%
Blount	11.7%	13.6%	13.5%	18.4%	11.7%	13.6%	15.2%	19.7%	13.0%	14.9%
Bullock	33.5%	28.9%	45.0%	53.6%	59.8%	28.9%	45.1%	64.5%	35.1%	35.0%
Butler	24.6%	22.5%	31.6%	34.5%	33.2%	22.5%	35.3%	35.5%	26.3%	28.4%
Calhoun	16.1%	17.9%	23.0%	25.6%	26.6%	17.9%	23.1%	25.8%	20.1%	23.5%
Chambers	17.0%	17.3%	22.7%	25.5%	24.4%	17.3%	25.0%	21.4%	18.4%	25.7%
Cherokee	15.6%	13.9%	21.3%	15.3%	20.0%	13.9%	24.8%	16.8%	18.3%	18.4%
Chilton	15.7%	19.1%	19.9%	22.7%	21.0%	19.1%	19.3%	17.9%	19.7%	25.2%
Choctaw	24.5%	23.3%	34.8%	38.9%	41.8%	23.3%	35.1%	43.7%	29.6%	31.3%
Clarke	22.6%	23.2%	29.8%	27.6%	30.8%	23.2%	29.5%	22.5%	29.4%	29.2%
Clay	17.1%	17.9%	22.1%	24.3%	20.7%	17.9%	19.1%	18.5%	27.4%	24.5%
Cleburne	13.9%	17.3%	16.2%	27.0%	16.1%	17.3%	16.9%	29.8%	15.7%	24.0%
Coffee	14.7%	15.1%	22.5%	24.3%	27.2%	15.1%	22.4%	22.4%	19.4%	21.7%
Colbert	14.0%	15.5%	18.6%	21.1%	20.6%	15.5%	18.6%	22.9%	17.0%	15.9%
Conecuh	26.6%	17.6%	36.2%	26.5%	40.7%	17.6%	37.3%	38.4%	32.0%	18.2%
Coosa	14.9%	13.5%	19.5%	22.7%	17.9%	13.5%	19.9%	32.6%	20.3%	22.0%
Covington	18.4%	18.6%	24.0%	28.7%	27.5%	18.6%	24.1%	32.2%	21.4%	26.5%
Crenshaw	22.1%	15.2%	28.7%	20.9%	32.9%	15.2%	29.2%	10.7%	25.4%	26.7%
Cullman	13.0%	14.9%	14.9%	19.5%	15.1%	14.9%	16.2%	24.2%	13.3%	16.5%
Dale	15.1%	17.6%	19.6%	27.7%	24.3%	17.6%	20.5%	30.5%	14.4%	21.7%
Dallas	31.1%	29.1%	41.0%	46.1%	51.7%	29.1%	42.2%	44.6%	32.3%	41.1%
De Kalb	15.4%	21.1%	18.8%	31.3%	20.7%	21.1%	19.4%	31.3%	16.6%	29.8%
Elmore	10.2%	11.5%	14.4%	15.2%	14.9%	11.5%	15.3%	16.0%	12.8%	14.1%
Escambia	20.9%	22.2%	25.0%	31.1%	29.9%	22.2%	23.6%	29.1%	23.2%	33.8%
Etowah	15.7%	17.4%	22.3%	28.9%	25.4%	17.4%	22.8%	29.2%	19.2%	24.3%
Fayette	17.3%	19.4%	21.3%	27.7%	21.9%	19.4%	22.6%	25.7%	19.5%	23.9%
Franklin	18.9%	19.4%	24.9%	36.0%	26.3%	19.4%	27.4%	36.1%	20.8%	24.7%
Geneva	19.6%	22.0%	27.6%	32.8%	27.6%	22.0%	31.1%	44.8%	23.8%	20.5%
Greene	34.3%	38.1%	44.1%	55.1%	49.3%	38.1%	46.1%	67.3%	38.0%	69.7%
Hale	26.9%	24.2%	34.1%	36.9%	42.2%	24.2%	33.2%	43.0%	28.6%	16.0%
Henry	19.1%	13.8%	27.2%	19.4%	26.5%	13.8%	34.2%	23.0%	20.6%	16.0%
Houston	15.0%	18.2%	21.3%	27.5%	25.8%	18.2%	21.0%	27.6%	18.4%	22.7%
Jackson	13.7%	18.6%	17.3%	24.2%	20.7%	18.6%	18.9%	23.9%	12.8%	21.9%
Jefferson	14.8%	16.0%	20.4%	22.8%	22.6%	16.0%	21.3%	24.0%	17.7%	18.2%
Lamar	16.1%	20.6%	19.3%	33.5%	23.8%	20.6%	20.5%	37.6%	15.3%	12.2%
Lauderdale	14.4%	14.6%	18.8%	18.0%	22.0%	14.6%	19.5%	17.3%	15.8%	19.6%
Lawrence	15.3%	18.0%	16.9%	24.4%	16.7%	18.0%	17.0%	23.7%	17.0%	23.8%
Lee	21.8%	19.6%	16.5%	18.8%	17.9%	19.6%	17.3%	16.5%	14.4%	19.5%
Limestone	12.3%	13.6%	16.3%	20.2%	20.5%	13.6%	16.4%	20.6%	12.7%	19.7%
Lowndes	31.4%	26.8%	41.8%	38.7%	47.5%	26.8%	41.3%	46.6%	38.5%	40.5%
Macon	32.8%	24.4%	44.1%	37.0%	45.7%	24.4%	42.5%	35.3%	44.9%	30.6%
Madison	10.5%	12.5%	14.3%	18.0%	16.8%	12.5%	14.5%	18.7%	12.2%	11.9%
Marengo	25.9%	21.9%	33.9%	30.9%	37.2%	21.9%	33.8%	38.0%	31.7%	16.7%
Marion	15.6%	17.5%	19.0%	23.3%	18.7%	17.5%	19.3%	18.5%	18.8%	23.4%
Marshall	14.7%	20.3%	18.5%	32.7%	18.8%	20.3%	19.3%	36.2%	17.4%	27.2%
Mobile	18.5%	18.8%	26.5%	28.6%	29.7%	18.8%	28.0%	28.4%	22.1%	25.1%
Monroe	21.3%	27.9%	27.0%	35.0%	28.9%	27.9%	24.9%	33.2%	27.8%	38.5%
Montgomery	17.3%	19.4%	25.3%	30.6%	26.0%	19.4%	27.0%	30.7%	22.5%	28.9%
Morgan	12.3%	14.6%	16.1%	20.7%	18.8%	14.6%	16.5%	20.5%	13.5%	16.6%
Perry	35.4%	30.8%	49.2%	44.2%	47.6%	30.8%	47.6%	48.9%	52.4%	47.3%
Pickens	24.9%	22.7%	34.5%	38.5%	35.1%	22.7%	33.8%	45.5%	34.7%	22.6%
Pike	23.1%	24.4%	30.0%	32.4%	38.3%	24.4%	28.9%	33.0%	24.5%	26.5%
Randolph	17.0%	16.9%	22.5%	28.1%	21.8%	16.9%	24.0%	33.8%	21.2%	12.6%
Russell	19.9%	20.7%	26.8%	29.8%	29.1%	20.7%	27.4%	36.4%	24.4%	19.5%
St. Clair	12.1%	12.2%	15.5%	14.7%	13.4%	12.2%	16.6%	15.0%	15.9%	11.3%
Shelby	6.3%	7.5%	7.4%	8.9%	6.7%	7.5%	8.3%	8.2%	6.9%	8.9%
Sumter	38.7%	31.8%	47.7%	42.1%	48.6%	31.8%	49.7%	54.0%	44.4%	31.3%
Talladega	17.6%	19.1%	24.8%	26.8%	29.1%	19.1%	25.4%	29.6%	21.1%	20.8%
Tallapoosa	16.6%	18.9%	24.6%	31.3%	27.1%	18.9%	26.2%	33.0%	20.9%	25.3%
Tuscaloosa	17.0%	17.7%	19.7%	21.2%	22.9%	17.7%	20.7%	22.3%	16.0%	18.4%
Walker	16.5%	18.1%	21.2%	25.0%	22.3%	18.1%	21.3%	25.1%	20.2%	22.8%
Washington	18.5%	21.1%	21.8%	35.5%	21.0%	21.1%	22.4%	24.5%	21.7%	36.3%
Wilcox	39.9%	30.1%	48.5%	44.3%	44.6%	30.1%	51.0%	44.0%	48.8%	39.2%
Winston	17.1%	17.6%	22.0%	25.3%	22.7%	17.6%	23.7%	25.9%	19.6%	32.2%
ALABAMA	16.1%	16.7%	21.5%	23.9%	23.7%	16.7%	22.1%	24.7%	18.9%	20.5%



	Children in Extreme Poverty		Vulnerable Families			Children Under 18 in Single-Parent Families		Employed Mothers with Young Children		Children Receiving Child Care Subsidies (All Centers)	
	2000	2015-19	2009	2019	2009-19	2000	2015-19	2000	2015-19	June, 2021	
	PERCENT		PERCENT		TREND	PERCENT		PERCENT		CHILDREN	DOLLARS
Autauga	6.6%	9.6%	10.1%	4.4%	-	22.7%	24.7%	60.2%	62.8%	373	\$165,452
Baldwin	5.3%	5.7%	9.6%	6.3%	-	22.3%	22.4%	58.7%	62.0%	1,078	\$483,465
Barbour	19.4%	31.5%	17.3%	7.6%	-	39.9%	51.0%	50.6%	48.2%	66	\$22,167
Bibb	13.2%	17.0%	17.0%	4.3%	-	24.9%	30.6%	54.4%	53.6%	36	\$16,447
Blount	6.8%	9.8%	10.8%	4.6%	-	16.1%	22.5%	54.9%	59.9%	474	\$249,817
Bullock	25.1%	38.0%	15.0%	10.0%	-	58.0%	73.7%	51.2%	49.7%	44	\$17,528
Butler	16.9%	8.6%	10.5%	5.1%	-	39.5%	41.3%	50.0%	57.5%	123	\$57,182
Calhoun	10.8%	11.3%	9.6%	6.3%	-	29.4%	30.3%	53.9%	58.2%	499	\$201,476
Chambers	9.7%	9.9%	18.7%	7.5%	-	35.8%	34.1%	64.8%	65.8%	208	\$95,835
Cherokee	9.7%	5.1%	14.9%	10.5%	-	20.5%	21.1%	64.2%	75.9%	158	\$60,658
Chilton	7.7%	5.9%	12.4%	8.5%	-	21.4%	28.1%	53.5%	59.3%	113	\$45,796
Choctaw	15.1%	19.1%	9.4%	6.5%	-	32.9%	44.3%	50.9%	54.9%	3	\$1,421
Clarke	15.4%	15.0%	19.6%	8.8%	-	30.2%	31.9%	53.4%	39.7%	191	\$74,381
Clay	9.4%	8.6%	18.5%	10.9%	-	24.2%	29.0%	64.8%	53.8%	53	\$19,869
Cleburne	6.2%	5.9%	11.3%	5.5%	-	20.2%	16.7%	52.1%	46.6%	85	\$38,145
Coffee	8.4%	11.4%	9.1%	6.9%	-	26.9%	29.5%	59.1%	71.2%	461	\$184,542
Colbert	8.0%	9.7%	14.6%	4.3%	-	24.8%	28.9%	52.9%	58.9%	485	\$196,182
Conecuh	21.4%	19.4%	5.4%	8.6%	-	39.1%	46.8%	47.8%	77.1%	26	\$8,452
Coosa	6.4%	8.6%	11.8%	0.0%	-	28.8%	28.9%	53.2%	74.1%	12	\$3,037
Covington	11.8%	15.3%	15.7%	6.7%	-	26.8%	29.1%	57.1%	65.2%	159	\$88,764
Crenshaw	12.0%	11.3%	14.8%	12.5%	-	31.4%	37.9%	62.4%	59.0%	114	\$44,383
Cullman	5.8%	7.6%	16.2%	5.2%	-	18.9%	21.9%	56.1%	66.6%	410	\$199,442
Dale	8.9%	12.4%	5.8%	10.2%	-	29.7%	29.3%	46.2%	55.3%	305	\$120,878
Dallas	23.1%	24.8%	19.2%	6.8%	-	50.6%	63.4%	49.3%	57.2%	202	\$86,898
De Kalb	6.3%	12.5%	14.5%	8.3%	-	21.3%	21.9%	56.3%	61.2%	174	\$72,891
Elmore	6.2%	5.6%	9.3%	4.5%	-	23.4%	21.0%	60.2%	68.9%	443	\$208,043
Escambia	10.7%	19.0%	18.3%	9.0%	-	31.8%	40.9%	58.0%	64.4%	359	\$144,928
Etowah	9.8%	11.8%	13.8%	6.8%	-	28.2%	33.1%	54.9%	60.0%	549	\$240,381
Fayette	8.4%	15.5%	9.7%	6.3%	-	23.4%	28.3%	52.2%	58.7%	77	\$39,574
Franklin	10.2%	9.7%	7.5%	9.3%	-	22.4%	38.8%	50.8%	65.9%	164	\$78,231
Geneva	12.9%	13.3%	11.4%	6.7%	-	26.3%	30.7%	63.6%	64.5%	84	\$29,328
Greene	20.5%	36.7%	21.2%	14.3%	-	54.4%	72.0%	41.6%	77.7%	2	\$264
Hale	15.7%	16.1%	11.4%	4.7%	-	42.5%	51.0%	50.1%	33.1%	35	\$11,777
Henry	11.8%	8.9%	15.0%	4.1%	-	30.2%	21.7%	58.5%	63.6%	94	\$33,223
Houston	10.7%	13.0%	11.4%	7.7%	-	30.9%	35.2%	62.7%	63.7%	1,735	\$652,388
Jackson	7.0%	9.7%	13.0%	7.3%	-	23.3%	26.9%	60.0%	48.5%	69	\$25,429
Jefferson	10.3%	10.6%	11.8%	4.4%	-	33.8%	37.7%	59.3%	68.8%	6,433	\$3,175,640
Lamar	9.3%	15.2%	16.2%	4.5%	-	24.7%	23.8%	53.5%	35.1%	125	\$59,287
Lauderdale	7.8%	7.5%	7.8%	4.4%	-	23.8%	24.2%	52.2%	59.8%	740	\$320,896
Lawrence	7.0%	11.9%	14.4%	5.3%	-	21.4%	24.2%	52.8%	49.4%	128	\$60,433
Lee	8.1%	9.2%	6.5%	3.8%	I	28.6%	27.6%	59.8%	62.4%	1,766	\$793,534
Limestone	5.5%	8.4%	14.1%	7.0%	-	20.2%	21.9%	56.6%	60.8%	310	\$163,568
Lowndes	27.1%	25.4%	9.5%	0.0%	-	49.0%	51.4%	50.9%	69.8%	16	\$6,624
Macon	21.4%	25.0%	16.5%	9.6%	-	57.4%	50.1%	52.0%	66.2%	234	\$105,753
Madison	5.8%	7.9%	8.9%	3.6%	-	25.2%	25.9%	60.7%	66.6%	1,925	\$889,308
Marengo	16.5%	12.4%	10.6%	7.3%	-	39.2%	40.5%	51.1%	51.1%	154	\$71,458
Marion	10.2%	9.0%	13.7%	6.6%	-	21.8%	24.9%	57.8%	64.0%	91	\$40,040
Marshall	8.4%	14.9%	13.5%	9.5%	-	23.8%	28.2%	53.4%	53.9%	406	\$167,166
Mobile	13.1%	14.9%	17.7%	7.9%	-	35.1%	38.4%	53.5%	62.4%	6,619	\$2,675,655
Monroe	14.2%	21.7%	19.5%	10.5%	-	31.7%	45.4%	57.1%	61.5%	194	\$70,080
Montgomery	12.9%	15.6%	13.0%	9.4%	-	40.1%	44.0%	62.1%	64.5%	3,783	\$1,575,279
Morgan	6.2%	7.1%	13.0%	8.2%	-	23.8%	25.9%	54.6%	65.8%	810	\$361,404
Perry	28.6%	20.5%	15.0%	7.9%	-	50.5%	67.0%	48.3%	84.3%	0	\$0
Pickens	17.4%	12.0%	13.7%	6.3%	-	37.8%	39.6%	56.9%	70.4%	46	\$19,041
Pike	17.9%	18.7%	13.0%	6.9%	-	38.8%	40.3%	56.4%	62.4%	238	\$83,841
Randolph	6.2%	18.4%	21.1%	3.3%	-	26.1%	28.4%	57.6%	65.6%	77	\$32,174
Russell	14.0%	19.4%	7.7%	8.4%	-	40.8%	40.2%	58.7%	65.7%	540	\$226,272
St. Clair	6.6%	4.9%	6.9%	6.6%	-	19.6%	16.8%	54.6%	62.2%	271	\$133,201
Shelby	3.4%	3.7%	4.9%	2.6%	-	14.0%	16.0%	53.9%	69.2%	1,040	\$594,816
Sumter	23.7%	29.4%	11.8%	3.9%	-	48.6%	56.4%	40.7%	73.3%	27	\$9,539
Talladega	13.2%	13.6%	13.3%	5.6%	-	32.3%	40.6%	57.3%	62.4%	469	\$177,401
Tallapoosa	9.5%	18.1%	14.3%	3.6%	-	32.0%	36.7%	59.8%	59.1%	488	\$243,905
Tuscaloosa	9.0%	9.0%	11.3%	5.5%	-	32.1%	34.8%	59.9%	67.5%	1,170	\$546,129
Walker	9.6%	11.2%	7.6%	6.6%	-	23.9%	28.9%	48.3%	53.4%	358	\$192,967
Washington	8.3%	14.2%	13.9%	4.0%	-	22.3%	37.8%	49.6%	57.5%	66	\$27,909
Wilcox	34.7%	15.7%	9.4%	10.2%	I	50.0%	59.6%	41.0%	37.2%	0	\$0
Winston	8.4%	11.1%	17.2%	7.9%	-	21.1%	27.6%	53.8%	57.2%	52	\$26,055
ALABAMA	10.2%	11.2%	12.0%	6.1%	-	29.6%	31.8%	56.6%	63.5%	38,039	\$16,868,048



	Unemployment Rate		Median Household Income * Adjusted for Inflation		Medicaid Paid Births Main Source		WIC Case Load, Average Monthly	SNAP Eligible, All Ages	
	2009	2020	2009*	2019	2009	2019	FY 2020	2016***	2021***
	PERCENT		DOLLARS*		PERCENT			NUMBER	
Autauga	8.9%	4.9%	\$63,255	\$58,233	43.8%	40.9%	1,213	7,779	7,071
Baldwin	8.9%	5.6%	\$57,959	\$59,871	48.8%	45.0%	3,796	22,284	19,529
Barbour	13.2%	7.0%	\$34,322	\$35,972	75.4%	63.9%	932	6,400	5,393
Bibb	12.2%	6.6%	\$45,634	\$47,918	50.9%	49.2%	533	3,615	3,042
Blount	9.2%	4.1%	\$49,478	\$52,902	42.1%	41.6%	1,249	7,037	5,671
Bullock	14.4%	5.5%	\$28,846	\$31,906	81.9%	74.3%	409	2,893	2,399
Butler	15.1%	8.8%	\$33,121	\$39,944	70.8%	69.1%	752	4,923	4,508
Calhoun	10.2%	7.1%	\$44,497	\$47,747	57.0%	57.8%	2,748	22,969	17,672
Chambers	18.1%	6.8%	\$36,490	\$42,015	71.0%	59.9%	854	6,903	5,755
Cherokee	10.7%	4.6%	\$45,312	\$45,982	50.7%	50.2%	595	4,346	2,950
Chilton	9.8%	5.0%	\$46,375	\$49,692	55.9%	49.2%	1,039	8,019	7,161
Choctaw	12.4%	6.7%	\$37,022	\$39,808	89.1%	51.3%	365	3,193	2,605
Clarke	15.2%	9.0%	\$39,002	\$43,822	57.0%	62.5%	905	5,842	4,806
Clay	15.4%	4.0%	\$41,507	\$40,562	59.1%	55.0%	442	1,883	1,464
Cleburne	9.3%	4.6%	\$45,128	\$51,276	66.0%	57.4%	404	2,182	2,219
Coffee	7.8%	4.4%	\$51,594	\$57,299	39.5%	50.2%	1,735	7,483	7,431
Colbert	10.7%	6.6%	\$44,224	\$46,683	52.4%	47.3%	1,438	8,114	6,910
Conecuh	18.4%	7.3%	\$32,034	\$41,539	77.7%	73.2%	381	3,456	2,482
Coosa	14.8%	5.5%	\$41,464	\$42,024	67.8%	57.9%	0	1,699	1,650
Covington	9.9%	4.9%	\$38,347	\$44,836	61.3%	56.3%	924	7,568	6,114
Crenshaw	9.6%	5.7%	\$37,953	\$43,309	63.2%	64.7%	360	2,877	2,629
Cullman	9.4%	4.3%	\$44,598	\$50,897	49.4%	41.3%	2,114	10,641	7,150
Dale	8.8%	4.9%	\$49,191	\$45,120	38.1%	50.3%	1,337	9,970	8,837
Dallas	19.6%	10.7%	\$32,280	\$34,034	72.8%	73.2%	1,679	15,115	11,596
De Kalb	13.1%	4.5%	\$40,420	\$44,277	51.0%	56.9%	2,313	15,916	12,907
Elmore	8.7%	4.9%	\$59,815	\$62,310	40.5%	41.9%	1,459	10,784	9,058
Escambia	12.4%	6.0%	\$37,470	\$42,712	66.0%	66.4%	1,261	8,449	7,394
Etowah	10.5%	7.7%	\$45,969	\$43,047	62.8%	58.0%	2,995	14,925	14,379
Fayette	12.9%	5.0%	\$40,829	\$44,212	59.6%	49.5%	423	3,609	2,967
Franklin	12.3%	4.4%	\$38,834	\$44,874	65.2%	62.9%	1,329	6,426	5,023
Geneva	9.9%	4.1%	\$37,355	\$43,089	56.3%	68.3%	631	5,441	4,555
Greene	14.1%	10.9%	\$31,139	\$28,699	63.7%	74.4%	372	2,827	2,008
Hale	13.1%	9.4%	\$35,898	\$40,745	61.4%	61.7%	520	3,794	3,336
Henry	10.3%	4.8%	\$41,965	\$48,597	52.5%	56.4%	324	3,003	2,584
Houston	8.5%	5.4%	\$46,178	\$50,138	56.9%	60.9%	3,487	19,115	18,184
Jackson	11.7%	5.3%	\$41,726	\$44,322	60.6%	56.3%	1,049	7,870	6,233
Jefferson	9.9%	6.2%	\$51,614	\$54,127	40.9%	43.0%	12,985	114,527	96,343
Lamar	14.7%	4.9%	\$37,211	\$42,686	72.4%	49.2%	328	2,539	2,231
Lauderdale	9.8%	5.5%	\$46,589	\$48,188	45.0%	48.5%	1,737	12,112	9,432
Lawrence	12.5%	4.9%	\$43,271	\$47,797	50.4%	53.8%	728	5,973	5,187
Lee	8.6%	5.2%	\$45,088	\$54,160	46.7%	39.2%	2,526	17,244	15,713
Limestone	9.0%	4.3%	\$55,544	\$64,729	41.2%	39.8%	1,776	10,882	6,808
Lowndes	17.8%	13.3%	\$33,486	\$33,930	67.0%	65.3%	381	3,712	3,112
Macon	11.2%	9.6%	\$31,374	\$34,281	71.9%	76.8%	559	6,119	3,482
Madison	7.4%	4.6%	\$68,315	\$68,609	40.2%	36.8%	5,753	40,880	35,998
Marengo	13.1%	6.2%	\$37,975	\$38,838	64.7%	52.4%	609	4,838	4,067
Marion	15.3%	5.1%	\$38,511	\$44,675	66.2%	54.2%	837	5,631	4,603
Marshall	9.3%	4.2%	\$44,695	\$48,913	68.1%	60.2%	3,442	18,375	13,634
Mobile	10.4%	7.9%	\$47,462	\$49,492	59.6%	58.2%	11,821	87,953	73,865
Monroe	18.0%	8.2%	\$36,846	\$40,005	72.8%	70.1%	570	4,402	3,310
Montgomery	9.6%	7.8%	\$48,959	\$52,711	58.5%	63.2%	7,045	53,453	50,724
Morgan	9.9%	4.5%	\$48,045	\$54,355	50.4%	55.4%	2,800	16,927	15,328
Perry	18.4%	10.9%	\$29,018	\$29,572	71.2%	75.2%	372	3,832	2,927
Pickens	12.6%	6.5%	\$35,365	\$40,249	62.6%	55.6%	604	3,928	3,084
Pike	8.7%	4.9%	\$37,215	\$41,271	52.4%	57.3%	879	6,770	5,434
Randolph	13.7%	4.7%	\$40,361	\$42,922	71.8%	66.7%	584	4,979	4,398
Russell	11.3%	5.1%	\$39,965	\$43,670	85.1%	33.5%	1,762	13,730	10,941
St. Clair	10.0%	4.9%	\$54,341	\$65,403	36.6%	36.1%	1,549	10,560	10,333
Shelby	7.1%	3.9%	\$77,945	\$77,801	24.6%	27.2%	2,542	13,921	12,023
Sumter	13.7%	7.0%	\$27,238	\$29,209	77.5%	49.3%	480	3,919	2,785
Talladega	13.2%	7.0%	\$44,402	\$47,719	61.4%	57.2%	2,058	13,786	11,817
Tallapoosa	12.5%	6.9%	\$42,545	\$47,100	64.6%	62.8%	1,169	7,608	6,675
Tuscaloosa	9.3%	6.6%	\$49,862	\$52,307	47.7%	45.6%	4,690	27,101	22,440
Walker	10.7%	5.8%	\$43,594	\$45,991	59.8%	58.0%	1,770	12,308	9,075
Washington	13.9%	8.0%	\$44,027	\$48,864	60.3%	52.9%	332	2,924	2,650
Wilcox	24.2%	14.7%	\$26,945	\$30,998	75.2%	75.5%	460	4,475	3,636
Winston	16.4%	4.7%	\$37,016	\$40,827	64.7%	54.5%	543	3,492	2,927
ALABAMA	10.1%	5.9%	\$48,319	\$51,771	50.9%	49.7%	116,056	818,250	690,654

NOTE: * Adjusted for Inflation; *** Data exclude persons aged 60+ who were eligible for food assistance through the Alabama Elderly Simplified Application Project (AESAP). These numbers (which totaled 60,598 in 2016 and 78,388 in March, 2021) are not available by county of residence.



	SNAP Eligible, Ages 0-20		SNAP Recipients		Food Insecurity, All Ages		Food Insecurity, Children Under 18	
	2016	2021	2016**	2021**	2010	2019	2010	2019
	NUMBER		NUMBER		PERCENT		PERCENT	
Autauga	3,965	3,821	7,767	7,137	13.4%	15.7%	20.3%	19.6%
Baldwin	11,594	10,416	21,794	19,363	13.4%	13.4%	23.8%	14.4%
Barbour	3,325	2,942	6,237	5,257	23.2%	20.7%	25.8%	32.4%
Bibb	1,773	1,478	3,613	3,054	15.7%	16.3%	24.9%	21.8%
Blount	3,398	2,665	6,837	5,640	12.6%	14.5%	25.4%	15.4%
Bullock	1,544	1,364	2,787	2,342	28.5%	15.7%	29.1%	31.7%
Butler	2,481	2,319	4,911	4,563	23.1%	16.5%	25.7%	25.6%
Calhoun	10,952	8,778	22,545	17,553	17.1%	17.2%	25.4%	22.6%
Chambers	3,410	2,887	6,858	5,760	22.5%	15.4%	26.9%	22.3%
Cherokee	1,966	1,344	4,321	2,962	14.6%	16.1%	27.7%	16.8%
Chilton	4,127	3,688	7,585	6,927	15.3%	17.2%	27.6%	19.4%
Choctaw	1,483	1,266	3,198	2,634	21.1%	18.9%	22.9%	30.1%
Clarke	2,814	2,388	5,849	4,848	26.5%	18.6%	30.4%	25.4%
Clay	913	750	1,871	1,467	19.4%	16.5%	27.7%	20.4%
Cleburne	975	1,030	2,154	2,208	14.0%	18.2%	26.1%	21.8%
Coffee	3,857	3,998	7,224	7,141	14.5%	15.7%	24.2%	20.0%
Colbert	3,765	3,274	8,173	6,930	15.8%	16.5%	25.4%	19.9%
Conecuh	1,680	1,187	3,462	2,481	27.7%	16.0%	33.3%	25.9%
Coosa	806	781	1,688	1,648	20.4%	15.0%	23.9%	22.4%
Covington	3,691	3,027	7,583	6,210	16.0%	18.1%	26.7%	23.4%
Crenshaw	1,387	1,338	2,906	2,658	16.3%	15.5%	24.6%	20.2%
Cullman	5,001	3,294	10,397	7,166	13.6%	16.4%	26.3%	17.4%
Dale	4,829	4,439	9,977	8,841	15.0%	17.8%	22.3%	23.2%
Dallas	7,603	6,043	15,096	11,710	31.3%	19.0%	31.0%	33.3%
De Kalb	8,371	6,956	14,476	11,876	16.0%	17.2%	31.2%	19.4%
Elmore	5,488	4,759	10,726	9,048	14.4%	13.9%	21.3%	16.7%
Escambia	4,297	3,931	8,472	7,471	20.8%	17.7%	29.2%	24.2%
Etowah	7,032	6,895	14,712	14,263	15.8%	16.8%	25.4%	22.4%
Fayette	1,661	1,373	3,565	2,989	17.3%	18.8%	26.9%	23.6%
Franklin	3,288	2,700	5,912	4,636	15.1%	16.3%	29.0%	21.2%
Geneva	2,625	2,214	5,340	4,548	14.8%	19.8%	24.0%	24.6%
Greene	1,415	1,071	2,833	2,038	32.2%	22.2%	27.3%	37.8%
Hale	1,887	1,699	3,815	3,369	24.9%	16.9%	23.3%	28.5%
Henry	1,449	1,231	2,973	2,603	17.0%	14.5%	21.7%	19.8%
Houston	9,939	9,562	18,977	18,224	16.3%	16.4%	23.2%	22.0%
Jackson	3,593	2,896	7,783	6,196	14.8%	18.1%	27.2%	20.6%
Jefferson	57,814	50,689	112,250	95,409	18.4%	14.4%	20.4%	20.0%
Lamar	1,165	1,079	2,532	2,234	18.3%	18.7%	28.6%	24.4%
Lauderdale	5,691	4,530	12,042	9,442	15.0%	15.5%	25.6%	17.5%
Lawrence	2,756	2,517	5,928	5,193	15.6%	17.7%	25.1%	21.2%
Lee	8,968	8,575	16,829	15,497	16.4%	14.9%	20.9%	16.7%
Limestone	5,407	3,462	10,463	6,633	13.7%	14.3%	22.9%	16.9%
Lowndes	1,838	1,591	3,705	3,135	29.3%	19.3%	27.1%	33.4%
Macon	2,680	1,651	6,178	3,518	29.1%	15.4%	23.3%	29.8%
Madison	20,308	18,707	39,625	35,149	13.8%	13.0%	19.7%	15.9%
Marengo	2,293	2,025	4,821	4,088	23.9%	17.3%	23.3%	26.4%
Marion	2,556	2,124	5,599	4,608	17.5%	19.2%	32.1%	22.2%
Marshall	9,465	7,201	17,013	12,704	13.9%	17.1%	29.3%	20.0%
Mobile	45,930	39,972	87,735	74,406	19.1%	15.8%	24.1%	22.4%
Monroe	2,212	1,713	4,454	3,372	26.2%	19.9%	32.2%	26.3%
Montgomery	28,161	27,750	52,550	50,124	20.6%	15.0%	20.8%	24.0%
Morgan	8,878	8,090	16,020	14,593	14.8%	15.0%	25.3%	17.8%
Perry	1,885	1,443	3,773	2,927	29.9%	20.1%	28.2%	33.5%
Pickens	1,987	1,607	3,916	3,098	22.9%	17.8%	26.7%	28.7%
Pike	3,273	2,760	6,763	5,472	20.2%	16.9%	24.6%	23.7%
Randolph	2,488	2,256	4,877	4,365	19.7%	15.5%	27.8%	21.7%
Russell	7,146	5,969	13,769	10,976	21.2%	16.8%	25.9%	23.6%
St. Clair	5,207	5,200	10,466	10,376	13.3%	14.4%	19.2%	16.0%
Shelby	7,201	6,269	12,907	11,589	10.7%	10.6%	22.6%	10.7%
Sumter	1,824	1,411	3,902	2,802	30.5%	19.8%	29.9%	32.5%
Talladega	6,593	5,728	13,834	11,921	19.6%	16.8%	25.3%	23.4%
Tallapoosa	3,779	3,440	7,566	6,677	19.6%	16.4%	26.9%	24.2%
Tuscaloosa	14,391	12,169	26,776	22,409	17.4%	14.3%	20.7%	18.0%
Walker	5,726	4,225	12,368	9,048	16.0%	18.6%	28.8%	22.6%
Washington	1,358	1,302	2,916	2,695	20.4%	18.4%	28.1%	27.2%
Wilcox	2,143	1,810	4,479	3,636	36.4%	20.1%	35.4%	34.1%
Winston	1,632	1,365	3,431	2,915	18.8%	18.7%	34.6%	22.5%
ALABAMA	411,139	358,434	803,904	684,772	19.2%	16.1%	26.7%	20.8%

NOTE: ** Data exclude persons aged 60+ who received food assistance through the Alabama Elderly Simplified Application Project (AESAP). These numbers (which totaled 60,741 in March, 2016 and 78,789 in March, 2021) are not available by county of residence.



Economic Security Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

CHILDREN IN EXTREME POVERTY

The number of children under 18 living in households with an annual income that is less than 50.0 percent of the poverty threshold. This number is expressed as a percentage of all children under 18.

www.census.gov, Summary File 3, Table PCT50, Released May, 2002; and U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Census Bureau Website, <https://www.census.gov>, Table B17024.

Note: Different methodologies were used in producing base year versus current-year data for this indicator; hence, caution should be used in making comparisons over these two time periods.

CHILDREN IN POVERTY

Children in the specified age range (i.e., under 5, 5-11, 12-17 and under 18) who live in households with annual incomes that are below the federal poverty threshold expressed as a percentage of all children in the specified age range.

Source: Bureau of the Census, 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Summary File 3, Tables PO87, P159A, P159B, and P159H, Released May, 2002; and U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, Census Bureau Website, <https://www.census.gov>, Tables B17001, B17001A, B17001B, and B17001I.

CHILDREN RECEIVING CHILD CARE SUBSIDIES

The unduplicated count of children that are recipients of Child Care Development Funds.

Source: Alabama Department of Human Resources, Child Care Services Division, Office of Child Care Subsidy.

CHILDREN UNDER 18 IN SINGLE-PARENT FAMILIES

The percent of *own children* under 18 years of age who reside with only one parent. This number does not include children who live in households with a single relative or non-related person who is not the child's parent.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census of Population, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Summary File 1, Tables PO28, PO28A, PO28B, and PO28H. Released 2001; and U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Table B09005.

EMPLOYED MOTHERS WITH YOUNG CHILDREN

The number and percent of mothers who are parents of children under age six and are employed or serving in the armed forces.

Data reported for 2000 represent a single year only and represent mothers who are 16 years or older. Data reported for 2015-2019 reflect

a five-year average and represent mothers aged 20-64.

Note: Different methodologies were used in producing base year versus current-year data for this indicator; hence, caution should be used in making comparisons over these two time periods.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census of Population, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Summary File 3, Table P45, Released 2002; and U. S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Table B23003, Released December, 2020.

FOOD INSECURITY

Food insecurity (all ages and children under 18) refers to the USDA's measure of lack of access, at times, to enough food for an active, healthy life for all household members and limited or uncertain availability of nutritionally adequate foods. Food insecurity may also reflect a household need to make trade-offs between important basic needs, such as housing or medical bills, and purchasing nutritionally adequate foods. Food insecure households are not necessarily food insecure all the time.

Beginning in 2020, Feeding America enhanced the food insecurity model through the inclusion of a disability rate variable and refining the poverty measure to reflect non-undergraduate student poverty. Because of this methodology changes, the estimates from *Map the Meal Gap 2020 and 2021* are

not comparable to estimates from previous years.

Source: Gundersen, C., Strayer, M., Dewey, A., Hake, M., & Engelhard, E. (2021) *Map the Meal Gap 2021: An Analysis of County and Congressional District Food Insecurity and County Food Cost in the United States in 2019*. Feeding America.

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME

The point at which half of all households are above a specified income level and the other half are below that same level.

Incomes for 2009 and 2019 have been adjusted for inflation so that they are comparable with 2019 dollars. Caution should be exercised in comparing income data from model-based estimates as reported herein for 2009 and 2019 between counties and over time (see Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, General Cautions about Comparisons of Estimates, and Census Bureau Website at www.census.gov).

Table 1: 2009 Poverty and Median Income Estimates – Counties

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Estimates Branch. Table S1903: MEDIAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

MEDICAID PAID BIRTHS

The number of births wherein Medicaid was the principal source of payment for the delivery. This number is expressed as a percentage of all births.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

PERSONS IN POVERTY

The number of persons living below the federal poverty threshold, expressed as a percentage of the total population.

Note: Different methodologies were used in producing base year versus current-year data for this indicator; hence, caution should be used in making comparisons over these two time periods.

Source: Bureau of the Census, 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Summary File 3, Tables PO87, P159A, P159B, and P159H, Released May, 2002; and U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, Census Bureau Website, www.census.gov, Table B17001.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) ELIGIBLE ALL AGES

Number of persons eligible for food assistance through the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program or “SNAP” (referred to as the “Food Assistance Program” in Alabama). Data excludes 78,388 persons aged 60+ who were eligible for food assistance through the Alabama Elderly Simplified Application Project (AESAP) in March 2021 and 60,598 persons in March 2016. Data reported are for March of the specified years.

LIST OF INDICATORS

- Child Care Subsidies
- Children in Extreme Poverty
- Children in Poverty
- Children in Poverty, by Age Range
- Children under 18 in Single-Parent Families
- Employed Mothers with Young Children
- Food Insecurity, All Ages
- Food Insecurity, Children Under 18
- Median Household Income
- Medicaid Paid Births
- Persons in Poverty
- SNAP Eligible, Ages 0-20
- SNAP Eligible, All Ages
- SNAP Recipients
- Unemployment Rate
- Vulnerable Families
- WIC Average Monthly Case Load



Economic Security Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

Source: Unpublished data provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Food Assistance Division.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) ELIGIBLE CHILDREN UNDER 20

Number of persons/children under age 20 eligible for food assistance through the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program or "SNAP" (referred to as the "Food Assistance Program" in Alabama). Data reported are for March of the specified years.

Source: Unpublished data provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Food Assistance Division.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) RECIPIENTS

Number of persons receiving food assistance through the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program or "SNAP" (referred to as the "Food Assistance Program" in Alabama). Data excludes 78,789 persons aged 60+ who received food assistance through the Alabama Elderly Simplified Application Project (AESAP) in March 2021 and 60,741 persons in March 2016. Data reported are for March of the specified years.

Source: Unpublished data provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Food Assistance Division.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

The number of persons unemployed, computed as a percentage of the number of persons employed, plus the number of persons looking for work expressed as an annual average for the years indicated. Data are reported for persons aged 16+.

Source: Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor for 2008 and 2019. <https://www.bls.gov/lau/>

VULNERABLE FAMILIES

Vulnerable families are those with first births to unmarried teenage mothers not finishing high school, expressed as a percentage of first births to women of all ages. This includes only births where the birth order is known.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

WIC AVERAGE MONTHLY CASELOAD

The average monthly caseload of participants in the WIC Program during the 2020 fiscal year. WIC is a Special Supplemental Nutrition Program funded through the USDA that provides federal

grants to states for supplemental foods, health care referrals and nutrition education for low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women, and to infants and children up to age five who are found to be at nutritional risk.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health Center for Health Statistics.

* Complete state and county data profiles are available online at http://www.alavoice.org/alabama_kids_count

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoice.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoice.org/kids-count-geo/>.

Visit the national KIDS COUNT data center for access to hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and

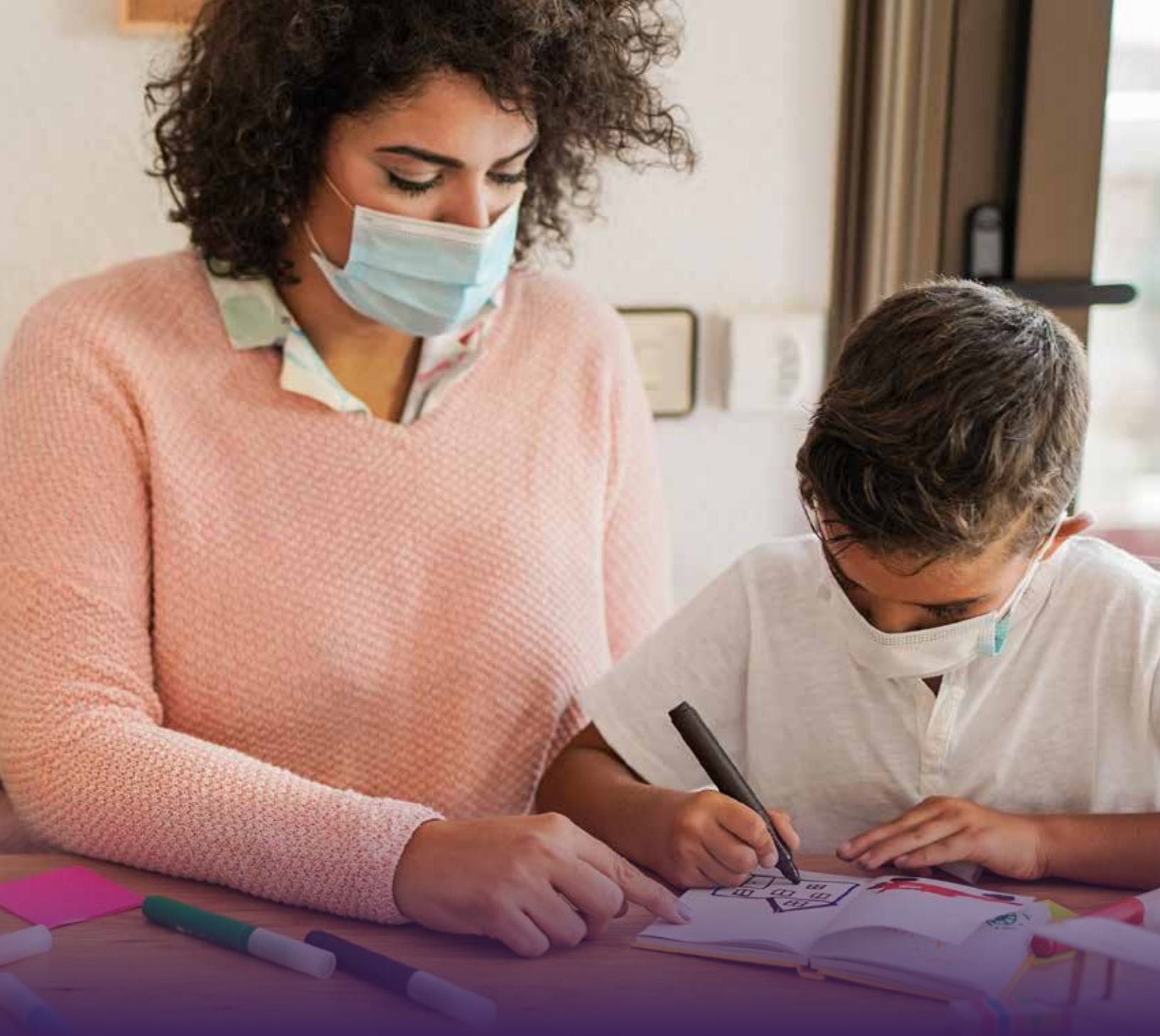
*good policies for children and families at
datacenter.kidscount.org.*

CHART NOTES

** Adjusted for inflation.*

*** Data exclude persons aged 60+ who
were eligible for food assistance
through the Alabama Elderly
Simplified Application Project
(AESAP).*

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were eligible for food assistance
through the Alabama Elderly
Simplified Application Project
(AESAP).*

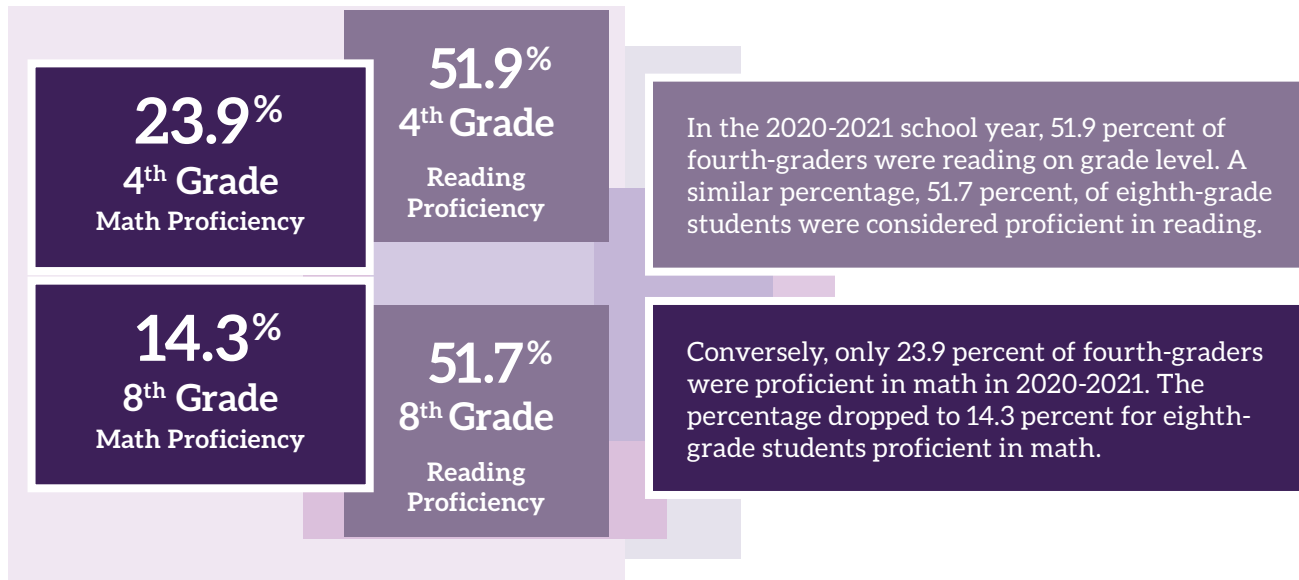


EDUCATION

When we invest in children's education, we are making a down payment in their ability to reach their fullest potential as adults. However, investing in a child's education means more than helping a student acquire knowledge. In this year's *Data Book*, we first addressed children's health, safety, and financial security - all factors that help children come to school ready to learn. When reviewing the data in this section, consider how these factors, along with online learning transitions, and increased stresses from the pandemic, are impacting children's educational achievement.



KEY POINTS



FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION

Over the last decade, state leaders focused investments in education on expanding access to the state's First Class Pre-K program and increasing the number of students graduating from Alabama high schools as college- or career-ready. While these efforts have begun to yield results for Alabama's children, the state's focus has shifted to more direct efforts to increase the number of students proficient in reading and math—two subjects Alabama students have routinely performed near the bottom of national assessments. Unfortunately, between fourth to eighth grade, it appears Alabama students are falling backward, especially in math. If this trend continues, this could lead to lower graduation rates and a widening of the college- and career-readiness gap. Further, we will not have an equipped workforce for tomorrow.

Students living in poverty and/or experiencing Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) perform significantly worse than their peers, as it is difficult to focus on math problems in class when you go home to unaddressed trauma or stressed families. What evidence-based prevention and intervention services are needed to close the gap, and help students come to school ready to learn?

Are there correlations between your community's chronic absenteeism rate, first-grade retention percentages, and suspension estimates with your overall reading and

math scores? With your overall graduation and college- and career-readiness rates? What can be done to ensure more students are in school every day ready to learn?

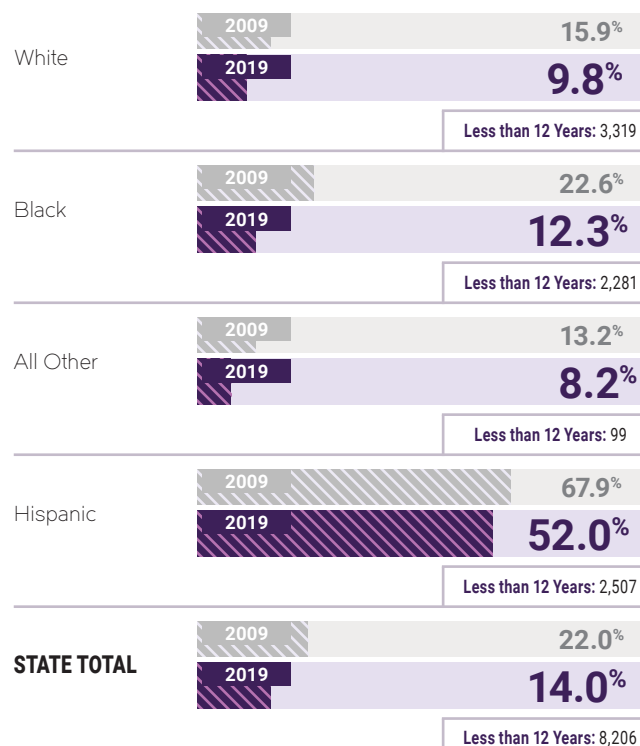
How did the shift to online learning affect children's ability to learn, teachers' abilities to teach, and parents' abilities to work and care for their families? Did your community's broadband access rates hinder teaching and learning? What about access to tech equipment in general?



Education

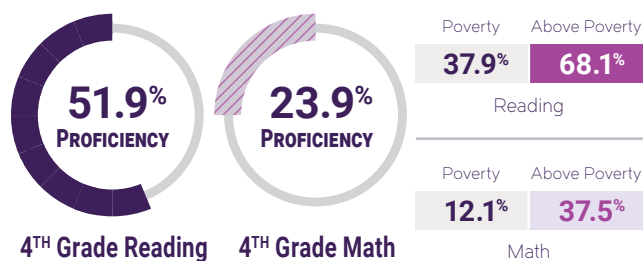
ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

BIRTHS TO FEMALES WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION: 2019

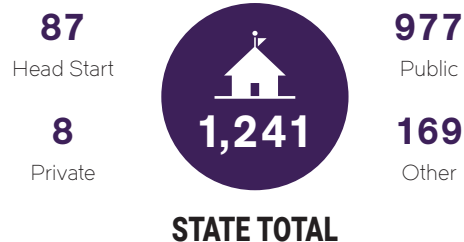


*Unknown Education Status is excluded from total counts.

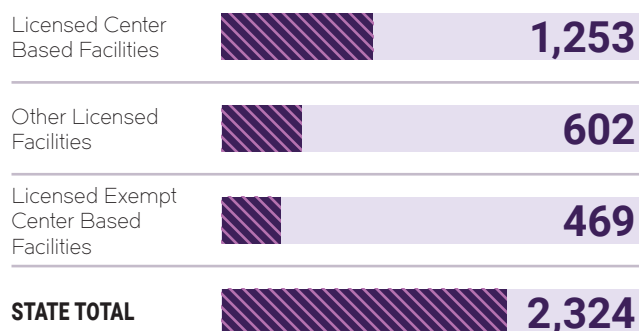
ACAP – 4TH GRADE READING/MATH PROFICIENCY: 2020-2021



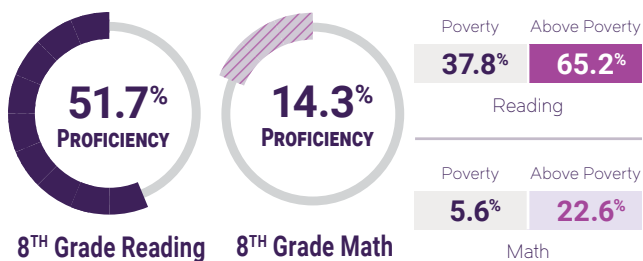
FIRST CLASS PRE-K BY DELIVERY TYPE: 2021-2022



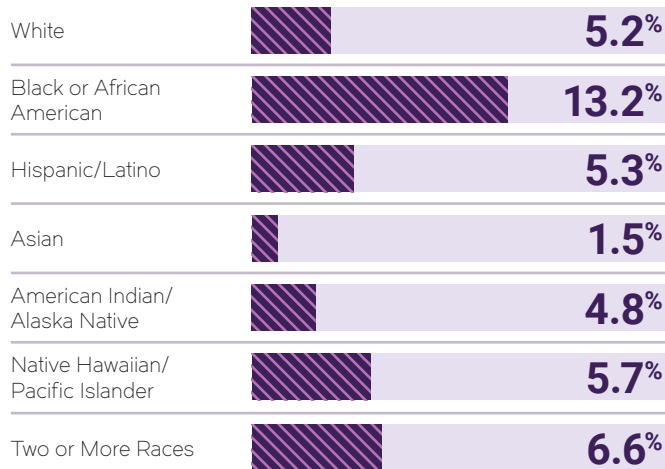
CHILD CARE FACILITIES: APRIL 2021



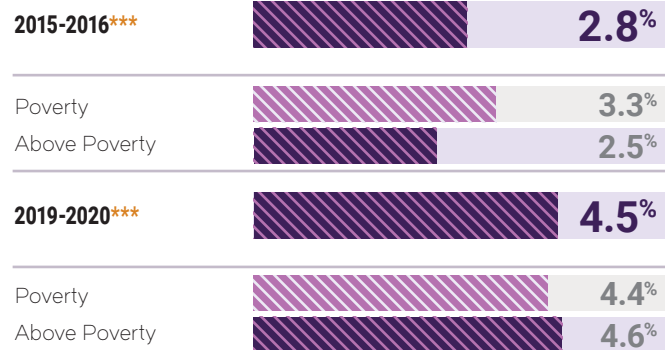
ACAP – 8TH GRADE READING/MATH PROFICIENCY: 2020-2021



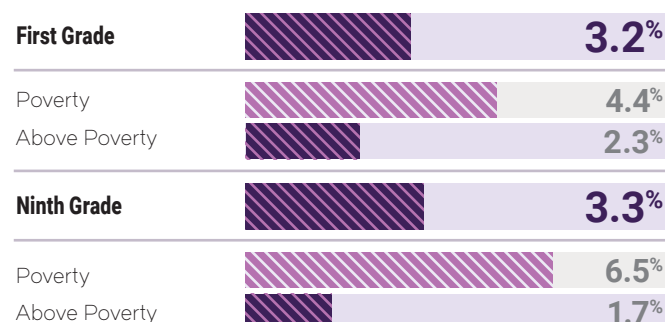
SUSPENSIONS BY RACE/ETHNICITY: 2019-2020



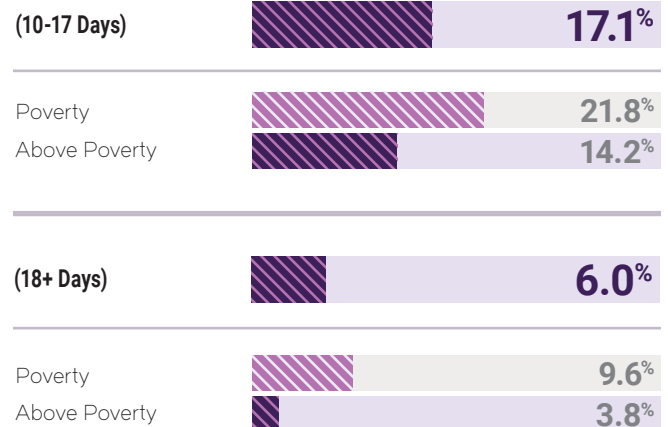
ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS: 2015-2016 | 2019-2020



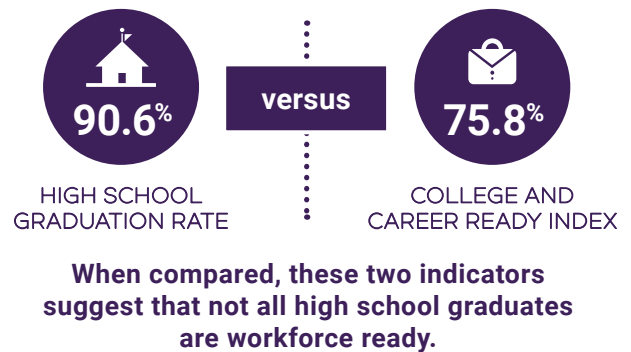
FIRST/NINTH GRADE RETENTION: 2019-2020



CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM: 2019-2020



GRADUATION RATE | CAREER AND COLLEGE READY INDEX: 2019-2020



PER PUPIL EXPENDITURES: FY 2015* | FY 2020



*Adjusted for Inflation



Births to Females with Less Than 12 Years of Education

	2009		2019	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Autauga	103	15.1%	66	9.9%
Baldwin	362	17.1%	324	13.9%
Barbour	118	36.2%	57	20.7%
Bibb	47	20.3%	46	18.8%
Blount	198	27.8%	92	14.3%
Bullock	68	42.8%	31	22.8%
Butler	47	18.8%	28	12.7%
Calhoun	363	23.8%	179	13.0%
Chambers	93	23.3%	54	14.2%
Cherokee	63	27.0%	43	17.7%
Chilton	156	26.4%	88	15.1%
Choctaw	19	14.3%	19	12.5%
Clarke	62	20.7%	35	11.5%
Clay	46	30.7%	27	18.1%
Cleburne	47	26.1%	17	11.0%
Coffee	147	19.9%	99	15.1%
Colbert	144	22.9%	77	12.3%
Conecuh	22	15.8%	26	18.3%
Coosa	23	25.6%	9	11.8%
Covington	117	23.7%	61	14.5%
Crenshaw	38	22.2%	22	14.1%
Cullman	264	26.8%	132	13.8%
Dale	93	11.8%	91	13.6%
Dallas	167	23.7%	51	11.0%
De Kalb	386	41.3%	197	25.1%
Elmore	164	15.4%	104	11.0%
Escambia	112	23.3%	69	15.4%
Etowah	326	25.4%	213	17.2%
Fayette	46	24.5%	37	18.9%
Franklin	185	40.1%	141	33.3%
Geneva	70	25.9%	37	13.7%
Greene	27	22.1%	15	17.4%
Hale	31	15.3%	23	11.9%
Henry	44	22.2%	22	12.3%
Houston	248	17.4%	162	12.1%
Jackson	149	24.4%	96	17.6%
Jefferson	1,806	19.3%	900	10.6%
Lamar	36	25.2%	15	12.3%
Lauderdale	187	19.2%	118	12.2%
Lawrence	84	20.5%	34	9.6%
Lee	230	13.8%	212	11.2%
Limestone	271	26.5%	151	15.4%
Lowndes	28	16.0%	26	18.1%
Macon	53	22.5%	18	11.6%
Madison	740	17.4%	378	8.9%
Marengo	37	14.5%	19	8.3%
Marion	81	26.3%	49	14.2%
Marshall	726	48.4%	476	33.6%
Mobile	1,514	25.0%	766	14.3%
Monroe	55	20.5%	37	15.8%
Montgomery	766	22.8%	589	18.6%
Morgan	443	29.5%	298	20.8%
Perry	24	15.4%	14	13.2%
Pickens	54	20.1%	24	12.8%
Pike	88	20.7%	53	13.8%
Randolph	67	26.7%	42	17.2%
Russell	150	19.8%	115	13.9%
St. Clair	150	13.5%	103	10.1%
Shelby	296	11.9%	178	8.1%
Sumter	29	17.9%	19	14.2%
Talladega	219	22.3%	125	14.5%
Tallapoosa	128	26.0%	63	15.8%
Tuscaloosa	522	21.3%	349	13.3%
Walker	200	24.4%	166	20.8%
Washington	39	22.9%	18	10.4%
Wilcox	27	17.6%	16	10.9%
Winston	73	33.3%	45	20.4%
ALABAMA	13,718	22.0%	8,206	14.0%

Aged 0-3 Receiving Early Intervention Services

FY 2010	FY 2020
NUMBER	
49	89
144	177
27	22
22	45
51	87
10	13
15	12
169	191
28	49
8	18
51	72
6	8
37	31
9	14
24	15
46	40
45	54
14	13
4	14
31	32
10	7
119	116
54	44
82	49
91	50
90	111
35	23
121	113
41	48
21	42
24	15
20	6
27	25
16	13
116	115
38	69
1,048	1,777
61	62
89	93
28	59
87	167
93	147
18	8
13	15
417	602
27	18
65	65
121	145
568	615
15	16
263	302
160	198
30	4
31	15
32	43
17	25
32	56
100	120
345	473
20	16
98	107
28	43
307	379
100	114
15	10
26	16
55	59
6,004	7,611

Child Care Center Capacity

April, 2021		
DAY CARE	NIGHT CARE	ALL CENTERS
1,091	0	1,091
3,576	143	3,719
262	28	290
101	0	101
1,214	0	1,214
148	0	148
412	0	412
1,920	107	2,027
871	64	935
441	0	441
238	30	268
231	5	236
513	0	513
337	12	349
307	0	307
1,262	126	1,388
1,394	6	1,400
142	12	154
138	12	150
775	15	790
353	0	353
986	50	1,036
608	145	753
795	0	795
554	0	554
1,276	11	1,287
636	20	656
1,444	6	1,450
164	0	164
471	0	471
452	0	452
236	0	236
339	24	363
246	0	246
3,278	330	3,608
359	0	359
18,398	1,117	19,515
263	0	263
1,620	59	1,679
560	25	585
5,007	356	5,363
858	32	890
45	0	45
559	120	679
8,364	697	9,061
425	39	464
285	0	285
1,117	0	1,117
12,366	848	13,214
471	12	483
8,526	1,197	9,723
2,057	141	2,198
164	0	164
400	12	412
515	40	555
261	0	261
1,477	207	1,684
782	5	787
4,193	626	4,819
512	12	524
1,620	6	1,626
975	17	992
3,860	59	3,919
639	0	639
280	0	280
72	0	72
330	0	330
104,571	6,773	111,344



Child Care Facilities

April, 2021

ALL LICENSED* LICENSED* EXEMPT* TOTAL*

Autauga	20	11	8	28
Baldwin	68	37	33	101
Barbour	9	4	3	12
Bibb	3	2	2	5
Blount	17	14	3	20
Bullock	2	2	1	3
Butler	11	5	0	11
Calhoun	41	23	12	53
Chambers	17	10	1	18
Cherokee	11	6	0	11
Chilton	4	4	6	10
Choctaw	7	4	0	7
Clarke	14	10	1	15
Clay	7	5	1	8
Cleburne	7	5	2	9
Coffee	20	15	2	22
Colbert	19	16	5	24
Conecuh	5	2	0	5
Coosa	4	2	0	4
Covington	15	10	2	17
Crenshaw	11	5	0	11
Cullman	19	14	10	29
Dale	16	10	2	18
Dallas	14	14	3	17
De Kalb	15	9	3	18
Elmore	30	19	7	37
Escambia	16	11	2	18
Etowah	24	19	12	36
Fayette	4	2	2	6
Franklin	11	6	0	11
Geneva	12	7	0	12
Greene	1	1	0	1
Hale	8	4	1	9
Henry	7	5	2	9
Houston	44	40	16	60
Jackson	12	5	7	19
Jefferson	303	223	77	380
Lamar	8	3	2	10
Lauderdale	28	21	6	34
Lawrence	11	7	0	11
Lee	72	43	2	74
Limestone	19	12	4	23
Lowndes	1	1	0	1
Macon	9	7	0	9
Madison	137	90	41	178
Marengo	10	6	0	10
Marion	11	6	3	14
Marshall	20	12	12	32
Mobile	188	127	46	234
Monroe	11	7	2	13
Montgomery	168	119	26	194
Morgan	44	32	14	58
Perry	3	3	1	4
Pickens	7	3	2	9
Pike	17	7	6	23
Randolph	7	4	2	9
Russell	21	17	3	24
St. Clair	12	8	11	23
Shelby	57	34	23	80
Sumter	11	8	0	11
Talladega	24	19	8	32
Tallapoosa	18	11	5	23
Tuscaloosa	64	46	18	82
Walker	14	8	4	18
Washington	4	3	0	4
Wilcox	3	3	1	4
Winston	8	5	1	9

ALABAMA 1,855 1,253 469 2,324

Early Head Start/Head Start Classrooms

2021

EHS CLASSROOMS HS CLASSROOMS TOTAL

4	3	7
5	8	13
0	3	3
0	2	2
2	7	9
0	3	3
0	4	4
16	10	26
0	14	14
2	1	3
1	2	3
2	2	4
0	3	3
4	4	8
1	1	2
2	7	9
1	8	9
1	0	1
2	2	4
2	8	10
0	1	1
1	6	7
0	3	3
6	4	10
2	4	6
2	2	4
13	17	30
1	4	5
2	3	5
6	9	15
3	6	9
10	7	17
2	3	5
3	5	8
6	20	26
1	8	9
0	11	11
3	8	11
11	12	23
3	3	6
0	2	2
4	5	9
37	57	94
0	0	0
12	59	71
8	21	29
0	7	7
0	13	13
2	6	8
3	4	7
3	11	14
1	10	11
2	4	6
11	17	28
12	8	20
2	8	10
9	8	17
1	0	1
4	1	5
2	2	4
0	3	3

310 600 910

Children Participating in First Class Pre-K

2020-2021

CLASSROOMS NUMBER PERCENT

10	183	30.0%
38	701	38.8%
9	135	37.0%
8	144	48.6%
4	94	13.2%
4	61	41.8%
11	154	52.6%
37	568	42.9%
7	108	20.6%
10	135	46.1%
16	264	46.2%
3	57	21.0%
4	93	21.8%
2	21	12.4%
4	71	45.2%
14	247	47.2%
19	272	41.3%
6	77	40.3%
2	26	16.9%
13	209	45.4%
5	82	46.9%
6	92	9.0%
10	182	26.0%
20	214	32.2%
27	314	35.0%
14	232	26.9%
7	152	30.5%
24	403	30.0%
2	39	16.7%
12	188	46.4%
8	137	49.8%
3	53	34.4%
10	125	44.2%
10	64	31.4%
22	356	29.7%
13	238	35.1%
130	1,982	22.7%
3	51	27.6%
38	496	47.9%
8	145	30.9%
17	250	17.0%
13	204	23.2%
2	38	20.1%
5	88	26.6%
85	1,208	31.7%
10	167	49.9%
8	125	34.1%
37	578	50.0%
116	1,643	28.3%
6	89	25.7%
67	956	30.7%
40	645	43.4%
2	36	18.3%
8	137	48.1%
8	136	33.6%
9	134	47.9%
24	330	44.4%
27	390	18.2%
21	330	38.5%
4	75	31.8%
24	358	35.4%
11	176	31.5%
66	1,069	49.9%
15	244	26.1%
8	117	40.6%
6	73	30.4%
9	145	44.9%

1,241 18,906 31.6%

NOTE: Titles for Child Care Facilities are as follows: *All Licensed Facilities • Licensed Center Based Facilities • Exempt Center Based Facilities • Total All Child Care Facilities



First Class Pre-K Classrooms by Type of Delivery

	2021-2022				
	HEAD START	PRIVATE SCHOOL	PUBLIC SCHOOL	OTHER	TOTAL
Autauga	1	0	6	3	10
Baldwin	0	0	34	4	38
Barbour	0	0	9	0	9
Bibb	1	0	7	0	8
Blount	0	0	4	0	4
Bullock	1	0	3	0	4
Butler	1	0	9	1	11
Calhoun	4	0	30	3	37
Chambers	0	0	7	0	7
Cherokee	7	0	0	3	10
Chilton	0	0	16	0	16
Choctaw	0	0	3	0	3
Clarke	0	0	4	0	4
Clay	2	0	0	0	2
Cleburne	0	0	4	0	4
Coffee	2	0	12	0	14
Colbert	0	0	14	5	19
Conecuh	0	0	6	0	6
Coosa	0	0	0	2	2
Covington	0	0	13	0	13
Crenshaw	0	0	5	0	5
Cullman	3	0	2	1	6
Dale	0	0	8	2	10
Dallas	3	0	14	3	20
De Kalb	0	0	24	3	27
Elmore	2	0	12	0	14
Escambia	0	0	7	0	7
Etowah	4	0	18	2	24
Fayette	0	0	2	0	2
Franklin	0	0	11	1	12
Geneva	0	0	6	2	8
Greene	1	0	2	0	3
Hale	0	0	9	1	10
Henry	0	0	7	3	10
Houston	0	0	14	8	22
Jackson	0	0	13	0	13
Jefferson	0	5	97	28	130
Lamar	0	0	3	0	3
Lauderdale	0	0	35	3	38
Lawrence	0	0	8	0	8
Lee	1	0	10	6	17
Limestone	0	0	13	0	13
Lowndes	1	0	1	0	2
Macon	3	0	2	0	5
Madison	0	1	71	13	85
Marengo	0	0	8	2	10
Marion	0	0	7	1	8
Marshall	0	0	35	2	37
Mobile	15	2	82	17	116
Monroe	0	0	6	0	6
Montgomery	19	0	31	17	67
Morgan	0	0	36	4	40
Perry	0	0	2	0	2
Pickens	6	0	2	0	8
Pike	2	0	4	2	8
Randolph	1	0	8	0	9
Russell	0	0	21	3	24
St. Clair	3	0	24	0	27
Shelby	0	0	13	8	21
Sumter	0	0	2	2	4
Talladega	1	0	21	2	24
Tallapoosa	2	0	9	0	11
Tuscaloosa	0	0	59	7	66
Walker	0	0	15	0	15
Washington	1	0	5	2	8
Wilcox	0	0	6	0	6
Winston	0	0	6	3	9
ALABAMA	87	8	977	169	1,241

First Grade Retention

	2015-2016	2019-2020		
	PERCENT	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY
	0.9%	5.3%	9.9%	2.6%
	0.3%	2.5%	4.1%	1.7%
	0.0%	5.8%	6.1%	5.4%
	0.4%	6.9%	13.0%	3.8%
	1.0%	7.7%	7.9%	7.6%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.4%	2.4%	3.6%	0.0%
	0.6%	5.5%	7.8%	3.6%
	0.2%	4.2%	5.6%	2.6%
	0.7%	7.5%	14.2%	3.1%
	0.2%	1.3%	2.6%	0.3%
	0.8%	2.4%	3.3%	0.0%
	0.0%	4.1%	5.5%	1.9%
	1.3%	5.3%	8.9%	2.6%
	1.5%	6.7%	8.5%	5.4%
	0.7%	3.6%	5.9%	2.4%
	0.9%	7.4%	10.0%	5.6%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.0%	5.3%	3.1%	8.0%
	0.2%	2.0%	2.6%	1.5%
	1.1%	7.1%	6.1%	8.2%
	0.6%	3.8%	5.3%	3.1%
	0.4%	3.3%	8.5%	0.2%
	0.2%	1.6%	2.4%	0.5%
	0.5%	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%
	0.3%	0.9%	2.0%	0.4%
	0.4%	1.5%	2.4%	0.5%
	1.3%	3.2%	5.0%	2.1%
	0.5%	2.4%	2.7%	2.2%
	0.8%	4.3%	3.3%	4.9%
	1.5%	1.3%	1.9%	0.7%
	1.1%	5.7%	8.1%	0.0%
	1.0%	2.6%	2.9%	2.1%
	1.2%	2.8%	8.2%	0.0%
	1.0%	5.1%	7.6%	2.6%
	0.8%	3.3%	3.5%	3.2%
	0.4%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
	2.3%	7.9%	10.0%	5.4%
	0.1%	2.1%	4.3%	1.0%
	1.3%	3.5%	4.8%	2.4%
	0.7%	3.0%	4.1%	2.4%
	0.2%	2.0%	2.9%	1.6%
	1.5%	2.9%	5.3%	1.0%
	1.8%	0.8%	1.0%	0.0%
	0.6%	1.7%	2.0%	1.6%
	1.0%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%
	2.3%	5.3%	7.6%	3.4%
	1.0%	7.1%	11.0%	4.9%
	0.4%	3.9%	5.6%	2.2%
	0.8%	5.1%	7.0%	3.2%
	0.3%	3.2%	4.0%	2.5%
	0.1%	3.8%	6.7%	2.1%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.0%	2.9%	2.1%	3.8%
	0.9%	4.7%	5.4%	3.5%
	0.4%	2.8%	4.0%	1.5%
	0.3%	3.7%	4.8%	2.8%
	0.7%	6.6%	9.7%	4.8%
	0.3%	0.9%	1.5%	0.7%
	0.0%	1.6%	1.2%	2.8%
	0.8%	1.2%	1.9%	0.5%
	0.4%	1.8%	3.1%	0.5%
	0.6%	5.6%	3.4%	6.8%
	0.7%	5.4%	8.7%	3.2%
	0.5%	7.0%	9.0%	5.4%
	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	1.3%	6.4%	9.5%	4.4%
ALABAMA	0.5%	3.2%	4.4%	2.3%



ACAP-Fourth Grade Reading Percent Proficient

2020-2021

POVERTY ABOVE POVERTY TOTAL

ACAP-Fourth Grade Math Percent Proficient

2020-2021

POVERTY ABOVE POVERTY TOTAL

ACAP-Eighth Grade Reading Percent Proficient

2020-2021

POVERTY ABOVE POVERTY TOTAL

Autauga	36.9%	70.6%	55.8%	7.6%	29.2%	19.8%	39.9%	69.2%	57.6%
Baldwin	50.8%	77.7%	64.1%	21.1%	47.0%	33.9%	49.0%	75.1%	63.1%
Barbour	25.4%	54.5%	37.6%	2.0%	15.5%	7.7%	39.9%	59.5%	49.0%
Bibb	27.8%	57.6%	38.6%	12.6%	18.6%	14.8%	32.8%	38.5%	35.3%
Blount	44.5%	65.7%	53.7%	13.4%	31.0%	21.0%	42.6%	59.2%	51.1%
Bullock	21.4%	25.9%	22.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.0%	40.9%	21.6%
Butler	31.9%	75.0%	38.2%	9.1%	38.7%	13.4%	22.2%	46.4%	27.8%
Calhoun	44.2%	71.4%	54.3%	15.4%	36.9%	23.3%	43.9%	67.5%	54.8%
Chambers	39.1%	52.8%	45.3%	8.9%	23.1%	15.4%	29.5%	52.6%	41.6%
Cherokee	48.9%	70.6%	57.1%	11.3%	29.4%	18.1%	40.3%	53.0%	45.8%
Chilton	34.1%	50.2%	40.5%	15.5%	23.9%	18.8%	32.6%	45.7%	38.2%
Choctaw	23.4%	42.9%	30.7%	4.3%	7.1%	5.3%	14.5%	24.0%	17.0%
Clarke	30.2%	67.2%	40.1%	2.5%	17.2%	6.4%	36.3%	57.6%	43.5%
Clay	39.2%	57.8%	46.0%	16.7%	26.7%	20.3%	45.6%	67.7%	56.4%
Cleburne	58.7%	69.3%	63.1%	16.3%	37.3%	25.1%	49.4%	60.7%	55.1%
Coffee	47.1%	78.0%	61.3%	22.0%	50.1%	35.1%	50.1%	74.1%	63.5%
Colbert	37.7%	69.2%	51.5%	12.5%	40.6%	24.8%	32.7%	65.5%	49.1%
Conecuh	36.5%	77.4%	51.8%	15.4%	35.5%	22.9%	36.4%	26.8%	32.7%
Coosa	32.5%	50.0%	38.3%	7.5%	10.0%	8.3%	32.1%	37.5%	35.0%
Covington	52.7%	75.8%	62.2%	18.1%	45.5%	29.4%	42.5%	66.5%	53.4%
Crenshaw	25.3%	46.5%	35.1%	7.3%	16.9%	11.8%	32.4%	48.4%	41.6%
Cullman	51.7%	69.5%	60.3%	14.0%	31.1%	22.3%	52.4%	71.2%	62.9%
Dale	41.9%	59.0%	47.5%	12.2%	35.8%	19.9%	39.6%	67.8%	50.9%
Dallas	18.9%	40.5%	21.4%	1.9%	2.4%	1.9%	28.6%	39.2%	29.9%
De Kalb	39.3%	57.1%	45.8%	14.5%	31.6%	20.7%	34.0%	55.3%	42.5%
Elmore	51.9%	72.6%	61.6%	17.1%	36.0%	26.0%	44.3%	66.4%	55.4%
Escambia	40.1%	57.4%	47.3%	12.3%	32.1%	20.5%	43.1%	56.8%	49.4%
Etowah	45.6%	71.9%	55.9%	11.6%	38.5%	22.1%	43.4%	63.6%	52.2%
Fayette	50.5%	58.3%	53.1%	12.4%	12.5%	12.4%	33.8%	65.3%	48.7%
Franklin	41.7%	59.9%	48.5%	23.2%	42.4%	30.5%	37.1%	43.6%	39.6%
Geneva	61.2%	66.7%	63.4%	15.9%	35.1%	23.6%	48.0%	70.7%	57.4%
Greene	5.3%	21.1%	10.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.8%	15.8%	9.5%
Hale	34.2%	53.8%	39.0%	5.0%	21.1%	8.9%	30.8%	36.4%	32.5%
Henry	38.8%	73.7%	57.2%	15.3%	41.1%	28.9%	34.4%	64.3%	50.7%
Houston	43.1%	75.9%	54.6%	16.8%	50.1%	28.6%	38.8%	63.5%	47.7%
Jackson	37.2%	60.0%	48.6%	16.9%	31.4%	24.2%	42.1%	62.4%	52.9%
Jefferson	24.0%	68.2%	47.1%	5.5%	44.0%	25.8%	31.3%	67.9%	51.7%
Lamar	37.8%	74.1%	51.4%	7.8%	31.5%	16.7%	25.0%	67.4%	46.0%
Lauderdale	38.1%	65.0%	52.9%	12.9%	32.6%	23.7%	43.6%	58.7%	52.6%
Lawrence	37.7%	46.7%	42.4%	11.1%	20.6%	16.1%	31.6%	54.8%	43.3%
Lee	48.7%	80.2%	66.3%	20.1%	53.0%	38.5%	38.7%	70.1%	57.1%
Limestone	40.8%	73.8%	57.2%	19.1%	48.6%	33.8%	34.1%	61.9%	49.4%
Lowndes	1.5%	21.4%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.9%	41.9%	28.7%
Macon	9.3%	45.2%	19.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.5%	28.1%	27.7%
Madison	39.1%	72.1%	61.0%	9.7%	37.5%	28.1%	41.0%	71.2%	61.9%
Marengo	32.1%	67.3%	40.9%	12.8%	30.9%	17.4%	33.8%	67.6%	42.9%
Marion	53.1%	77.1%	63.8%	20.0%	37.4%	27.8%	44.8%	59.0%	51.1%
Marshall	42.2%	60.8%	51.3%	20.1%	38.8%	29.2%	43.3%	61.8%	53.6%
Mobile	39.5%	70.1%	49.3%	12.3%	38.7%	20.7%	37.6%	64.7%	47.5%
Monroe	22.1%	45.0%	30.6%	3.0%	12.7%	6.5%	22.7%	49.4%	32.9%
Montgomery	19.8%	52.8%	33.0%	2.3%	23.0%	10.7%	25.4%	58.1%	40.7%
Morgan	40.8%	66.2%	54.3%	15.3%	37.4%	27.0%	38.7%	64.6%	51.0%
Perry	18.3%	75.0%	20.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.4%	55.6%	25.9%
Pickens	26.6%	50.8%	35.3%	0.9%	14.8%	5.9%	22.3%	39.7%	29.9%
Pike	28.7%	56.0%	38.2%	8.7%	30.8%	16.3%	35.7%	66.7%	48.2%
Randolph	42.0%	58.4%	48.1%	7.7%	16.9%	11.1%	40.7%	65.2%	51.3%
Russell	41.9%	64.8%	50.7%	14.4%	41.2%	24.7%	43.0%	63.8%	50.2%
St. Clair	48.5%	67.7%	58.1%	15.7%	31.5%	23.6%	44.8%	67.2%	57.5%
Shelby	49.6%	73.6%	65.9%	17.6%	38.6%	31.8%	47.2%	70.7%	63.6%
Sumter	23.5%	48.3%	30.0%	1.2%	17.2%	5.4%	26.6%	44.4%	33.1%
Talladega	36.6%	64.0%	45.1%	8.7%	22.9%	13.1%	38.5%	63.2%	48.4%
Tallapoosa	34.0%	64.9%	43.8%	6.3%	36.6%	15.9%	35.9%	57.8%	44.6%
Tuscaloosa	34.0%	65.6%	50.7%	12.1%	36.6%	25.1%	34.3%	62.7%	49.5%
Walker	38.8%	66.4%	49.9%	9.9%	29.2%	17.7%	38.8%	62.0%	50.5%
Washington	49.0%	72.6%	58.1%	14.4%	26.2%	19.0%	31.3%	47.3%	37.6%
Wilcox	18.0%	16.7%	17.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30.7%	0.0%	30.0%
Winston	50.3%	56.4%	52.8%	20.1%	18.9%	19.6%	44.0%	63.3%	52.9%
ALABAMA	37.9%	68.1%	51.9%	12.1%	37.5%	23.9%	37.8%	65.2%	51.7%



ACAP-Eighth Grade Math Percent Proficient

2020-2021

	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL
Autauga	9.7%	29.2%	21.5%
Baldwin	12.0%	35.2%	24.5%
Barbour	2.7%	10.9%	6.5%
Bibb	4.5%	5.8%	5.1%
Blount	4.3%	15.9%	10.3%
Bullock	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Butler	0.0%	5.4%	1.3%
Calhoun	6.7%	17.0%	11.5%
Chambers	0.0%	8.1%	4.3%
Cherokee	12.8%	18.4%	15.3%
Chilton	3.3%	6.0%	4.5%
Choctaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Clarke	3.0%	4.7%	3.6%
Clay	2.9%	6.3%	4.5%
Cleburne	7.4%	9.5%	8.5%
Coffee	12.8%	33.0%	24.1%
Colbert	5.2%	32.7%	19.0%
Conecuh	1.5%	0.0%	0.9%
Coosa	0.0%	6.3%	3.3%
Covington	13.8%	35.5%	23.6%
Crenshaw	2.9%	10.8%	7.5%
Cullman	12.3%	26.1%	20.0%
Dale	7.8%	25.4%	15.0%
Dallas	0.5%	3.9%	0.9%
De Kalb	5.9%	17.0%	10.3%
Elmore	12.5%	26.2%	19.4%
Escambia	6.6%	22.3%	13.9%
Etowah	5.5%	12.3%	8.5%
Fayette	5.0%	9.7%	7.2%
Franklin	7.3%	13.3%	9.6%
Geneva	9.8%	27.6%	17.2%
Greene	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hale	0.9%	4.4%	2.0%
Henry	3.2%	13.4%	8.8%
Houston	3.9%	17.1%	8.7%
Jackson	12.2%	21.8%	17.3%
Jefferson	3.0%	28.1%	17.1%
Lamar	9.2%	25.0%	17.0%
Lauderdale	9.1%	20.7%	16.1%
Lawrence	1.7%	5.1%	3.4%
Lee	11.8%	38.0%	27.2%
Limestone	2.9%	12.4%	8.1%
Lowndes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Macon	0.0%	7.4%	2.4%
Madison	5.0%	27.7%	20.8%
Marengo	5.1%	33.8%	12.8%
Marion	6.3%	18.5%	11.8%
Marshall	6.6%	20.1%	14.2%
Mobile	4.6%	16.5%	8.9%
Monroe	0.0%	13.8%	5.4%
Montgomery	1.2%	15.8%	8.1%
Morgan	7.9%	31.4%	19.0%
Perry	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pickens	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pike	10.7%	20.7%	14.7%
Randolph	8.2%	18.4%	12.7%
Russell	5.8%	13.3%	8.4%
St. Clair	3.5%	18.5%	11.9%
Shelby	7.3%	21.4%	17.1%
Sumter	3.7%	8.9%	5.6%
Talladega	3.9%	17.3%	9.2%
Tallapoosa	6.5%	15.1%	9.9%
Tuscaloosa	3.2%	18.8%	11.6%
Walker	6.1%	15.2%	10.7%
Washington	1.8%	8.1%	4.3%
Wilcox	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Winston	5.7%	13.3%	9.2%
ALABAMA	5.6%	22.6%	14.3%

Ninth Grade Retention

2015-2016

2019-2020

PERCENT	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY
1.1%	2.5%	4.4%	1.6%
0.1%	0.3%	0.8%	0.1%
1.8%	0.8%	1.7%	0.0%
4.0%	2.3%	3.7%	1.5%
0.4%	2.7%	5.6%	1.9%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1.1%	2.2%	4.5%	0.9%
4.1%	5.5%	7.8%	3.9%
0.6%	3.0%	5.1%	2.0%
2.2%	1.2%	2.4%	0.5%
4.3%	1.0%	1.6%	0.0%
2.5%	3.6%	5.0%	2.6%
3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.9%	1.2%	2.4%	0.8%
1.8%	1.3%	2.8%	0.7%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	6.4%	11.4%	3.0%
0.5%	0.6%	0.9%	0.5%
1.4%	5.1%	7.4%	3.7%
2.5%	5.5%	6.6%	1.8%
0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
3.2%	5.2%	9.4%	3.3%
1.2%	0.8%	1.2%	0.5%
0.4%	0.5%	1.3%	0.2%
0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.8%	0.2%	0.8%	0.0%
0.0%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%
2.2%	8.5%	12.7%	0.0%
0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.7%	2.4%	4.0%	1.3%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1.6%	3.1%	6.0%	1.7%
3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.5%	1.6%	1.5%	1.7%
2.2%	3.0%	6.6%	1.8%
0.7%	0.4%	0.9%	0.2%
2.9%	16.2%	18.7%	8.3%
1.3%	0.7%	1.1%	0.0%
2.1%	2.1%	5.7%	1.0%
0.3%	2.4%	4.0%	0.8%
1.9%	4.3%	7.6%	2.6%
1.2%	1.9%	3.2%	1.3%
4.2%	8.0%	12.0%	4.7%
2.5%	4.2%	7.5%	2.4%
10.2%	15.7%	21.6%	8.2%
1.1%	3.1%	5.9%	2.1%
0.8%	10.8%	11.9%	8.3%
1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
2.3%	2.2%	4.5%	0.0%
1.3%	1.7%	2.5%	1.2%
4.8%	14.8%	23.4%	9.7%
1.5%	1.0%	2.2%	0.5%
1.5%	2.4%	5.7%	1.8%
2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1.6%	0.5%	0.9%	0.2%
0.9%	2.4%	5.5%	0.7%
3.3%	4.6%	8.9%	2.6%
0.9%	1.5%	3.0%	0.8%
1.7%	1.4%	2.8%	0.7%
5.9%	8.8%	10.2%	4.0%
0.3%	1.3%	4.1%	0.4%
2.1%	3.3%	6.5%	1.7%



Average 11th Grade ACT Scores

2019-2020

	ENGLISH	MATH	READING	SCIENCE	COMPOSITE
Autauga	19	18	19	19	19
Baldwin	19	19	19	19	19
Barbour	16	16	17	17	16
Bibb	17	17	18	18	18
Blount	18	18	18	18	18
Bullock	13	14	15	15	14
Butler	16	16	16	16	16
Calhoun	17	17	18	18	17
Chambers	15	16	16	16	16
Cherokee	17	17	18	17	17
Chilton	16	17	18	17	17
Choctaw	15	15	16	16	15
Clarke	17	16	17	17	17
Clay	16	17	17	18	17
Cleburne	17	17	18	17	18
Coffee	18	18	19	19	19
Colbert	19	18	19	19	19
Conecuh	17	16	19	17	17
Coosa	15	16	17	16	16
Covington	18	17	18	18	18
Crenshaw	16	16	17	18	17
Cullman	18	18	19	19	19
Dale	17	17	18	18	18
Dallas	13	14	14	14	14
De Kalb	17	17	17	17	17
Elmore	18	17	19	19	18
Escambia	18	17	18	17	18
Etowah	17	17	18	18	17
Fayette	17	17	18	17	18
Franklin	17	17	17	18	18
Geneva	17	18	18	18	18
Greene	14	15	15	15	15
Hale	15	16	16	16	16
Henry	17	17	18	18	18
Houston	18	17	18	18	18
Jackson	18	18	18	18	18
Jefferson	18	18	19	19	19
Lamar	17	17	18	18	18
Lauderdale	18	18	19	18	18
Lawrence	16	17	17	18	17
Lee	17	17	18	18	18
Limestone	17	17	18	18	18
Lowndes	14	15	16	16	16
Macon	16	15	16	16	16
Madison	20	19	21	20	20
Marengo	18	18	18	18	18
Marion	19	18	19	19	19
Marshall	17	18	18	18	18
Mobile	17	17	18	18	17
Monroe	16	16	16	17	16
Montgomery	16	16	17	17	17
Morgan	18	18	19	18	18
Perry	13	15	14	14	14
Pickens	15	15	17	17	16
Pike	15	16	16	16	16
Randolph	16	16	17	17	17
Russell	18	17	18	18	18
St. Clair	18	18	19	18	18
Shelby	20	19	20	20	20
Sumter	13	14	14	14	14
Talladega	17	17	17	17	17
Tallapoosa	17	17	17	18	17
Tuscaloosa	17	18	18	18	18
Walker	17	17	17	18	17
Washington	16	15	20	16	17
Wilcox	13	15	14	14	14
Winston	17	17	18	18	18
ALABAMA	18	18	18	18	18

Graduation Rate

2018-2019****

2019-2020

POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL
84.0%	96.0%	91.3%	77.4%	93.6%	87.4%
83.6%	94.9%	91.0%	81.0%	93.6%	88.8%
84.1%	91.0%	87.2%	79.2%	88.5%	84.3%
89.1%	98.1%	93.0%	81.6%	91.3%	85.4%
94.3%	98.5%	96.8%	93.4%	97.6%	95.7%
93.2%	95.1%	94.1%	82.0%	79.3%	81.0%
92.6%	98.0%	94.1%	81.1%	95.2%	84.0%
89.2%	97.8%	93.6%	86.8%	96.2%	91.4%
91.2%	91.9%	91.5%	83.5%	93.2%	88.1%
87.7%	98.5%	92.5%	85.1%	97.4%	89.9%
86.2%	94.9%	90.1%	83.4%	93.0%	87.9%
96.6%	96.6%	96.6%	81.6%	98.1%	90.3%
92.8%	93.2%	93.0%	85.8%	93.2%	89.7%
85.9%	94.7%	89.4%	82.7%	91.8%	86.3%
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	91.9%	97.4%	94.7%
90.5%	98.4%	95.7%	87.2%	98.1%	94.1%
89.2%	96.6%	93.5%	89.0%	96.3%	92.7%
85.5%	98.4%	92.0%	86.8%	99.5%	88.0%
89.5%	81.8%	84.6%	72.4%	85.4%	80.0%
93.9%	98.6%	96.6%	89.8%	98.1%	94.1%
84.0%	92.9%	90.2%	75.0%	93.6%	85.9%
92.8%	97.6%	95.7%	90.5%	97.4%	95.0%
95.2%	97.4%	96.2%	93.3%	96.6%	94.8%
92.3%	96.2%	93.8%	91.3%	89.7%	90.8%
92.6%	97.2%	94.8%	92.1%	97.1%	94.5%
89.5%	95.7%	93.0%	80.9%	94.7%	88.6%
86.2%	93.5%	90.7%	81.6%	92.1%	88.0%
93.2%	96.6%	95.0%	91.9%	96.8%	94.6%
89.0%	97.6%	93.5%	84.4%	97.4%	90.9%
88.0%	95.6%	93.8%	96.3%	95.6%	96.0%
98.0%	100.0%	99.0%	91.3%	98.2%	94.5%
92.7%	74.1%	85.3%	84.3%	88.6%	86.0%
95.1%	91.7%	94.1%	88.8%	92.3%	89.7%
95.7%	98.3%	96.8%	93.8%	97.1%	95.7%
87.2%	97.1%	91.3%	88.8%	94.7%	91.6%
92.3%	97.1%	95.0%	89.8%	95.8%	93.2%
88.5%	95.5%	92.6%	84.7%	93.6%	89.9%
88.2%	98.7%	93.4%	88.4%	97.6%	92.9%
89.7%	98.3%	95.0%	91.8%	97.5%	95.4%
88.3%	95.3%	91.6%	91.4%	95.0%	93.1%
85.5%	96.2%	92.3%	85.7%	95.0%	91.5%
85.1%	96.7%	91.8%	83.1%	93.1%	88.6%
92.3%	98.0%	94.8%	83.8%	91.9%	86.5%
86.4%	88.5%	87.4%	85.2%	98.0%	89.9%
91.6%	96.8%	95.4%	83.9%	96.7%	93.2%
91.0%	95.3%	92.8%	87.4%	94.3%	89.9%
94.0%	94.6%	94.3%	89.0%	96.5%	92.9%
91.1%	96.4%	94.2%	84.7%	95.2%	90.8%
84.1%	92.3%	88.7%	82.8%	92.5%	88.1%
91.1%	93.1%	91.8%	84.7%	95.8%	89.8%
83.3%	91.4%	87.7%	76.0%	88.3%	82.0%
90.3%	95.9%	93.7%	87.4%	96.8%	92.9%
98.7%	100.0%	99.1%	90.1%	95.8%	91.6%
95.4%	98.6%	96.6%	97.6%	100.0%	98.4%
88.6%	97.0%	93.0%	88.2%	95.9%	91.8%
93.1%	96.4%	94.7%	86.0%	99.2%	92.3%
93.1%	97.2%	94.6%	90.8%	93.0%	91.5%
93.2%	97.2%	95.4%	86.3%	93.5%	90.5%
93.1%	97.1%	96.0%	91.9%	97.5%	95.7%
78.4%	94.8%	87.2%	89.8%	90.0%	89.9%
94.8%	98.8%	96.4%	90.2%	97.3%	92.6%
90.8%	96.5%	93.5%	86.2%	93.3%	89.4%
84.1%	93.3%	89.7%	77.7%	93.8%	87.1%
93.4%	97.9%	95.7%	84.8%	95.6%	90.2%
89.2%	96.6%	92.4%	94.9%	97.4%	96.1%
86.0%	95.6%	89.3%	77.7%	85.7%	79.8%
87.1%	97.3%	92.7%	86.5%	93.8%	89.3%
89.1%	95.7%	92.9%	85.5%	94.7%	90.6%

NOTE: **** Graduation rate is calculated by only 1 subgroup at a time, and poverty is determined by a flag that is set in the calculated graduation data.



College and Career Ready Index Percentage

2019-2020

	OVERALL	ACT	IB	AP	ACT WORK KEYS	COLLEGE CREDIT	CAREER TECH CREDENTIAL	MILITARY
Autauga	75.2%	54.0%	0.0%	10.5%	67.2%	11.4%	22.0%	5.8%
Baldwin	83.2%	54.3%	0.9%	12.3%	59.0%	12.6%	45.1%	1.2%
Barbour	59.8%	28.4%	0.0%	3.9%	38.7%	9.7%	23.9%	2.1%
Bibb	88.8%	45.1%	0.0%	8.6%	47.2%	11.6%	73.0%	2.2%
Blount	89.4%	54.6%	0.0%	5.6%	62.4%	11.9%	43.1%	1.8%
Bullock	72.2%	16.5%	0.0%	0.0%	19.0%	21.5%	60.8%	1.3%
Butler	61.2%	31.6%	0.0%	0.5%	36.4%	23.8%	18.0%	0.0%
Calhoun	70.8%	43.7%	0.0%	6.2%	38.9%	17.8%	23.7%	1.6%
Chambers	53.7%	26.7%	0.0%	0.0%	47.9%	14.8%	10.6%	1.6%
Cherokee	66.8%	37.9%	0.0%	4.4%	16.8%	14.4%	22.2%	2.7%
Chilton	64.3%	35.8%	0.0%	4.6%	54.9%	8.6%	18.2%	0.9%
Choctaw	76.7%	29.1%	0.0%	0.0%	35.9%	18.5%	64.1%	1.9%
Clarke	70.9%	35.8%	0.0%	0.7%	42.9%	27.7%	43.3%	1.4%
Clay	63.7%	33.9%	0.0%	0.0%	45.2%	27.4%	16.1%	2.4%
Cleburne	80.3%	50.0%	0.0%	1.3%	62.5%	9.9%	30.3%	0.7%
Coffee	84.6%	56.4%	0.0%	12.4%	63.0%	34.6%	50.3%	1.5%
Colbert	83.6%	50.8%	0.0%	9.9%	40.1%	12.9%	55.8%	0.8%
Conecuh	56.9%	24.0%	0.0%	1.2%	29.9%	19.2%	12.0%	3.0%
Coosa	52.9%	24.3%	0.0%	0.0%	41.4%	12.9%	28.6%	2.9%
Covington	91.1%	49.9%	0.0%	2.5%	62.0%	33.6%	57.8%	1.0%
Crenshaw	62.7%	32.4%	0.0%	0.0%	35.7%	20.0%	30.8%	4.9%
Cullman	93.3%	54.6%	0.0%	9.6%	52.3%	15.0%	64.2%	4.2%
Dale	85.9%	39.8%	0.0%	4.6%	46.7%	19.4%	54.4%	4.1%
Dallas	51.0%	17.4%	0.0%	0.2%	19.8%	20.0%	25.5%	1.1%
De Kalb	76.9%	44.0%	0.0%	1.0%	39.8%	24.4%	43.3%	0.1%
Elmore	74.5%	46.3%	0.0%	9.0%	13.3%	8.0%	42.3%	3.7%
Escambia	72.9%	43.9%	0.0%	5.4%	53.6%	28.5%	17.1%	2.9%
Etowah	74.1%	47.7%	0.0%	10.6%	43.4%	19.4%	27.3%	0.7%
Fayette	87.0%	52.6%	0.0%	13.6%	60.4%	41.6%	53.3%	2.6%
Franklin	79.2%	40.9%	0.0%	8.8%	35.7%	19.6%	32.6%	0.7%
Geneva	83.5%	42.2%	0.0%	0.4%	57.0%	15.6%	54.0%	0.8%
Greene	69.8%	12.8%	0.0%	0.0%	12.8%	10.5%	67.4%	0.0%
Hale	69.2%	26.7%	0.0%	4.8%	35.6%	24.0%	45.2%	3.4%
Henry	93.5%	47.8%	0.0%	5.4%	16.3%	38.0%	69.0%	2.2%
Houston	73.5%	41.4%	0.0%	4.2%	30.1%	14.2%	38.8%	2.2%
Jackson	81.7%	48.0%	0.0%	5.2%	44.4%	25.2%	39.9%	1.1%
Jefferson	71.8%	48.9%	1.6%	16.8%	38.9%	11.4%	30.4%	1.4%
Lamar	78.1%	50.3%	0.0%	3.6%	58.6%	27.8%	32.5%	1.8%
Lauderdale	80.1%	52.7%	0.0%	5.3%	62.9%	10.2%	30.5%	0.2%
Lawrence	66.3%	41.6%	0.0%	3.3%	51.8%	9.2%	24.1%	0.3%
Lee	76.7%	55.5%	1.1%	16.0%	65.4%	13.7%	35.0%	1.6%
Limestone	79.7%	46.1%	0.0%	12.8%	36.3%	17.3%	43.9%	1.9%
Lowndes	53.2%	9.9%	0.0%	0.0%	18.9%	5.4%	41.4%	2.7%
Macon	61.9%	28.1%	0.0%	0.0%	32.4%	43.2%	26.6%	0.0%
Madison	83.1%	60.0%	0.1%	26.0%	64.9%	6.1%	25.4%	1.1%
Marengo	74.7%	42.9%	0.0%	5.4%	52.4%	37.5%	25.7%	2.7%
Marion	76.9%	57.1%	0.0%	0.6%	64.8%	33.0%	2.5%	3.1%
Marshall	77.8%	47.6%	0.0%	11.1%	60.2%	11.9%	48.9%	2.9%
Mobile	81.5%	39.6%	1.0%	7.2%	14.8%	11.3%	54.5%	0.5%
Monroe	75.8%	41.0%	0.0%	3.5%	42.6%	23.1%	49.2%	3.9%
Montgomery	51.2%	31.1%	0.0%	8.3%	33.0%	4.7%	17.2%	2.5%
Morgan	88.1%	48.7%	0.0%	16.3%	58.8%	34.1%	29.2%	0.8%
Perry	69.5%	13.7%	0.0%	15.8%	17.9%	33.7%	55.8%	3.2%
Pickens	76.6%	35.1%	0.0%	0.0%	52.7%	36.7%	17.0%	2.1%
Pike	67.4%	32.0%	0.0%	1.3%	45.9%	15.2%	24.4%	1.9%
Randolph	80.3%	37.6%	0.0%	1.1%	48.9%	24.5%	59.9%	2.2%
Russell	77.5%	38.7%	0.0%	3.1%	50.1%	8.0%	42.1%	1.4%
St. Clair	74.6%	49.0%	0.0%	9.9%	58.8%	19.5%	22.2%	1.2%
Shelby	81.7%	61.5%	0.0%	23.9%	47.9%	12.3%	18.9%	0.8%
Sumter	47.7%	25.7%	0.0%	6.4%	27.5%	11.9%	21.1%	1.8%
Talladega	76.8%	37.7%	0.0%	9.5%	38.7%	21.3%	47.8%	1.9%
Tallapoosa	80.8%	45.0%	0.0%	4.6%	53.3%	16.9%	46.2%	0.5%
Tuscaloosa	65.4%	39.5%	0.1%	10.5%	50.1%	7.1%	22.1%	0.3%
Walker	75.9%	44.1%	0.0%	1.9%	37.6%	18.8%	43.0%	1.0%
Washington	89.6%	43.7%	0.0%	0.0%	53.3%	45.0%	42.9%	2.2%
Wilcox	65.1%	17.1%	0.0%	0.0%	25.6%	15.5%	41.9%	3.9%
Winston	77.7%	48.5%	0.0%	2.1%	61.2%	19.2%	35.7%	2.1%
ALABAMA	75.8%	46.2%	0.4%	11.0%	44.8%	14.8%	34.9%	1.5%



High School Dropout Rate

2015-2016*****		2019-2020		
PERCENT	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	
Autauga	4.3%	6.2%	12.8%	2.1%
Baldwin	6.9%	6.3%	10.3%	3.8%
Barbour	2.6%	9.4%	15.4%	4.4%
Bibb	8.4%	8.2%	11.3%	3.3%
Blount	2.3%	2.1%	2.4%	1.9%
Bullock	7.2%	5.1%	6.0%	3.4%
Butler	3.0%	6.3%	7.3%	2.4%
Calhoun	4.1%	3.9%	6.1%	1.5%
Chambers	9.8%	9.0%	12.2%	5.4%
Cherokee	3.6%	4.7%	6.6%	1.7%
Chilton	8.2%	8.4%	11.9%	4.4%
Choctaw	11.9%	6.8%	12.2%	1.9%
Clarke	3.6%	6.7%	9.7%	4.1%
Clay	3.4%	8.9%	10.7%	6.1%
Cleburne	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%	1.3%
Coffee	1.6%	3.2%	7.1%	0.9%
Colbert	4.2%	4.1%	6.1%	2.2%
Conecuh	16.7%	4.8%	6.6%	2.6%
Coosa	8.5%	11.4%	17.2%	7.3%
Covington	2.0%	3.2%	5.6%	1.0%
Crenshaw	6.8%	9.2%	15.8%	4.6%
Cullman	5.4%	2.4%	4.7%	1.1%
Dale	4.0%	2.2%	2.4%	2.0%
Dallas	6.6%	4.6%	4.2%	5.5%
De Kalb	3.4%	3.0%	4.2%	1.7%
Elmore	5.7%	6.3%	11.5%	2.1%
Escambia	8.4%	4.3%	8.1%	1.9%
Etowah	4.9%	2.0%	3.3%	1.1%
Fayette	7.9%	7.1%	11.7%	2.6%
Franklin	4.0%	2.6%	2.3%	2.9%
Geneva	1.6%	2.1%	2.4%	1.8%
Greene	8.1%	9.3%	11.8%	5.7%
Hale	5.6%	4.8%	4.7%	5.1%
Henry	2.3%	1.1%	1.3%	1.0%
Houston	2.5%	4.3%	5.8%	2.5%
Jackson	3.3%	3.6%	5.7%	1.9%
Jefferson	3.3%	3.7%	5.7%	2.2%
Lamar	8.6%	3.6%	7.0%	0.0%
Lauderdale	2.7%	2.2%	5.0%	0.5%
Lawrence	8.0%	4.3%	6.1%	2.1%
Lee	2.7%	4.6%	8.6%	2.2%
Limestone	4.5%	7.5%	11.0%	4.6%
Lowndes	3.8%	5.4%	8.1%	0.0%
Macon	4.3%	2.2%	3.4%	0.0%
Madison	3.0%	3.0%	6.8%	1.5%
Marengo	4.2%	5.1%	6.3%	2.8%
Marion	6.6%	4.6%	8.4%	1.2%
Marshall	3.9%	3.8%	6.4%	1.9%
Mobile	7.1%	5.4%	8.9%	2.5%
Monroe	9.8%	8.6%	13.9%	2.5%
Montgomery	5.7%	9.1%	13.1%	4.8%
Morgan	3.7%	3.3%	5.7%	1.5%
Perry	2.5%	4.2%	4.2%	4.2%
Pickens	4.5%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%
Pike	5.0%	6.0%	8.8%	2.7%
Randolph	5.0%	4.7%	8.4%	0.8%
Russell	5.7%	4.3%	4.2%	4.5%
St. Clair	5.1%	4.1%	6.3%	2.5%
Shelby	2.2%	1.8%	3.8%	0.8%
Sumter	5.8%	3.7%	3.4%	4.0%
Talladega	3.5%	3.5%	4.8%	0.8%
Tallapoosa	4.1%	5.3%	6.0%	4.5%
Tuscaloosa	6.3%	7.3%	13.6%	2.7%
Walker	5.1%	6.8%	10.8%	2.8%
Washington	3.6%	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%
Wilcox	0.0%	15.5%	17.0%	11.4%
Winston	4.5%	7.6%	9.0%	5.3%
ALABAMA	4.5%	4.6%	7.5%	2.3%

NOTE: ***** Calculated by cohort only 1 subgroup at a time, and poverty is determined by a flag that is set in the calculated graduation data.



Suspensions By Race/Ethnicity In-School and Out of School

Suspensions By Gender In-School and Out of School

	2019-2020							2019-2020		
	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC/LATINO	ASIAN	AMERICAN INDIAN	NATIVE HAWAIIAN	TWO OR MORE RACES	FEMALE	MALE	TOTAL
Autauga	7.7%	15.9%	7.0%	2.5%	4.3%	0.0%	9.3%	5.5%	13.9%	9.8%
Baldwin	10.0%	24.5%	11.8%	5.6%	17.3%	10.5%	10.3%	7.5%	15.8%	11.8%
Barbour	3.6%	17.5%	5.4%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%	16.7%	7.1%	13.5%	10.2%
Bibb	6.3%	12.5%	2.1%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	15.0%	3.4%	11.2%	7.6%
Blount	7.1%	17.7%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	14.1%	3.4%	10.7%	7.1%
Bullock	36.4%	17.3%	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.6%	21.8%	15.9%
Butler	10.1%	24.4%	18.5%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.2%	13.2%	24.6%	19.3%
Calhoun	3.4%	9.9%	4.8%	2.5%	2.8%	6.3%	8.4%	3.3%	7.1%	5.3%
Chambers	10.7%	21.3%	5.4%	7.7%	25.0%	0.0%	22.7%	10.2%	22.1%	16.3%
Cherokee	10.0%	15.9%	5.3%	0.0%	9.4%	0.0%	4.0%	4.4%	15.1%	10.0%
Chilton	8.0%	17.4%	6.8%	0.0%	30.8%	0.0%	9.9%	4.7%	13.0%	8.9%
Choctaw	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.6%	0.8%
Clarke	9.6%	13.2%	8.3%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	6.3%	7.8%	15.5%	11.7%
Clay	3.6%	6.9%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	2.2%	5.8%	4.1%
Cleburne	9.6%	18.8%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	4.8%	14.6%	9.7%
Coffee	3.3%	10.0%	2.1%	1.6%	4.8%	0.0%	6.3%	2.5%	6.3%	4.5%
Colbert	5.3%	15.3%	5.8%	2.2%	10.8%	0.0%	12.8%	3.9%	11.0%	7.6%
Conecuh	2.1%	15.5%	6.3%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	7.3%	16.5%	11.8%
Coosa	12.7%	31.9%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%	16.6%	25.7%	21.3%
Covington	8.3%	7.3%	8.5%	1.6%	11.8%	0.0%	3.8%	5.2%	10.6%	8.0%
Crenshaw	9.6%	16.2%	9.6%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	13.8%	7.8%	15.5%	11.7%
Cullman	1.5%	0.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.6%	2.2%	1.4%
Dale	5.7%	19.3%	3.9%	0.0%	10.3%	0.0%	3.1%	5.8%	12.6%	9.4%
Dallas	6.2%	17.4%	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.7%	18.3%	16.1%
De Kalb	7.7%	12.1%	8.5%	5.3%	4.4%	0.0%	11.8%	5.0%	10.2%	7.7%
Elmore	7.4%	19.3%	8.4%	7.3%	10.9%	16.7%	5.9%	7.2%	13.7%	10.7%
Escambia	0.9%	1.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	1.4%	1.0%
Etowah	6.0%	2.2%	2.9%	1.3%	0.0%	8.3%	8.2%	2.5%	7.2%	5.0%
Fayette	8.6%	9.9%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	4.5%	12.5%	8.6%
Franklin	7.0%	4.5%	1.2%	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	7.6%	2.8%	7.1%	5.0%
Geneva	2.1%	5.0%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	3.7%	2.3%
Greene	16.7%	24.5%	31.3%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.1%	27.5%	24.5%
Hale	5.6%	12.7%	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%	6.0%	15.0%	10.6%
Henry	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%
Houston	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Jackson	1.3%	3.0%	1.0%	3.7%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	1.8%	1.3%
Jefferson	2.6%	16.2%	5.8%	0.8%	9.8%	8.8%	5.0%	7.0%	11.9%	9.5%
Lamar	7.2%	12.2%	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	4.1%	11.5%	7.8%
Lauderdale	1.6%	1.1%	0.8%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%	1.0%	0.5%	2.3%	1.5%
Lawrence	4.9%	6.0%	2.7%	4.5%	1.3%	0.0%	8.9%	2.8%	6.6%	4.7%
Lee	5.1%	16.7%	5.0%	1.0%	11.8%	4.3%	7.3%	5.3%	11.1%	8.3%
Limestone	6.7%	8.5%	6.8%	3.0%	8.7%	3.7%	5.2%	3.4%	10.5%	6.9%
Lowndes	16.7%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.2%	20.6%	16.6%
Macon	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.4%	1.2%	2.2%	1.7%
Madison	5.8%	17.3%	8.0%	1.3%	7.7%	7.6%	8.6%	6.2%	12.2%	9.3%
Marengo	8.0%	17.4%	6.4%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	10.0%	16.8%	13.4%
Marion	3.7%	12.9%	1.2%	4.3%	8.3%	0.0%	6.3%	2.0%	6.1%	4.1%
Marshall	3.0%	9.0%	2.4%	0.0%	4.8%	2.0%	5.2%	1.6%	4.4%	3.0%
Mobile	1.1%	1.4%	0.4%	0.1%	1.4%	1.8%	1.1%	0.9%	1.5%	1.2%
Monroe	4.4%	12.1%	5.7%	10.0%	4.1%	0.0%	9.7%	5.7%	11.0%	8.4%
Montgomery	4.4%	16.1%	6.5%	1.1%	4.5%	15.4%	3.3%	9.6%	16.7%	13.2%
Morgan	3.8%	2.1%	2.0%	0.0%	1.2%	4.2%	1.3%	1.5%	4.5%	3.1%
Perry	100.0%	28.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.6%	32.6%	28.6%
Pickens	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pike	4.0%	6.8%	2.5%	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%	1.2%	3.5%	7.1%	5.4%
Randolph	12.3%	16.4%	8.0%	5.9%	10.0%	0.0%	17.5%	7.9%	18.0%	13.1%
Russell	10.1%	17.9%	10.2%	7.1%	15.8%	15.2%	11.7%	9.2%	18.9%	14.2%
St. Clair	6.8%	13.1%	6.8%	3.1%	4.5%	10.0%	9.4%	4.0%	10.7%	7.5%
Shelby	6.8%	17.1%	8.0%	2.6%	5.9%	7.7%	6.1%	5.0%	12.2%	8.6%
Sumter	5.3%	13.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.2%	16.4%	12.3%
Talladega	14.1%	25.0%	12.7%	2.4%	50.0%	40.0%	18.6%	12.9%	24.1%	18.5%
Tallapoosa	12.5%	29.7%	11.8%	5.0%	22.6%	7.7%	11.1%	11.7%	24.8%	18.6%
Tuscaloosa	5.7%	16.0%	5.1%	4.2%	2.6%	2.8%	5.3%	6.7%	13.3%	10.0%
Walker	1.7%	4.4%	1.5%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	2.9%	0.7%	3.1%	1.9%
Washington	2.1%	5.9%	3.0%	0.0%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	4.9%	3.3%
Wilcox	12.5%	7.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	9.7%	7.9%
Winston	3.9%	1.9%	4.3%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	6.1%	2.0%	5.7%	3.9%
ALABAMA	5.2%	13.2%	5.3%	1.5%	4.8%	5.7%	6.6%	5.0%	10.3%	7.7%



Expulsions By Gender

2019-2020

FEMALE MALE TOTAL

Chronic Absenteeism (10-17 Days)

2019-2020

POVERTY ABOVE POVERTY TOTAL

Chronic Absenteeism (18+ Days)

2019-2020

POVERTY ABOVE POVERTY TOTAL

Autauga	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	22.1%	14.3%	16.7%	10.2%	3.9%	5.9%
Baldwin	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	27.9%	20.2%	22.2%	11.0%	4.9%	6.5%
Barbour	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	23.4%	16.7%	20.5%	13.0%	5.7%	9.9%
Bibb	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	29.4%	22.5%	25.2%	16.8%	8.5%	11.8%
Blount	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.9%	13.4%	15.5%	3.1%	1.7%	2.1%
Bullock	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.6%	11.0%	15.0%	5.2%	1.8%	4.2%
Butler	0.2%	1.1%	0.7%	32.6%	29.8%	31.5%	15.4%	8.6%	12.6%
Calhoun	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	21.9%	15.2%	17.9%	8.8%	4.3%	6.1%
Chambers	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.6%	14.3%	17.9%	6.7%	4.0%	5.4%
Cherokee	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	26.2%	19.2%	21.7%	17.2%	7.6%	11.0%
Chilton	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.7%	17.6%	20.3%	9.2%	4.3%	6.1%
Choctaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.1%	18.7%	22.1%	10.3%	5.7%	8.6%
Clarke	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	26.7%	21.1%	24.0%	8.3%	3.8%	6.1%
Clay	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	25.4%	20.3%	22.2%	12.0%	5.8%	8.0%
Cleburne	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.9%	15.9%	18.6%	9.8%	4.5%	6.3%
Coffee	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.1%	11.8%	14.2%	8.8%	2.8%	4.8%
Colbert	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.7%	15.5%	17.9%	7.5%	3.0%	4.5%
Conecuh	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%	5.3%	8.4%	4.6%	2.7%	3.9%
Coosa	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	17.8%	15.4%	16.7%	6.1%	3.0%	4.6%
Covington	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30.7%	21.7%	25.3%	9.2%	3.5%	5.8%
Crenshaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	29.7%	21.6%	25.4%	14.7%	6.9%	10.6%
Cullman	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.9%	14.7%	16.6%	7.5%	3.0%	4.2%
Dale	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	20.1%	11.8%	15.6%	6.5%	2.9%	4.6%
Dallas	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.9%	18.0%	23.9%	14.8%	7.9%	13.0%
De Kalb	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.5%	19.7%	21.7%	12.3%	6.4%	8.8%
Elmore	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.8%	15.2%	17.6%	10.9%	4.0%	6.3%
Escambia	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	27.2%	19.2%	23.2%	11.1%	6.5%	8.8%
Etowah	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.1%	20.3%	21.5%	11.8%	6.7%	8.4%
Fayette	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.1%	13.5%	16.9%	8.1%	3.5%	5.3%
Franklin	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.3%	13.0%	15.4%	8.0%	3.5%	5.0%
Geneva	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	20.1%	11.6%	15.1%	6.6%	2.7%	4.3%
Greene	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.9%	20.1%	22.1%	13.7%	3.8%	10.9%
Hale	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.4%	17.5%	20.7%	8.3%	5.1%	6.8%
Henry	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.9%	13.2%	17.0%	6.9%	3.4%	4.8%
Houston	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.7%	12.3%	15.2%	8.6%	3.9%	6.1%
Jackson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	26.6%	16.8%	20.0%	8.6%	3.6%	5.3%
Jefferson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.4%	11.2%	15.0%	9.9%	2.8%	5.4%
Lamar	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	25.5%	18.9%	21.5%	14.1%	5.5%	8.9%
Lauderdale	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.1%	17.9%	19.8%	12.5%	5.2%	7.5%
Lawrence	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	22.7%	14.1%	17.6%	7.5%	2.7%	4.7%
Lee	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.8%	12.5%	14.3%	8.6%	3.3%	4.8%
Limestone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.3%	10.5%	12.2%	9.0%	3.5%	5.0%
Lowndes	0.2%	0.7%	0.4%	16.0%	10.3%	14.4%	5.7%	3.2%	5.0%
Macon	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.5%	12.5%	17.1%	9.8%	3.4%	7.6%
Madison	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.7%	13.1%	15.2%	8.9%	3.2%	4.7%
Marengo	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.5%	15.5%	19.2%	7.6%	4.9%	6.2%
Marion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.0%	19.6%	22.3%	11.0%	5.4%	7.4%
Marshall	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	20.4%	13.7%	16.1%	7.7%	3.8%	5.2%
Mobile	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.4%	13.9%	17.3%	10.3%	4.7%	7.7%
Monroe	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	15.3%	12.9%	14.1%	9.3%	4.9%	7.0%
Montgomery	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	19.6%	9.9%	15.4%	9.6%	2.8%	6.7%
Morgan	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.2%	15.7%	18.2%	9.2%	4.1%	5.7%
Perry	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.7%	18.4%	23.4%	11.8%	5.7%	10.5%
Pickens	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%	12.3%	14.9%	2.8%	2.0%	2.4%
Pike	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.7%	16.9%	19.0%	10.8%	5.6%	8.5%
Randolph	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	22.3%	15.0%	18.5%	10.0%	4.1%	6.9%
Russell	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	14.3%	8.1%	10.7%	4.2%	1.6%	2.7%
St. Clair	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	24.4%	13.6%	16.9%	9.0%	3.0%	4.8%
Shelby	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.3%	12.7%	14.2%	8.2%	2.9%	3.8%
Sumter	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	17.1%	13.8%	15.8%	6.5%	2.9%	5.2%
Talladega	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	23.6%	18.0%	20.4%	10.2%	5.2%	7.4%
Tallapoosa	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	18.9%	14.6%	16.5%	6.3%	3.4%	4.7%
Tuscaloosa	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.9%	12.1%	14.7%	7.5%	3.2%	4.6%
Walker	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	17.5%	20.3%	12.9%	5.8%	8.4%
Washington	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.9%	20.1%	23.2%	13.6%	6.6%	9.3%
Wilcox	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	27.5%	22.3%	26.5%	13.5%	9.9%	12.7%
Winston	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%	19.0%	21.6%	11.0%	4.8%	6.7%
ALABAMA	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	21.8%	14.2%	17.1%	9.6%	3.8%	6.0%



English Language Learners

	2015-2016***			2019-2020***		
	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL
Autauga	0.5%	1.3%	1.1%	1.4%	2.6%	2.2%
Baldwin	3.7%	2.3%	2.7%	5.0%	5.1%	5.1%
Barbour	3.1%	4.3%	3.6%	4.1%	5.9%	4.9%
Bibb	0.7%	1.5%	1.2%	1.1%	2.9%	2.2%
Blount	4.8%	3.6%	4.0%	8.8%	4.9%	6.0%
Bullock	6.5%	10.0%	7.6%	6.6%	23.8%	11.5%
Butler	0.3%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%	1.3%	0.5%
Calhoun	2.2%	1.1%	1.6%	3.3%	2.1%	2.6%
Chambers	1.6%	1.2%	1.4%	3.3%	3.2%	3.2%
Cherokee	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%
Chilton	4.8%	3.6%	4.1%	5.8%	7.0%	6.5%
Choctaw	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	0.3%
Clarke	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	0.0%	0.9%	0.4%
Clay	0.7%	0.9%	0.8%	1.2%	1.3%	1.3%
Cleburne	1.5%	0.3%	0.7%	0.6%	0.3%	0.4%
Coffee	7.5%	1.8%	3.6%	11.9%	3.5%	6.3%
Colbert	1.6%	0.8%	1.1%	1.5%	1.3%	1.4%
Conecuh	1.2%	1.4%	1.3%	3.2%	1.6%	2.6%
Coosa	1.8%	0.4%	1.1%	2.3%	1.4%	1.9%
Covington	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%
Crenshaw	1.7%	0.5%	1.1%	1.4%	0.8%	1.1%
Cullman	4.0%	2.1%	2.7%	2.7%	3.2%	3.1%
Dale	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	2.8%	2.3%	2.6%
Dallas	0.0%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.8%	0.3%
De Kalb	19.0%	8.6%	13.3%	23.8%	12.7%	17.3%
Elmore	1.7%	0.9%	1.2%	2.4%	1.9%	2.1%
Escambia	0.1%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.8%	0.6%
Etowah	4.1%	1.9%	2.7%	4.5%	4.3%	4.4%
Fayette	0.7%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%
Franklin	12.7%	8.1%	10.0%	15.1%	14.7%	14.8%
Geneva	1.8%	0.5%	1.1%	3.0%	1.1%	1.9%
Greene	0.0%	2.0%	0.5%	0.0%	1.9%	0.5%
Hale	0.1%	0.8%	0.4%	0.2%	1.3%	0.7%
Henry	1.3%	0.2%	0.6%	0.6%	0.9%	0.8%
Houston	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.5%	3.1%	2.3%
Jackson	1.9%	1.7%	1.7%	2.6%	2.9%	2.8%
Jefferson	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	4.2%	6.2%	5.4%
Lamar	1.2%	0.2%	0.6%	1.1%	0.8%	0.9%
Lauderdale	2.3%	0.8%	1.3%	1.6%	1.8%	1.8%
Lawrence	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%
Lee	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.8%	5.7%	4.8%
Limestone	7.0%	2.7%	4.2%	8.3%	4.8%	5.8%
Lowndes	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.8%	0.4%
Macon	0.2%	0.5%	0.3%	0.2%	1.4%	0.6%
Madison	5.3%	2.1%	3.0%	6.6%	3.8%	4.5%
Marengo	0.6%	1.8%	1.2%	0.5%	2.8%	1.7%
Marion	1.6%	0.8%	1.1%	1.5%	1.2%	1.3%
Marshall	9.5%	5.9%	7.4%	17.8%	9.3%	12.4%
Mobile	1.1%	2.1%	1.6%	2.7%	3.0%	2.8%
Monroe	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Montgomery	4.5%	5.1%	4.8%	5.9%	8.9%	7.2%
Morgan	8.5%	4.4%	5.9%	10.9%	8.4%	9.2%
Perry	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pickens	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%	3.5%	2.3%
Pike	1.0%	1.8%	1.4%	1.2%	1.7%	1.4%
Randolph	2.6%	0.7%	1.6%	3.8%	1.5%	2.6%
Russell	1.5%	0.7%	1.1%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%
St. Clair	1.4%	0.9%	1.1%	1.9%	1.5%	1.6%
Shelby	8.7%	3.5%	4.4%	8.1%	5.5%	6.0%
Sumter	0.1%	0.6%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%
Talladega	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%
Tallapoosa	2.2%	1.1%	1.6%	2.2%	1.5%	1.8%
Tuscaloosa	2.5%	3.3%	3.0%	3.1%	6.5%	5.4%
Walker	1.4%	1.9%	1.7%	2.3%	4.3%	3.6%
Washington	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%
Wilcox	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
Winston	2.8%	1.1%	1.7%	3.0%	2.9%	2.9%
ALABAMA	3.3%	2.5%	2.8%	4.4%	4.6%	4.5%

NOTE: *** Poverty based on Direct Certification.



Homeless Students

Per Pupil Expenditures *Adjusted for Inflation

	2018-2019			2019-2020			FY2015	FY2020
	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL	POVERTY	ABOVE POVERTY	TOTAL	DOLLARS*	DOLLARS
Autauga	2.1%	0.0%	0.6%	2.0%	0.0%	0.6%	\$8,229	\$8,750
Baldwin	2.0%	0.3%	0.7%	1.7%	0.1%	0.5%	\$9,595	\$10,730
Barbour	1.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.4%	\$12,016	\$13,571
Bibb	2.4%	0.0%	0.9%	3.2%	0.1%	1.3%	\$9,214	\$10,247
Blount	5.0%	0.0%	1.4%	4.2%	0.0%	1.2%	\$8,700	\$9,185
Bullock	0.7%	0.0%	0.5%	0.9%	0.3%	0.7%	\$11,988	\$10,808
Butler	3.8%	1.8%	3.0%	6.5%	0.0%	3.8%	\$9,961	\$9,666
Calhoun	3.0%	0.7%	1.7%	3.2%	0.3%	1.5%	\$9,799	\$10,138
Chambers	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	1.0%	0.1%	0.6%	\$9,680	\$10,128
Cherokee	14.9%	2.7%	6.8%	16.2%	2.5%	7.3%	\$9,885	\$10,775
Chilton	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	\$8,873	\$8,855
Choctaw	1.9%	0.0%	1.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	\$10,300	\$12,446
Clarke	0.9%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	\$10,255	\$10,905
Clay	4.2%	0.0%	1.4%	1.7%	0.0%	0.6%	\$9,149	\$9,725
Cleburne	2.1%	0.6%	1.1%	4.6%	0.0%	1.6%	\$9,579	\$9,429
Coffee	9.0%	1.1%	3.5%	10.8%	0.1%	3.6%	\$9,445	\$8,970
Colbert	2.8%	0.4%	1.2%	6.5%	1.9%	3.5%	\$11,505	\$12,009
Conecuh	0.6%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%	\$13,053	\$10,237
Coosa	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	\$10,646	\$11,664
Covington	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	\$9,429	\$9,888
Crenshaw	1.4%	0.1%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	\$9,450	\$9,390
Cullman	1.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.9%	0.0%	0.2%	\$9,774	\$10,279
Dale	0.8%	0.2%	0.5%	1.5%	0.1%	0.7%	\$9,020	\$8,969
Dallas	4.5%	1.1%	3.6%	5.6%	1.0%	4.4%	\$11,233	\$12,269
De Kalb	5.8%	1.9%	3.6%	6.1%	0.0%	2.6%	\$9,376	\$9,772
Elmore	0.7%	0.0%	0.2%	1.4%	0.2%	0.6%	\$8,249	\$8,525
Escambia	0.9%	0.0%	0.4%	0.9%	0.0%	0.5%	\$10,358	\$10,930
Etowah	2.9%	0.7%	1.4%	3.6%	0.0%	1.2%	\$8,772	\$9,472
Fayette	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%	0.2%	\$9,697	\$10,532
Franklin	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	\$10,301	\$10,551
Geneva	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	\$9,324	\$10,028
Greene	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	\$11,424	\$13,796
Hale	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	\$10,128	\$9,833
Henry	0.7%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	\$9,007	\$9,298
Houston	2.4%	0.9%	1.5%	1.2%	0.2%	0.7%	\$9,129	\$8,835
Jackson	1.3%	0.5%	0.8%	3.2%	0.0%	1.0%	\$10,746	\$10,645
Jefferson	3.3%	0.1%	1.3%	3.6%	0.0%	1.3%	\$9,542	\$9,853
Lamar	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	\$9,220	\$9,363
Lauderdale	3.5%	0.3%	1.3%	1.6%	0.0%	0.5%	\$9,510	\$9,868
Lawrence	6.8%	1.1%	3.4%	6.5%	0.0%	2.7%	\$9,830	\$10,622
Lee	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	1.0%	0.0%	0.3%	\$9,495	\$9,850
Limestone	3.3%	0.4%	1.3%	3.6%	0.0%	1.0%	\$10,159	\$8,651
Lowndes	15.1%	7.0%	12.6%	4.7%	1.6%	3.8%	\$13,211	\$13,505
Macon	2.9%	0.0%	1.9%	4.3%	0.9%	3.1%	\$11,911	\$12,373
Madison	2.9%	0.2%	0.9%	2.8%	0.2%	0.8%	\$9,171	\$9,546
Marengo	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	\$10,721	\$13,070
Marion	2.7%	0.1%	1.0%	1.5%	0.1%	0.6%	\$9,316	\$9,701
Marshall	6.9%	0.3%	2.8%	7.8%	0.1%	2.9%	\$10,212	\$10,585
Mobile	24.0%	1.5%	13.4%	12.2%	0.6%	6.7%	\$9,759	\$10,020
Monroe	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	7.8%	0.0%	3.7%	\$9,647	\$10,491
Montgomery	2.2%	0.4%	1.4%	1.6%	0.1%	1.0%	\$9,195	\$9,464
Morgan	1.2%	0.1%	0.5%	1.9%	0.0%	0.6%	\$9,939	\$10,335
Perry	16.1%	9.5%	14.6%	16.0%	0.8%	12.7%	\$10,389	\$12,427
Pickens	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	0.9%	0.0%	0.4%	\$10,174	\$10,932
Pike	4.3%	1.0%	2.7%	2.5%	1.1%	1.9%	\$11,255	\$12,043
Randolph	2.0%	0.0%	0.9%	1.3%	0.0%	0.6%	\$9,865	\$10,380
Russell	0.9%	0.2%	0.5%	1.2%	0.1%	0.6%	\$8,977	\$10,058
St. Clair	1.7%	0.2%	0.6%	1.6%	0.0%	0.5%	\$8,773	\$8,940
Shelby	4.0%	0.4%	1.0%	5.9%	0.0%	1.0%	\$10,226	\$10,162
Sumter	0.6%	0.2%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	\$11,331	\$12,944
Talladega	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	\$9,790	\$10,276
Tallapoosa	0.7%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%	\$9,660	\$9,894
Tuscaloosa	3.3%	0.5%	1.5%	3.1%	0.2%	1.2%	\$9,390	\$9,209
Walker	1.8%	0.5%	1.0%	2.0%	0.0%	0.8%	\$10,010	\$10,374
Washington	2.4%	0.2%	1.1%	1.8%	0.1%	0.8%	\$9,615	\$10,038
Wilcox	7.9%	0.0%	6.2%	6.0%	0.0%	4.8%	\$11,457	\$13,266
Winston	0.5%	0.1%	0.2%	0.7%	0.0%	0.2%	\$10,719	\$11,337
ALABAMA	2.9%	0.2%	1.2%	4.0%	0.1%	1.6%	\$9,626	\$9,947

NOTE: * Adjusted for Inflation



Teachers Teaching Out of Field

2015-2016

2019-2020

PERCENT

PERCENT

Direct Certification

2019-2020

WHITE

BLACK

HISPANIC/LATINO

TOTAL

	2015-2016	2019-2020	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC/LATINO	TOTAL
Autauga	1.0%	3.3%	22.1%	55.6%	35.8%	31.5%
Baldwin	0.8%	2.5%	19.3%	62.1%	30.4%	26.3%
Barbour	8.1%	10.4%	36.5%	70.7%	53.2%	56.5%
Bibb	3.3%	4.0%	30.8%	66.9%	35.4%	39.3%
Blount	1.1%	3.3%	25.4%	53.8%	34.2%	27.6%
Bullock	33.7%	14.4%	75.0%	77.3%	44.1%	71.6%
Butler	6.1%	12.1%	38.9%	71.2%	40.4%	59.1%
Calhoun	2.4%	5.2%	30.3%	62.2%	45.9%	40.0%
Chambers	3.2%	1.5%	32.3%	62.2%	54.4%	49.8%
Cherokee	1.9%	5.5%	33.6%	55.5%	44.1%	34.8%
Chilton	1.5%	1.5%	32.8%	69.7%	36.6%	38.0%
Choctaw	5.1%	3.7%	51.1%	69.2%	53.3%	63.5%
Clarke	5.0%	6.9%	28.2%	67.3%	30.6%	52.7%
Clay	6.4%	7.9%	30.8%	61.3%	31.7%	36.6%
Cleburne	0.0%	6.7%	32.1%	59.4%	54.4%	34.3%
Coffee	8.4%	7.5%	21.5%	59.4%	52.2%	32.5%
Colbert	5.2%	5.5%	26.1%	61.2%	43.0%	34.2%
Conecuh	11.6%	23.0%	44.7%	66.9%	58.6%	61.7%
Coosa	5.5%	11.6%	44.7%	62.1%	58.3%	53.6%
Covington	6.0%	8.2%	33.1%	72.3%	58.1%	40.6%
Crenshaw	20.9%	15.3%	33.8%	70.3%	69.2%	46.7%
Cullman	4.1%	6.8%	25.9%	46.6%	27.9%	26.6%
Dale	5.3%	9.2%	34.4%	71.1%	47.7%	45.4%
Dallas	12.9%	12.8%	52.8%	77.8%	71.1%	75.1%
De Kalb	5.2%	5.5%	37.4%	51.1%	52.4%	41.6%
Elmore	2.1%	4.5%	22.7%	55.0%	45.1%	32.7%
Escambia	14.5%	12.2%	36.3%	72.5%	30.7%	49.9%
Etowah	1.2%	0.2%	26.6%	57.3%	37.7%	33.5%
Fayette	14.6%	3.9%	33.3%	68.4%	45.6%	39.6%
Franklin	5.8%	6.2%	30.7%	62.0%	36.3%	33.6%
Geneva	2.3%	0.1%	34.4%	67.8%	64.2%	41.4%
Greene	28.0%	22.6%	100.0%	72.7%	87.5%	72.5%
Hale	5.0%	8.3%	23.3%	67.8%	23.1%	54.4%
Henry	13.3%	5.8%	26.3%	69.5%	39.8%	39.3%
Houston	3.0%	8.2%	28.1%	68.9%	42.6%	45.7%
Jackson	6.8%	6.0%	32.7%	58.2%	35.5%	32.9%
Jefferson	3.6%	5.5%	10.3%	60.5%	31.4%	36.9%
Lamar	4.2%	8.5%	35.0%	66.5%	50.0%	39.1%
Lauderdale	6.2%	8.0%	25.0%	64.6%	35.0%	31.1%
Lawrence	3.0%	2.5%	40.0%	63.1%	44.9%	41.2%
Lee	2.9%	4.9%	16.9%	56.5%	26.6%	29.0%
Limestone	4.1%	7.5%	23.0%	47.4%	36.9%	28.7%
Lowndes	4.9%	12.1%	64.0%	72.8%	28.6%	72.3%
Macon	17.2%	10.2%	21.7%	67.8%	52.2%	65.5%
Madison	4.1%	6.6%	12.4%	48.0%	36.4%	25.3%
Marengo	4.8%	9.5%	18.7%	66.6%	17.0%	47.0%
Marion	10.7%	6.5%	33.0%	71.4%	48.4%	35.7%
Marshall	1.7%	1.4%	30.4%	59.7%	46.7%	36.6%
Mobile	5.9%	11.4%	34.8%	70.5%	49.6%	52.9%
Monroe	9.3%	20.2%	27.4%	64.9%	45.7%	46.8%
Montgomery	12.3%	6.8%	17.3%	65.9%	54.8%	56.9%
Morgan	2.7%	6.0%	24.4%	60.2%	35.2%	32.2%
Perry	16.4%	24.0%	33.3%	78.7%	0.0%	78.4%
Pickens	8.0%	7.7%	22.4%	66.6%	30.7%	48.7%
Pike	10.5%	13.7%	30.5%	71.4%	61.9%	54.5%
Randolph	10.3%	9.8%	39.0%	69.0%	62.0%	47.9%
Russell	5.1%	5.6%	30.9%	51.0%	35.6%	41.8%
St. Clair	7.4%	9.0%	27.1%	47.2%	38.3%	30.0%
Shelby	2.1%	3.5%	11.0%	34.7%	23.4%	17.1%
Sumter	30.9%	38.5%	17.3%	70.2%	66.7%	63.0%
Talladega	6.3%	10.3%	30.2%	61.0%	45.0%	43.2%
Tallapoosa	9.1%	4.8%	30.7%	68.8%	46.3%	44.4%
Tuscaloosa	6.7%	6.9%	16.4%	55.5%	22.4%	33.7%
Walker	13.1%	5.4%	34.4%	64.9%	30.3%	36.8%
Washington	10.9%	0.0%	26.8%	57.4%	36.4%	39.5%
Wilcox	9.8%	14.1%	42.9%	80.6%	100.0%	80.1%
Winston	7.2%	10.1%	30.1%	51.9%	35.9%	30.7%
ALABAMA	5.2%	6.6%	23.9%	62.2%	38.0%	37.7%



Education Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

AGE 0-3 RECEIVING EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES

Number of children aged 0-3 receiving services through the Alabama Early Intervention System. This includes both children with developmental delays and children with diagnoses that increase the risk for developmental delays (e.g., cerebral palsy, spinal bifida, etc.). Data are reported for the fiscal year.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services, which is the lead agency for Alabama's Early Intervention System.

ALABAMA COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (ACAP) SUMMATIVE MATH AND READING SCORES

The percent of total public school students enrolled in grades 4 and 8 scoring at the "proficient level" (i.e., Levels 3 and 4 combined) on the ACT ACAP Summative test in mathematics and reading. Level 3 and 4 scores are defined as those which meet or exceed benchmark scores for the specified subject and grade level. Students who exceed benchmark scores are considered on target for college readiness by the time they reach the 11th grade.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

AVERAGE 11TH GRADE ACT SCORES

The average test scores on the English, mathematics, reading, and science components of the ACT and the composite scores for all four components for public school students enrolled in the 11th grade in 2019-2020. Scores can range from 1 (lowest) to 36 (highest) on each of these components and for the composite. The ACT is now administered to all 11th graders at no cost to the students.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

BIRTHS TO FEMALES WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION

The number of live births to females with less than 12 years of schooling, expressed as a percentage of all live births.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Public Health, Center for Health Statistics.

CHILD CARE FACILITIES

The number of licensed or exempt facilities located within a county as of April 2021. "Licensed facilities" are those that are licensed by the Alabama Department of Human Resources (DHR). This indicator encompasses family care homes (serving six children or less), group child care homes (serving 7-12 children) and licensed child care centers (serving more than

12 children). "Exempt child care centers" are faith-based programs/schools that have submitted required documents to DHR and have received a letter of exemption.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Human Resources, Child Care Services Division.

CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN FIRST CLASS PRE-K

The number of children (four years of age) participating in First Class Pre-K divided by the estimated number of all children of that age. First Class Pre-K classrooms are funded through Alabama's First Class Pre-K program, which uses a diverse delivery grant structure to create high-quality Pre-K classrooms in both public schools and private programs (such as child care and faith-based centers). The program meets each of the ten quality standards measured annually by the National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER). First Class Pre-K providers coordinate with schools to facilitate children's successful transition into kindergarten. Each First Class Pre-K class typically serves 18 children.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Department of Early Childhood Education.

CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM

Students who miss ten or more school days in a given school year



Education Definitions & Sources

DEFINITIONS

for any reason – including excused or unexcused absences.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

COLLEGE AND CAREER READY INDEX

The number of enrolled students meeting at least at least one CCR benchmark expressed as a percentage of the number of enrolled students in the selected cohort. Data are reported for public schools only. Students are considered College and Career Ready by receiving any of the following benchmarks:

- A benchmark score on any section of the ACT exam
- A qualifying score on an Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate exam
- An approved college or postsecondary credit while in high school
- A benchmark level on the ACT WorkKeys
- An approved industrial credential
- Documented acceptance for enlistment into the military

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

DIRECT CERTIFICATION

Under direct certification, states and districts can use information provided by Supplemental

Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), and Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR) agencies to establish that a student is a member of a household participating in one of these programs and is thus automatically eligible to receive free meals. These children can therefore be certified to receive free meal benefits without the household having to submit an application. Certain foster care, migrant, runaway, and homeless children may also qualify in this way and become certified for free meals without submitting an application, based on documentation submitted to the district by an appropriate state or local agency. The eligibility of directly certified students is not subject to the verification process.

Source: United States Department of Agriculture, The National School Lunch Program Direct Certification Improvement Study: Main Report <https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/ops/NSLPDirectCertificationImprovement.pdf>

EARLY HEAD START AND HEAD START CLASSROOMS

The number of Early Head Start/Head Start classrooms in each county as of May 2021 for the 2020-2021 program year. Head Start grantees served a total of 12,711 children aged birth to five years in Early Head Start and Head Start classrooms.

Head Start and Early Head Start programs are federally funded programs, with no cost to families that are designed to promote family engagement as well as school readiness for children from low-income families. Early Head Start serves pregnant women and families with children under age 3. Head Start programs serve children between 3 and 5 years old. Program options available can include: center-based, home-based, migrant and seasonal, and family child care.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama Head Start Association and the Alabama Department of Early Childhood Education.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

The number of language-minority students enrolled in grades K-12 that are limited in English proficiency, expressed as a percentage of total enrollment. The determination of "English proficiency" is based on various assessment criteria and includes migrant children and youth.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

EXPULSION

This is an action authorized by the LEA whereby the student is usually removed from the school or system for an extended period of time. Only the local board of education may expel a student. In order to return to school, the student must follow the local board of education procedures. Expulsion does not

mean moving a student from a regular program in one school to a regular program in another school.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

FIRST GRADE RETENTION

The number of students enrolled in the first grade during the specified school years who were not promoted to the second grade. This number is expressed as a percentage of all students enrolled in the first grade. Data are reported for public schools only.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

GRADUATION RATE

The 2019-2020 graduation rate counts any student who graduated at any time during their four year cohort. The number is expressed as a percentage of all students in the cohort.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATE

The percent of students in the 2019-2020 cohort who left school any time during their four year cohort (grades 9-12) and did not immediately enroll in another school. Data are reported for public schools only.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

HOMELESS STUDENTS

The number of students enrolled in grades K-12 identified as homeless at any point during the 2019-2020 school year. This number is expressed as a percentage of total enrollment. Students are considered homeless if they lack a fixed, regular and adequate residence. This indicator includes students who live in emergency shelters, transitional housing shelters, motels, hotels, vehicles, etc. Unlike the definition of homeless used by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, this indicator also includes children whose families are "doubled up" (i.e., living with relatives, friends, etc.) because they cannot otherwise secure adequate housing.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

NINTH GRADE RETENTION

The number of students enrolled in the ninth grade during the specified school years who were not promoted to the tenth grade. This number is expressed as a percentage of the total number of students enrolled in the ninth grade. Data reported are for public schools only.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

LIST OF INDICATORS

- Age 0-3 Receiving Early Intervention Services
- ACAP Eighth Grade Math
- ACAP Eighth Grade Reading
- ACAP Fourth Grade Math
- ACAP Fourth Grade Reading
- Average 11th Grade ACT Scores
- Births to Females with Less Than 12 Years of Education
- Child Care Centers Capacity
- Child Care Facilities
- Children Participating in First Class Pre-K
- Chronic Absenteeism (10-17 Days)
- Chronic Absenteeism (18+Days)
- College and Career Ready Index
- Direct Certification
- Early Head Start and Head Start Classrooms
- English Language Learners
- Expulsions by Gender
- First Class Pre-K Classrooms by Type of Delivery
- First Grade Retention
- Graduation Rate
- High School Dropout Rate
- Homeless Students
- Ninth Grade Retention
- Per Pupil Expenditures
- Suspension by Gender
- Suspension by Race/Ethnicity
- Teachers Teaching Out of Field

PER PUPIL EXPENDITURES

Public school revenue from all sources (federal, state and local) divided by the average number of students enrolled per day for the years specified.

Note: All dollar amounts are adjusted for inflation to reflect 2020 dollars.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

SUSPENSIONS

Suspended/Out of School: This includes instances in which a student is temporarily removed from his/her regular school for disciplinary purposes to another setting (e.g., home). It does not include suspension for less than one complete day, alternative school program, and/or reassignment to another education program or class where the student will receive instruction under the supervision of the local education agency.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

Suspension - In-School: This disposition is used in instances in which a student is temporarily removed from his/her regular classroom(s) for disciplinary purposes but remains under the direct supervision of school personnel. Direct supervision means school personnel are

physically in the same location as students under their supervision.

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education.

TEACHERS TEACHING OUT OF FIELD

An out-of-field teacher is a teacher who (1) holds a valid Alabama certificate and is assigned during the school day to teach in an area(s) for which he/she is not properly certified, or (2) does not hold any valid Alabama certificate and is assigned during the school day to teach in an area(s).

Source: Special tabulations provided by the Alabama State Department of Education, Teacher Certificate Application.

* Complete state and county data profiles are available online at http://www.alavoces.org/alabama_kids_count

Please note: Population sub-groups are listed and referred to the way the agency or organization providing the data references the sub-groups. Though you will see varying nomenclature used, the way we refer to population sub-groups throughout the 2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book is intentional in order to be as accurate as possible in representing the data.

Complete state and county data profiles are available online at <http://www.alavoces.org/research/alabama-kids-count/>.

Additional data visualization, interactive charts and maps available online at <https://www.alavoces.org/kids-count-geo/>.

Visit the national KIDS COUNT data center for access to hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and good policies for children and families at datacenter.kidscount.org.

CHART NOTES

* Adjusted for Inflation

*** Poverty based on Direct Certification.

**** Graduation rate is calculated by only 1 subgroup at a time, and poverty is determined by a flag that is set in the calculated graduation data.

***** Calculated by cohort only 1 subgroup at a time, and poverty is determined by a flag that is set in the calculated graduation data.



Cautionary Notes & Methodology

CAUTIONARY NOTES

All data are reported by county of residence except for the juvenile violent crime court petition rate¹ and children receiving child-care subsidies.²

SAMPLING AND SMALL POPULATIONS

Rates derived from small sample populations and/or from populations with few minority residents should be considered with caution because the margins of error can be quite high due to small sample sizes.

For instance:

- Several county-based rates and percentages reported for birth-related health indicators disaggregated by race³ were computed using a base of less than 50 births.

- In several Alabama counties, a population base of fewer than 1,000 people was used to compute birth rates for females aged 15-17 and 10-19 (including the rates that are disaggregated by race).⁴
- The population base used to compute rates of preventable teen deaths for several Alabama counties was less than 1,000.
- The *Data Book* disaggregates persons below the poverty level and children below the poverty level, as defined by the Census Bureau, by sample populations for race and ethnicity.

Additionally, rates and percentages based on small numbers are inherently not reliable.

ACCURACY

The information in this book is based on data reported to *Alabama Kids Count* by various Alabama agencies. These agencies sometimes depend, in turn, on other data collection entities. We make every effort to reproduce this information accurately, but we cannot guarantee the accuracy of the data supplied to us. Reporting and tabulation errors beyond our control may affect the validity of some of these data.

¹ Court petition rates for juvenile violent crime are tabulated according to the county where the petition was filed.

² Children receiving child-care subsidies are tabulated according to the county where the services are received.

³ Including rates for infant mortality, low-weight births, births to unmarried teens and pre-term births.

⁴ Contact VOICES for Alabama's Children for a list of counties where teen birth rates are based on small populations.

METHODOLOGY

Overall county rankings are based on a scale containing nine indicators of child well-being: low-weight births, births to teens aged 15-17, children in poverty, fourth grade students scoring at Levels 3 and 4 in reading on the ACT ACAP Summative test, children participating in first class Pre-K, teens not attending school and not working, child food insecurity, Medicaid paid births and the unemployment rate.

These nine indicators were selected based on their high degree of interrelationship and other factors. Based on data reported

in the *2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book*, these nine are considered to be among the strongest indicators available for measuring child well-being.

The individual indicators were standardized in order to produce a common "metric" or "basis for measurement" across all nine items. For each variable, individual scores for each county were then summed in order to produce an overall scale score. The counties were subsequently ranked from "1" (best performance) to "67" (worst performance) based on their total scale

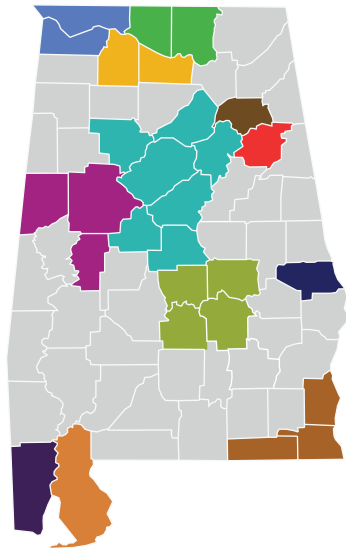
score. Because all measures were given the same weight in calculating the overall score, no judgment was made regarding the relative importance of each of the individual indicators.

The indicators included in the overall ranking scale may vary somewhat from one year to the next. Therefore, caution should be exercised in comparing the composite county rankings presented in the current *Data Book* with those reported earlier.

MSA DATA

Alabama's Population Centers


There are twelve Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) in the state of Alabama. Data by MSA can help lawmakers identify areas of need near population centers.




A CLOSER LOOK AT MSAs IN ALABAMA

The United States Office of Management and Budget defines a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) as a region that contains a substantial population center with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that center. Each MSA must have at least one urbanized area of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

Looking at data organized by MSA can help local leaders and state agencies identify areas of concern and prioritize areas of need. It must be noted, however, that the data in this section is for counties only. County level data cannot be totaled for MSAs.

	Child Population (Under 20)	Children as a % of County Population	Infant Mortality Rate, All Races	High School Dropout Rate	Child Death Rate	Preventable Teen Death Rate	Children in Poverty
	2020	2020	2019	2019-2020	2019	2019	2015-2019
	NUMBER	PERCENT	RATE	PERCENT	RATE	RATE	PERCENT
Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville							Population: 113,469
Calhoun	27,539	24.3%	6.5	3.9%	49.7	26.9	25.6%
Auburn-Opelika							Population: 166,831
Lee	42,427	25.4%	4.2	4.6%	34.4	45.2	18.8%
Birmingham-Hoover							Population: 1,155,064
Bibb	4,844	21.9%	20.3	8.2%	0.0	156.4	29.5%
Blount	14,439	24.9%	1.6	2.1%	9.1	83.6	18.4%
Chilton	11,501	25.9%	5.1	8.4%	45.8	35.2	22.7%
Jefferson	164,916	25.2%	10.0	3.7%	35.8	76.1	22.8%
St. Clair	21,985	24.2%	4.9	4.1%	41.7	0.0	14.7%
Shelby	55,930	25.3%	4.1	1.8%	7.3	13.7	8.9%
Walker	15,234	24.1%	8.8	6.8%	42.8	0.0	25.0%
ALABAMA	1,211,661	24.6%	7.7	4.6%	26.5	59.3	23.9%

	Child Population (Under 20)	Children as a % of County Population	Infant Mortality Rate, All Races	High School Dropout Rate	Child Death Rate	Preventable Teen Death Rate	Children in Poverty
	2020	2020	2019	2019-2020	2019	2019	2015-2019
	NUMBER	PERCENT	RATE	PERCENT	RATE	RATE	PERCENT
Daphne-Fairhope-Foley Population: 229,287							
Baldwin	53,207	23.2%	5.2	6.3%	20.4	68.8	13.4%
Decatur Population: 152,740							
Lawrence	7,729	23.5%	0.0	4.3%	34.1	52.4	24.4%
Morgan	29,955	25.0%	6.3	3.3%	48.7	40.9	20.7%
Dothan Population: 150,214							
Geneva	6,271	23.7%	14.8	2.1%	42.4	247.2	32.8%
Henry	3,851	22.4%	16.8	1.1%	0.0	200.6	19.4%
Houston	26,590	24.9%	7.5	4.3%	25.0	15.1	27.5%
Florence-Muscle Shoals Population: 148,779							
Colbert	12,665	22.9%	4.8	4.1%	31.1	131.9	21.1%
Lauderdale	21,069	22.6%	5.2	2.2%	13.5	32.9	18.0%
Gadsden Population: 102,371							
Etowah	24,101	23.5%	5.7	2.0%	50.1	65.3	28.9%
Huntsville Population: 481,681							
Limestone	24,675	24.1%	7.1	7.5%	33.2	32.2	20.2%
Madison	91,647	24.2%	7.0	3.0%	17.9	41.4	18.0%
Montgomery Population: 372,583							
Autauga	14,276	25.4%	4.5	6.2%	9.4	109.3	23.2%
Elmore	19,878	24.2%	11.6	6.3%	26.7	20.0	15.2%
Lowndes	2,323	24.1%	13.9	5.4%	55.1	0.0	38.7%
Montgomery	58,630	26.1%	10.1	9.1%	13.5	53.6	30.6%
Mobile Population: 412,716							
Mobile	105,590	25.6%	6.9	5.4%	26.2	34.3	28.6%
Tuscaloosa Population: 245,221							
Hale	3,701	25.2%	20.7	4.8%	70.3	0.0	36.9%
Pickens	4,256	21.5%	10.7	0.5%	31.8	0.0	38.5%
Tuscaloosa	54,207	25.7%	11.0	7.3%	29.9	29.4	21.2%
ALABAMA	1,211,661	24.6%	7.7	4.6%	26.5	59.3	23.9%

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SPECIAL ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

VOICES for Alabama's Children
gratefully acknowledges the following
for their assistance in compilation of information
for the *2021 Alabama Kids Count Data Book*.

Alabama Administrative Office of Courts
Dr. Rich Hobson, Executive Director
Administrative Director of Courts

Alabama Department of Early Childhood Education
Secretary Barbara Cooper

Alabama State Department of Education
Dr. Eric Mackey, State Superintendent of Education

Alabama Department of Human Resources
Commissioner Nancy Buckner

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